PURPOSE

A major navigational channel deepening and improvement project has been completed in the Port of New York and New Jersey. The controlling depth of the major navigation channels has been increased to 50 feet at MLL water. Additionally, the Bayonne Bridge is being raised to allow safe passage of the higher ultra-large container vessel (ULCV). The bridge project is expected to be completed in 2017. Major stakeholders in the port felt it was vital to conduct a full-mission ship simulation study to identify the best practices for the safe and efficient handling of ULCV transits to the major container terminals in the port. The simulations were conducted at the Maritime Institute of Technology and Graduate Studies (MITAGS) in Linthicum Heights, Maryland, in two phases during the second half of 2016:

Phase I:
- Evaluated 14,000 TEU MSC Kalina Class vessel (maximum LOA 366m X beam 51m).

Phase II:
- Evaluated the 18,000 TEU Maersk Triple E Class vessel (maximum LOA 399m X beam 59m).

GENERAL FINDINGS

- Two pilots required at all times: a Sandy Hook pilot and docking pilot.
- Minimum visibility of 1.5 miles required at Bergen Point.
- Maximum sustained wind of 20 knots. May be adjusted over time with more experience.
- Transit within one hour either side of Slack Water at Bergen Point.
- Speed limited to 5 knots or less when passing vessels alongside terminals in the Elizabeth Channel and Port Jersey Channel.
- No bunker barges alongside vessels in Elizabeth and Port Jersey channels when other ULCVs are transiting.
- No meeting/passing in Kill Van Kull except for agreed upon situations with vessels under 500 feet.
**TUGBOAT REQUIREMENTS**

- Inbound: two (2) tractor tugs meet at the Narrows
- Inbound Port Jersey: three (3) to four (4) tugs as necessary
- Inbound Kill Van Kull: three (3) to four (4) tugs as necessary
- Inbound/outbound Elizabeth Channel: four (4) tugs (2 tractor, 2 conventional)

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**ELIZABETH CHANNEL AND PORT JERSEY CHANNEL**

**Elizabeth Channel:** When (un)docking, it is difficult to navigate between two (2) 18,000 TEU class vessels docked directly across the channel from each other. Also, it is preferred to have cranes boomed up for passage.

**Port Jersey Channel:** When (un)docking, only one (1) moored vessel can be at the entrance to channel at a time (Public Berth or Cape Liberty Cruise Terminal). Also, surge may impact passenger and stores operations.

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**ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- Before getting underway from Ambrose, must have confirmation that the transit inbound and designated berth is clear.
- On time movement is essential. Delays on outbound ULCVs will be problematic.
- All cranes must be positioned amidships and bunched or moved completely out of the way and not moving into position as ship is approaching or departing the designated berth.
- Coordination among all inbound and outbound ships, the terminals they are calling and other ships scheduled to transit is critical.
- Continuous and quality communications are necessary.
- ULCVs cause significant surging effect to moored vessels. Lead lines and bollard strength must be sufficient for safe passage of ULCVs.

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**NOTE:** The parameters for vessels less than 10,000 TEU has not changed. As pilots gain more experience in handling ULCVs, some of these parameters may be adjusted.

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**SIMULATIONS CONDUCTED IN COOPERATION WITH AND SUPPORT OF**

- New York Shipping Association, Inc.
- Sandy Hook Pilots Association
- Metro Pilots

4 World Trade Center  150 Greenwich Street  17th Floor  New York, NY 10007  www.portnj.com