THE PORT AUTHORITY OF NY & NJ

Financial Statements and Appended Notes for the Year ended December 31, 2014



THE PORT AUTHORITY OF NEW YORK & NEW JERSEY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND APPENDED NOTES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

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KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, NY 10154-0102

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Commissioners The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey:

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of net position of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey (the "Port Authority") as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related consolidated statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net position of the Port Authority as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its net position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules of Funding Progress, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the consolidated financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the consolidated financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the consolidated financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the consolidated financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the consolidated financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Port Authority's consolidated financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules D-1, D-2, E and F, as listed in the table of contents, related to the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information included in Schedules D-1, D-2, E and F related to the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the 2014 and 2013 consolidated financial statements, respectively, as a whole.



We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the consolidated financial statements of the Port Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2013, which contained an unmodified opinion on the consolidated financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules D-1 and D-2, as listed in the table of contents, for the year ended December 31, 2012 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2012 consolidated financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2012 consolidated financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those consolidated financial statements or to those consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information included in Schedules D-1 and D-2 related to the year ended December 31, 2012 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the 2012 consolidated financial statements as a whole.

The Port Authority's consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2005 through 2011 (not presented herein) were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon expressed unmodified opinions on those respective consolidated financial statements. The reports of the other auditors on these consolidated financial statements stated that the supplementary information included in Schedules D-1 and D-2 for fiscal years 2005 through 2011, was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the respective consolidated financial statements and, in their opinion, was fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the respective consolidated financial statements.

Schedules D-3 and G, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Report on Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with Port Authority Bond Resolutions

We have audited the accompanying Schedules A, B and C of the Port Authority, which comprise financial statements that present the assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2014, and the revenues and reserves for the year then ended, prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Port Authority's bond resolutions.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Port Authority's bond resolutions; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets and liabilities of the Port Authority as of December 31, 2014, and its revenues and reserves for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of the Port Authority's bond resolutions.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Schedules A, B and C prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Port Authority's bond resolutions as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on them in our report dated March 6, 2014. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented on Schedules A, B, and C herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited Schedules A, B and C as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013 from which it has been derived.

Emphasis of Matter

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note A.4 of the consolidated financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting used in Schedules A, B and C. Schedules A, B and C are prepared by the Port Authority based on the requirements present in its bond resolutions, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.



Restriction on Use

Our report on Schedules A, B, and C is intended solely for the information and use of the Port Authority and those who are a party to the Port Authority's bond resolutions, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

New York, New York March 13, 2015

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

Introduction

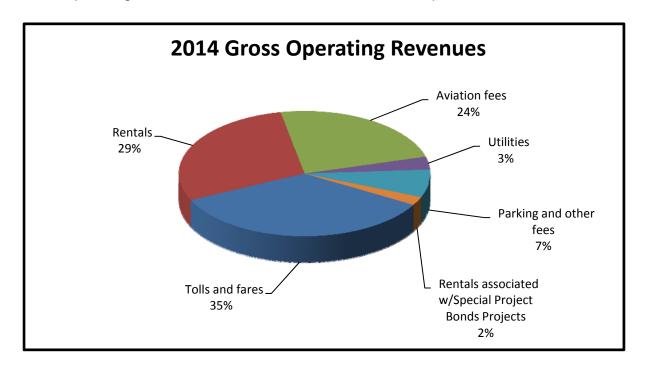
The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance and activity of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey (The Port Authority) and its component units described herein (See *Note A.1.d – Nature of the Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*) is intended to provide an introduction to and understanding of the consolidated financial statements of the Port Authority for the year ended December 31, 2014, with selected comparative information for the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. This section has been prepared by management of the Port Authority and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and appended note disclosures that follow this section.

2014 Financial Results

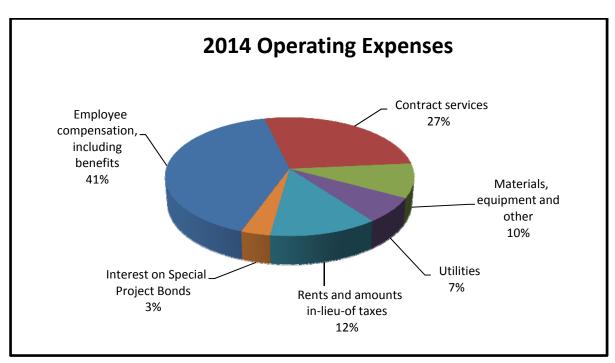
The Port Authority's net position increased \$1.05 billion in 2014, comprised of \$615.4 million in income from operations and \$430.8 million in income from non-operating activities.

Description		2014
	(In thousands)
Gross operating revenues	\$	4,481,812
Operating expenses		(2,923,254)
Depreciation and amortization		(996,633)
Net revenue related to Superstorm Sandy		53,530
Income from operations		615,455
Non-operating expenses, net		(502,681)
Capital contributions and Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs)		933,439
Income from non-operating activities		430,758
Increase in net position	\$	1,046,213

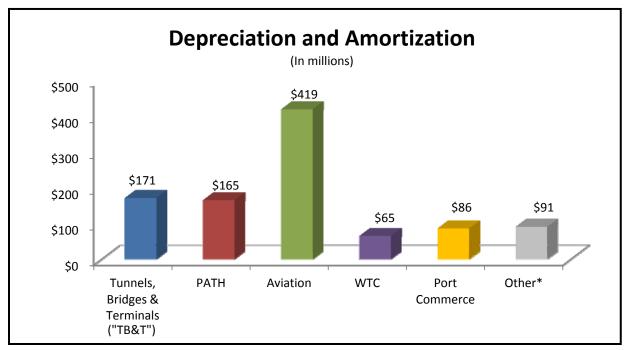
Gross operating revenues totaled \$4.5 billion in 2014, comprised of :



Operating expenses totaled \$2.9 billion in 2014, comprised of :

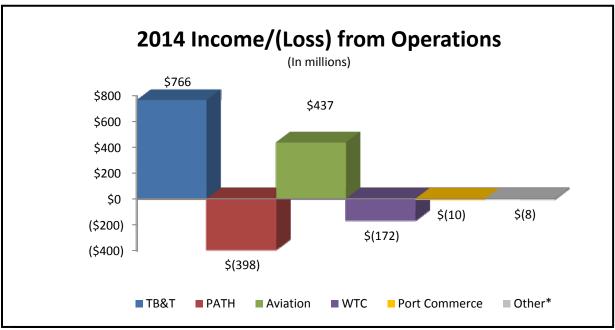


Depreciation and amortization totaled \$997 million in 2014, comprised of :



^{*}Other includes Regional, Development, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation Facilities.

Income (Loss) from Operations totaled \$615 million in 2014, comprised of:



^{*}Other includes Regional, Development, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation Facilities; and Net revenues related to Superstorm Sandy.

Income from non-operating activities totaled \$431 million in 2014, comprised of:

	(In millions)
Contributions in aid of construction, PFCs and pass-through amounts	\$826
Grants in connection with operating activities	208
Interest income, including increases in fair value of investments	38
Net gain on disposition of assets	19
Interest expense in connection with bonds and other asset financing	(666)
4 World Trade Center (WTC) associated payments	6
Income from non-operating activities	\$431

Other Activities

- Foll schedules for the Port Authority's six (6) vehicular crossings were revised effective September 18, 2011. The toll for automobiles paying with cash increased from \$13.00 to \$14.00 in December 2014, with a further increase of \$1.00 scheduled in December 2015; the cash toll for truck classes 2-6 increased from \$17.00 per axle to \$19.00 per axle in December 2014, with a further increase of \$2.00 per axle scheduled in December 2015; the cash toll for buses carrying 10 or more people increased from \$22.00 to \$23.00 in December 2014, with a further increase of \$1.00 scheduled in December 2015. Discounts are available for vehicles using the E-ZPass electronic toll collection system and certain designated user programs.
- ➤ The PATH base fare schedule was revised effective September 18, 2011. The PATH base fare for a single trip increased from \$2.50 per trip to \$2.75 per trip on October 1, 2014. The cost of the multi-trip tickets and SmartLink passes increased on October 1, 2014 in a consistent manner with the base fare increase.
- ➤ On March 18, 2014, the Port Authority transferred its remaining interests in the World Trade Center Retail Joint Venture to Westfield America, Inc. (Westfield). As a result of the establishment of, and transfer of its interests in the joint venture to Westfield, the Port Authority presently expects, subject to the completion of construction of the premises covered by the retail net lease, to receive payments totaling up to approximately \$1.4 billion from Westfield. The Port Authority will continue to be the landlord of the retail components of the World Trade Center site under the existing net lease which provides for nominal annual rentals. (See Note K − Information with Respect to the Redevelopment of the World Trade Center Site).
- ➤ On November 14, 2014, the Port Authority entered into a structured sale agreement with a third party for the sale of the Newark Legal and Communications Center Urban Renewal Corporation (NLCCURC) for \$42 million.
- On December 10, 2014, the Board of Commissioners approved a combined operating & capital budget for 2015. To obtain a copy of the 2015 budget, please refer to the following link:

http://www.panyni.gov/corporate-information/pdf/2015 Final Budget Book 010715.pdf.

Financial Statement Comparison for the Years Ended December 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012

Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Port Authority's consolidated financial statements, including the notes to the consolidated financial statements, required supplementary information, financial schedules pursuant to Port Authority bond resolutions, and statistical and other supplemental information. The consolidated financial statements comprise the following: the Consolidated Statements of Net Position, the Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statements of Net Position

The Consolidated Statements of Net Position present the financial position of the Port Authority at the end of the fiscal year and include all of its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources as applicable. Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. A summarized comparison of the Port Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position follows:

	2014	2013	2012
	((In thousands)	
ASSETS			
Current assets	\$2,845,980	\$3,497,235	\$4,691,874
Noncurrent assets:			
Facilities, net	30,773,475	27,645,980	25,525,926
Other noncurrent assets	7,974,599	7,219,567	6,910,884
Total assets	41,594,054	38,362,782	37,128,684
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Loss on debt refundings	108,447	108,657	94,636
Total deferred outflows of resources	108,447	108,657	94,636
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities	3,036,635	3,089,787	2,788,155
Noncurrent liabilities:	-,,	-,,	,,
Bonds and other asset financing obligations	19,920,820	18,253,600	18,139,807
Other noncurrent liabilities	3,963,585	3,391,120	3,590,377
Total liabilities	26,921,040	24,734,507	24,518,339
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Gain on debt refundings	6,921	8,605	4,498
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,921	8,605	4,498
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	10,402,894	9,442,138	9,273,213
Restricted	470,857	454,467	392,389
Unrestricted	3,900,789	3,831,722	3,034,881
Total net position	\$14,774,540	\$13,728,327	\$12,700,483

Port Authority assets totaled \$41.6 billion at December 31, 2014, an increase of \$3.2 billion from December 31, 2013. This increase was primarily due to:

- Facilities, net, including contributed capital amounts increased \$3.1 billion resulting from the continued capital investment in Port Authority facilities (see Schedule F Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities for additional information on capital investment by business segment).
- ➤ Cash balances, including restricted amounts decreased \$555 million during 2014 primarily due to the reallocation of cash to U.S. Treasury notes and a \$1.9 billion draw down of cash used for capital and financing activities. Offsetting these amounts was a \$2.1 billion increase in cash flows from operations (for additional information see Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows).
- ➤ Current and noncurrent investments increased \$792 million primarily due to the increases related to the purchases of U.S. Treasury Notes.

Port Authority liabilities totaled \$26.9 billion at December 31, 2014, an increase of \$2.2 billion from December 31, 2013. This increase was primarily due to:

- ➤ Bonds and other asset financing obligations, including discounts and premiums related to bond issuances increased \$1.4 billion primarily due to the issuance of consolidated bonds in connection with the Port Authority's capital plan.
- Accounts payable increased \$259 million primarily due to the increase in construction accruals relating to capital projects at the Lincoln Tunnel, George Washington Bridge and 4 World Trade Center for the construction of Port Authority office space.
- Other liabilities increased \$645 million primarily due to unearned income related to the Port Authority's transfer of its remaining interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture.
- Accrued pension and other noncurrent employee benefits decreased \$89 million primarily due to advanced fundings made to The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey Retiree Health Benefits Trust.

Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall fiscal condition of an organization has improved or worsened during the year. Following is a summary of the Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position:

	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	
Gross operating revenues	\$4,481,812	\$4,184,039	\$4,050,016
Operating expenses	(2,923,254)	(2,596,268)	(2,589,447)
Depreciation and amortization	(996,633)	(940,254)	(961,958)
Net revenue/(expense) related to			
Superstorm Sandy	53,530	28,229	(30,000)
Income from operations	615,455	675,746	468,611
Non-operating expenses, net	(502,681)	(562,101)	(557,648)
Capital contributions and PFCs	933,439	914,199	1,223,580
Increase in net position	\$1,046,213	\$1,027,844	\$1,134,543

Additional information on facility operating results can be found in Schedule E - *Information on Port Authority Operations* located in the Statistical and Other Supplemental Information section of this report.

Operating Revenues

A summary of gross operating revenues follows:

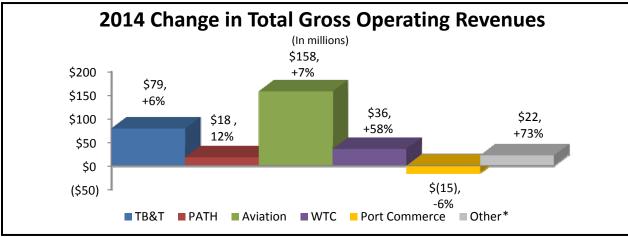
	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	_
Gross operating revenues:			
Tolls and fares	\$1,553,625	\$1,462,957	\$1,337,372
Rentals	1,300,818	1,228,491	1,208,730
Aviation fees	1,058,416	934,459	904,666
Parking and other	321,760	315,111	338,178
Utilities	149,052	139,835	152,945
Rentals - Special Project Bonds Projects	98,141	103,186	108,125
Total	\$4,481,812	\$4,184,039	\$4,050,016

2014 vs. 2013

Gross operating revenues of \$4.5 billion increased \$298 million or 7% from 2013. Tunnel and Bridge revenues generated at the Port Authority's six (6) vehicular crossings increased \$74 million in 2014 due to increases in tolling rates that became effective in December 2013 and December 2014, respectively. Partially offsetting these toll rate increases was an overall decline in vehicular traffic of 1.4%. Aviation revenues increased \$158 million in 2014 primarily due to an increase in Aviation Fees which are

formulaically calculated based on capital investment and operating and maintenance expenses incurred by the Port Authority at certain aviation facilities. WTC revenues increased \$36 million primarily due to rental income related to occupied office space in One WTC.

The following chart depicts the 2014 overall change in total gross operating revenues by business segment:

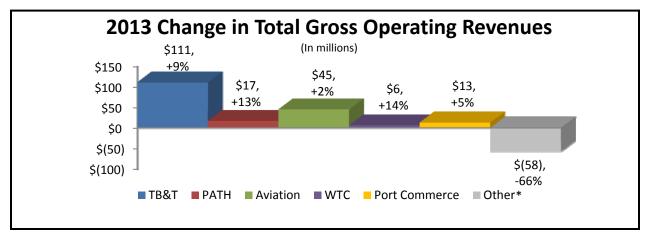


^{*}Other includes Regional, Development and Ferry Transportation Facilities.

2013 vs. 2012

Gross operating revenues totaled \$4.2 billion for the year ended December 31, 2013, a \$134 million or 3% increase from 2012. This overall increase in operating revenues was due to a \$109 million increase in toll revenues generated at the Port Authority's six (6) vehicular crossings resulting from the scheduled increases in tolling rates that became effective in December 2012 and December 2013. This increase in tolling rates was partially offset by a 0.5% decrease in vehicular activity.

The following chart depicts the 2013 overall change in total gross operating revenues by business segment:



^{*}Other includes Regional, Development and Ferry Transportation Facilities.

Operating Expenses

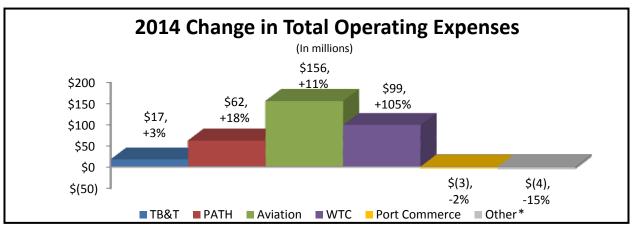
A summary of operating expenses follows:

	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	_
Operating expenses:			
Employee compensation, including benefits	\$1,187,877	\$1,114,397	\$1,038,243
Contract services	797,516	684,411	749,106
Rents and amounts in-lieu-of taxes	362,627	301,582	304,020
Materials, equipment and other	277,174	220,859	215,937
Utilities	199,919	171,833	174,016
Interest on Special Project Bonds	98,141	103,186	108,125
Total	\$2,923,254	\$2,596,268	\$2,589,447

2014 vs. 2013

Operating expenses totaled \$2.9 billion in 2014, a \$327 million or 12.6% increase from 2013. This overall increase in operating expenses was primarily related to a \$37 million increase in snow and ice removal operations at Port Authority facilities due to inclement weather conditions in the first quarter of 2014, a \$55 million increase in aircraft rescue and fire fighting (ARFF) activities related to the creation of dedicated ARFF cadres at certain aviation facilities, a \$99 million increase in expenses associated with transitioning certain components of the World Trade Center site to a fully operational status, a \$20 million increase relating to self insured public liability and workers compensation loss reserves, a \$39 million increase in PATH operating costs related to Super Bowl and Pulaski Skyway regional support activities and a \$31 million increase from accelerated rental expense related to vacated temporary corporate offices. Offsetting these increases was a \$35 million decrease in public safety expenditures.

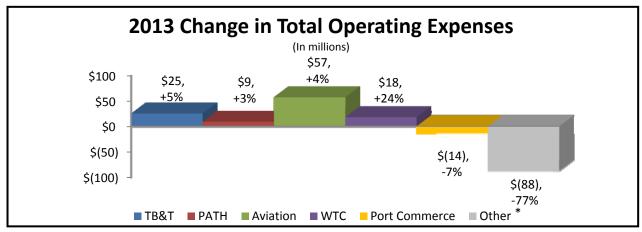
The following chart depicts the 2014 overall change in total operating expenses by business segment:



^{*}Other includes Regional, Development, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation Facilities.

2013 vs. 2012

Operating expenses totaling \$2.6 billion, excluding costs related to Superstorm Sandy, remained relatively flat when compared to 2012. The \$7 million increase in operating expenses was primarily due to employee compensation increasing \$76 million due to increases in policing activities, operation and maintenance activities, including snow & ice removal operations and Other Postemployment Employee Benefits (OPEB). Offsetting these increases was a \$65 million decrease in contract services costs resulting from lower contractor payments due the private full service vendor operating the Essex County Resource Recovery Facility (ECRR) and the 2012 completion of the Port Authority financial commitments to Brooklyn Bridge Park Development Corporation.



*Other includes Regional, Development, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation Facilities.

Depreciation and Amortization

A summary of depreciation and amortization follows:

	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	_
Depreciation and amortization:			
Depreciation of facilities	\$932,149	\$875,979	\$884,239
Amortization of costs for regional programs	64,484	64,275	77,719
Total	\$996,633	\$940,254	\$961,958

2014 vs. 2013

Depreciation and amortization increased \$56 million primarily due to the impact of transferring \$6.9 billion of capital investment to complete construction in 2014 that was primarily related to certain elements of the World Trade Center becoming ready for their intended use. These capital investments are now being depreciated over their estimated useful life on a straight line basis.

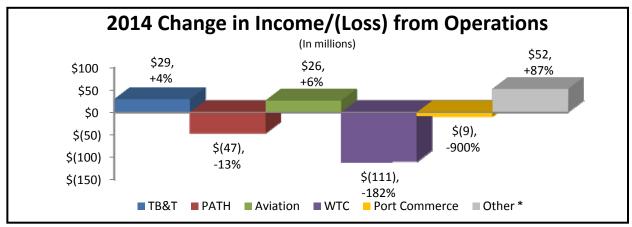
2013 vs. 2012

Depreciation and amortization decreased \$22 million primarily due to decreases in amortization associated with the reclassification of certain regional programs and year-to-year decreases associated with fully depreciated capital assets at the WTC, Outerbridge Crossing and George Washington Bridge.

Income from Operations

2014 vs. 2013

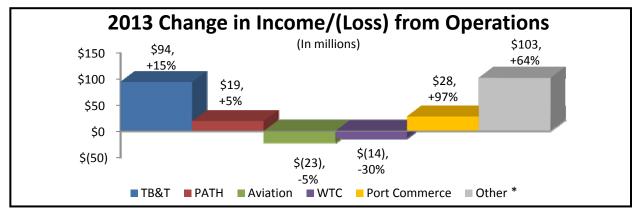
Income from operations of \$615 million declined \$60 million in 2014 primarily due to increases in depreciation and operating expenses relating to the transition of certain components of the WTC site to an operational status.



^{*}Other includes Regional, Development, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation Facilities; and Net revenues related to Superstorm Sandy.

2013 vs. 2012





^{*}Other includes Regional, Development, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation Facilities; and Net revenues related to Superstorm Sandy.

Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

A summary of Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses follows:

	20)14		2013		2012
			(In th	ousands)		
Non-operating revenues and (expenses):						
Interest income	\$ 4 ⁻	1,050	\$	35,036	\$	37,510
Net (decrease)/increase in fair value of investments	(2	2,950)		(26,428)		2,151
Interest expense in connection with						
bonds and other asset financing	(66	6,244)	(6	623,353)	(658,313)
Net gain/(loss) on disposition of assets	1	9,043		4,423		(4)
Pass-through grant program payments	(10	7,606)	(176,848)		(56,446)
4 WTC associated payments		6,128		36,660		65,293
Grants	20	7,898		188,409		52,161
Non-operating expenses, net	\$(50	2,681)	\$(562,101)	\$(557,648)

2014 vs. 2013

- Financial income, including interest income and changes to the fair value of investments increased \$29.4 million in 2014 primarily due to a \$23.4 million year-to-year increase in market valuation adjustments associated with the fluctuation of interest rates and their impact on the Port Authority's \$5.2 billion investment portfolio, which is primarily comprised of U.S. Treasury Notes.
- ➤ Interest expense in connection with bonds and other asset financings increased \$43 million in 2014 primarily due to lower capitalized interest related to ongoing construction projects.
- Gains and losses related to the disposition of assets increased \$14.6 million due to the structured sale agreement of the Newark Legal Communications Center (NLCC).
- ➤ Grants in connection with operating activities increased \$19 million in 2014 primarily due to a \$66 million increase in Department of Homeland Security (DHS) funding for port security related projects. Offsetting these amounts was a decrease in grants relating to Superstorm Sandy immediate repairs.
- Pass-through grant program payments to sub-grantees decreased \$69 million in 2014 primarily due to decreased funding associated with baggage screening projects at aviation facilities and port security related projects sponsored by the Port Authority.

Pass-through grant program payments are offset in their entirety by either Contributions in aid of construction or Grants.

2013 vs. 2012

- Financial income, including interest income and changes to the fair value of investments decreased \$31 million in 2013 primarily due to a \$13.4 million year-to-year decrease in market valuation adjustments associated with the 2012 termination of three remaining Interest Rate Exchange Contracts (Swap Agreements) and a \$14 million decrease in market valuation adjustments related to United States Treasury securities and the impact of rising interest rates.
- ➤ Interest expense in connection with bonds and other asset financings, including 4 WTC associated payments relating to the reimbursement of interest expense associated with Tower 4 Liberty Bonds decreased \$6 million in 2013 primarily due to a \$21 million year-to-year decrease in payments associated with three remaining Swap Agreements that were terminated in 2012 and a \$3.4 million year-to-year decrease associated with interest payable in connection with a 2012 WTC site commercial rent occupancy tax settlement. Offsetting these amounts was an increase of \$22 million in operating interest expense associated with outstanding debt.
- ➤ Net gain on disposition of assets increased \$4.4 million due to a sale of a parcel of land surrounding the Lincoln Tunnel.
- ➤ Grants associated with operating activities increased \$136 million in 2013 primarily due to a \$96 million increase in Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) grants associated with Superstorm Sandy recovery efforts and a \$36 million increase in the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) funding for port security related projects.
- Pass-through grant program payments to sub-grantees increased \$120 million in 2013 primarily due to increased funding associated with baggage screening projects at Aviation facilities and security related projects sponsored by the Port Authority.

Pass-through grant program payments are offset in their entirety by either Contributions in aid of construction or Grants.

Capital Contributions and Passenger Facility Charges

Summary of Capital Contributions and Passenger Facility Charges follows:

	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	
Contributions in aid of construction Passenger Facility Charges	\$700,267 233,172	\$689,898 224,301	\$ 997,441 222,614
1 WTC LLC insurance proceeds	-	-	3,525
Total	\$933,439	\$914,199	\$1,223,580

2014 vs. 2013

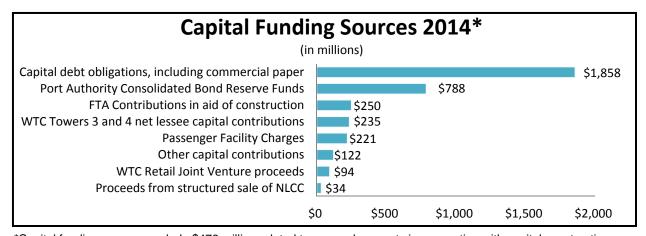
Contributions in aid of construction and PFCs increased \$19 million primarily due to a \$74 million increase in capital contributions from the Silverstein net lessees for the continued construction of WTC Towers 3 and 4, a \$9 million increase in Passenger Facility Charges due to increased passenger activity at aviation facilities and a \$10 million increase in FEMA reimbursements related to Superstorm Sandy permanent repairs. These increases were offset by a \$38 million decrease in FTA contributions relating to the construction of the WTC Transportation Hub. In addition, an \$80 million contribution in aid of construction was applied from New York State related to the construction of WTC Tower 3.

2013 vs. 2012

Contributions in aid of construction, PFCs, and 1 WTC LLC restricted insurance proceeds decreased \$309 million in 2013, primarily due to a \$164 million decrease in capital contributions from the Silverstein net lessees for the construction of WTC Towers 3 and 4, a \$157 million decrease in funding from the FTA for the construction of the WTC Transportation Hub, and a \$100 million decrease associated with a 2012 contribution from the WTC Retail Joint Venture, Westfield member for the further construction and development of retail space at the WTC site. Partially offsetting these amounts was a \$77 million increase in funding from the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) for the construction and enhancement of baggage screening systems at LaGuardia Airport (LGA), John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFK) and Newark Liberty International Airport (EWR).

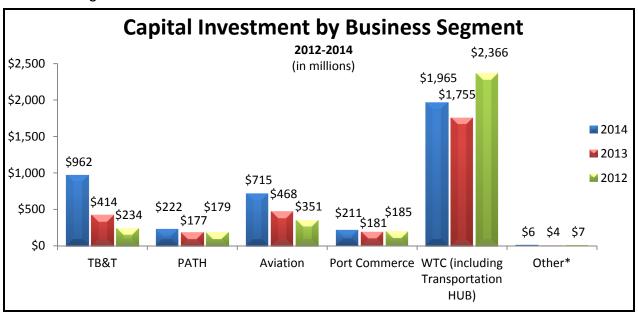
Capital Construction Activities

Port Authority capital investment including contributed capital and accrued amounts relating to capital construction totaled \$4.1 billion in 2014, \$3.0 billion in 2013 and \$3.3 billion in 2012.

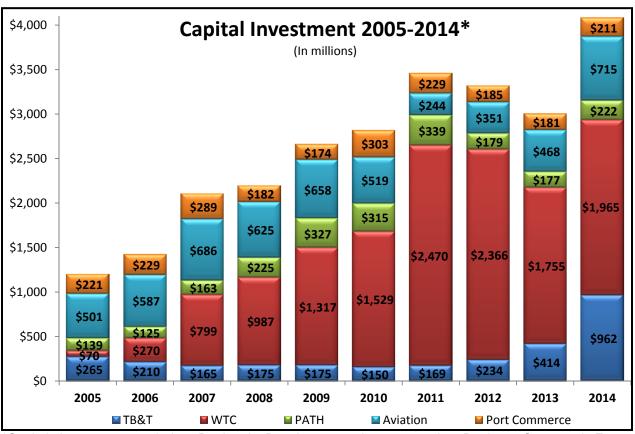


^{*}Capital funding sources exclude \$479 million related to accrued amounts in connection with capital construction.

The following chart depicts capital investment for the last three years summarized by business segment:



^{*}Other includes Regional, Development and Ferry Transportation Facilities.



*Capital Investment excludes Regional, Development, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation Facilities.

On February 19, 2014, the Board of Commissioners adopted a ten-year, 2014-2023 capital plan (the "2014-2023 Capital Plan"). The 2014-2023 Capital Plan, which totals approximately \$27.6 billion, includes a planned spending program of \$15.8 billion in the first five years, developed using a comprehensive planning process and risk-based prioritization that considered asset condition, operational and revenue impact, threat assessment, customer service, regional benefit, and regulatory or statutory requirements. To obtain a copy of the 2014-2023 Capital Plan please refer to the following link:

http://www.panynj.gov/corporate-information/pdf/2014-public-capital-plan.pdf

On July 25, 2014 as an interim measure, the Board of Commissioners of the Port Authority authorized the implementation of a "Quality of Commute" improvement program to provide for a short-term improvements at the Port Authority Bus Terminal, consisting of projects to improve on-time performance and customer service with a total capital program cost of \$90 million, with appropriate 2014-2023 Capital Plan reallocations to support this program.

Additional Port Authority capital investment information is contained in "Note B - Facilities, net" to the consolidated financial statements and "Schedule F – Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities" located in the Statistical and Other Supplemental Information section of this report.

Capital Financing and Debt Management

As of December 31, 2014, bonds and other asset financing obligations of the Port Authority totaled approximately \$20.8 billion, excluding \$1.2 billion associated with the Tower 4 Liberty Bonds for which the Port Authority is a co-borrower/obligor.

During 2014, the Port Authority issued \$2.9 billion of consolidated bonds. Of this amount, \$1.8 billion was allocated to fund capital project expenditures and \$1.1 billion was allocated for the purpose of refunding existing outstanding obligations. In addition, the Port Authority issued commercial paper notes totaling \$1.2 billion. Of this amount, \$1.0 billion was allocated for the purpose of refunding existing commercial paper notes and \$253 million was issued to fund capital construction or project expenditures.

Listed below is a summary of credit ratings assigned to outstanding debt obligations of the Port Authority. All ratings for outstanding obligations in 2014 remained the same when compared to 2013. During 2014, Standard and Poor's (S&P), Fitch Ratings and Moody's Investors Service considered the Port Authority's outlook stable.

OBLIGATION	S&P	Fitch Ratings	Moody's Investors Service
Consolidated Bonds	AA-	AA-	Aa3
Commercial Paper	A-1+	F1+	P-1

Each rating reflects only the view of the ratings service issuing such rating and is not a recommendation by such ratings service to purchase, sell or hold any maturity of Port Authority obligations or as to market price or suitability of any maturity of the obligations for a particular investor. An explanation of the significance of a rating may be obtained from the ratings service issuing such rating. There is no assurance that any rating will continue for any period of time or that it will not be revised or withdrawn. A revision or withdrawal of a rating may have an effect on market price. Additional information on Port Authority obligations can be found in "Note D - Outstanding Obligations and Financing" to the consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Net Position

	Dece	mber 31,
	2014	2013
	(In the	ousands)
ASSETS		
Current assets:	•	
Cash	\$ 1,624,605	\$ 2,210,039
Restricted cash	213,799	183,487
Investments	353,491	410,018
Current receivables, net	482,297	451,644
Other current assets	141,131	194,754
Restricted receivables and other assets	30,657	47,293
Total current assets	2,845,980	3,497,235
Noncurrent agests:		
Noncurrent assets:	7.007	6 502
Restricted cash	7,087	6,583
Investments	3,180,386	2,342,391
Restricted investments - PAICE	182,585	172,064
Other amounts receivable, net	56,640	38,453
Other noncurrent assets	1,434,828	1,408,623
Restricted noncurrent assets - PAICE	8,109	10,028
Amounts receivable - Special Project Bonds	1,513,892	1,587,468
Amounts receivable - Tower 4 Liberty Bonds	1,248,085	1,248,697
Unamortized costs for regional programs	342,987	405,260
Facilities, net	30,773,475	27,645,980
Total noncurrent assets	38,748,074	34,865,547
Total assets	41,594,054	38,362,782
	, ,	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		400.055
Loss on debt refundings	108,447	108,657
Total deferred outflows of resources	108,447	108,657
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	1,289,162	1,029,780
Accrued interest and other current liabilities		
	448,060	582,493
Restricted other liabilities - PAICE	7,580	3,746
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	404,998	352,748
Current portion bonds and other asset financing obligations	886,835	1,121,020
Total current liabilities	3,036,635	3,089,787
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Accrued pension and other postemployment employee benefits	190,286	279,220
Other noncurrent liabilities	315,716	229,884
Unearned income related to WTC Retail Joint Venture	645,485	223,004
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	45.054
Restricted other noncurrent liabilities - PAICE	50,121	45,851
Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds	1,513,892	1,587,468
Amounts payable - Tower 4 Liberty Bonds	1,248,085	1,248,697
Bonds and other asset financing obligations	19,920,820	18,253,600
Total noncurrent liabilities	23,884,405	21,644,720
Total liabilities	26,921,040	24,734,507
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Gain on debt refundings	6,921	8,605
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,921	8,605
NET BOOKEON	A 44 774 540	A 40 700 007
NET POSITION	\$ 14,774,540	\$ 13,728,327
Net position is composed of:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 10,402,894	\$ 9,442,138
Restricted:	Ţ 10,102,00 1	Ţ 0,.1 <u>2,</u> 100
Passenger Facility Charges	193,678	181,358
Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC		
	177,179	173,109
Minority Interest in Tower 1 Joint Venture LLC	100,000	100,000
Unrestricted	3,900,789	3,831,722
NET POSITION	\$ 14,774,540	\$ 13,728,327

Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Year ended	Year ended December 31,	
	2014	2013	
	(In the	usands)	
Gross operating revenues:			
Tolls and fares	\$ 1,553,625	\$ 1,462,957	
Rentals	1,300,818	1,228,491	
Aviation fees	1,058,416	934,459	
Parking and other	321,760	315,111	
Utilities	149,052	139,835	
Rentals - Special Project Bonds Projects	98,141	103,186	
Total gross operating revenues	4,481,812	4,184,039	
Operating expenses:			
Employee compensation, including benefits	1,187,877	1,114,397	
Contract services	797,516	684,411	
Rents and amounts in-lieu-of taxes	362,627	301,582	
Materials, equipment and other	277,174	220,859	
Utilities	199,919	171,833	
Interest on Special Project Bonds	98,141	103,186	
Total operating expenses before depreciation, amortization and other operating expenses	2,923,254	2,596,268	
Net (revenues) related to Superstorm Sandy	(53,530)	(28,229)	
Depreciation of facilities	932,149	875,979	
Amortization of costs for regional programs	•	64,275	
Income from operations	64,484 615,455	675,746	
income nom operations	013,433	075,740	
Non-operating revenues and (expenses):			
Interest income	41,050	35,036	
Net (decrease) in fair value of investments	(2,950)	(26,428)	
Interest expense in connection with bonds and other asset financing	(666,244)	(623,353)	
Gain on disposition of assets	19,043	4,423	
Pass-through grant program payments	(107,606)	(176,848)	
4 WTC associated payments	6,128	36,660	
Grants	207,898	188,409	
Non-operating expenses, net	(502,681)	(562,101)	
Income before capital contributions and passenger facility charges	112,774	113,645	
Capital contributions and Passenger Facility Charges:			
Contributions in aid of construction	700,267	689,898	
Passenger Facility Charges	233,172	·	
<u> </u>	933,439	224,301	
Total capital contributions and passenger facility charges	933,439	914,199	
Increase in net position	1,046,213	1,027,844	
Net position, January 1	13,728,327	12,700,483	
Net position, December 31	\$ 14,774,540	\$ 13,728,327	

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	Year ended December 31,	
	2014	2013 usands)
Cash flows from operating activities:	(III tilo	usarius)
Cash received from operations	\$ 4,364,086	\$ 4,083,637
Cash received related to WTC Retail Joint Venture	φ 4,364,000 652,104	φ 4,000,007
Cash received related to Superstorm Sandy insurance	74,657	486,660
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees	(1,224,562)	(1,135,562)
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,398,624)	(1,107,997)
Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to municipalities	(350,144)	(306,556)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,117,517	2,020,182
That dadin promated by operating activities	2,,	2,020,102
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Principal paid on noncapital financing obligations	(50,425)	(17,640)
Payments for Fund for regional development buy-out obligation	(51,214)	(51,212)
Interest paid on noncapital financing obligations	(36)	(71)
Grants received related to operating activities	171,300	80,071
Grants received related to Superstorm Sandy	52,585	57,180
Pass-through grant payments	(107,606)	(176,848)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	14,604	(108,520)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Investment in facilities and construction of capital assets	(3,032,734)	(2,676,463)
Proceeds from capital obligations issued for refunding purposes	2,307,220	2,528,981
Principal paid through capital obligations refundings	(2,662,510)	(2,477,115)
Proceeds from sales of capital obligations allocated for construction	2,009,742	405,689
Principal paid on capital obligations	(329,285)	(204,030)
Interest paid on capital obligations	(920,891)	(836,158)
Payments for MOTBY obligation	(5,000)	(30,000)
Contributions in aid of construction	431,173	531,054
Proceeds from Passenger Facility Charges	235,836	222,870
Proceeds from disposition of assets	33,328	4,444
Financial income allocated to capital projects	941	1,785
Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities	(1,932,180)	(2,528,943)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investment securities	(2,659,230)	(2,600,790)
Proceeds from maturity and sale of investment securities	1,866,231	1,749,169
Interest received on investment securities	33,106	30,464
Other interest income	5,334	7,250
Net cash (used for) investing activities	(754,559)	(813,907)
and the same of th	(,)	(3.3,301)
Net (decrease) in cash	(554,618)	(1,431,188)
Cash at beginning of year	2,400,109	3,831,297
Cash at end of year	\$ 1,845,491	\$ 2,400,109

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

		Year ended December 31,		
		2014		2013
		(In the		
	Reconciliation of income from operations to net			
(cash provided by operating activities:			
	Income from operations	\$ 615,455	\$	675,746
	Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash			
	provided by operating activities:			
	Depreciation of facilities	932,149		875,979
	Amortization of costs for regional programs	64,484		64,275
	Amortization of other assets	48,106		288,221
	Change in operating assets and operating liabilities:			
	(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(13,299)		109,809
	(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(94,214)		52,654
	(Decrease)/increase in payables	(4,129)		5,017
	(Decrease) in other liabilities	(38,523)		(28,978)
	Increase in unearned income related to WTC Retail Joint Venture	645,485		-
	(Decrease) in accrued payroll, pension and other employee benefits	(37,997)		(22,541)
	Total adjustments	1,502,062		1,344,436
	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,117,517	\$	2,020,182

3. Capital Obligations:

Consolidated bonds and notes, commercial paper, variable rate master notes, Marine Ocean Terminal at Bayonne Peninsula Obligation (MOTBY), and the Goethals Bridge replacement capital asset obligation.

4. Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

Noncash activity of \$150 million in 2014 and \$164 million in 2013 included amortization of discount and premium on outstanding debt obligations, accretion associated with capital appreciation bonds, and debt service in connection with Special Project Bonds.

Noncash capital financing did not include any activities that required a change in fair value. In 2014 and 2013, the Silverstein net lessees contributed \$235 million and \$161 million, respectively, towards construction of WTC Towers 3 and 4. In 2014 and 2013, preferred returns due the Tower 1 Joint Venture Durst member and the WTC Retail Joint Venture Westfield member totaled (\$28.3) million and (\$28.9) million, respectively. As of December 31, 2014, the Goethals Bridge replacement capital asset obligation totaled \$210 million.

Noncash capital asset write-offs totaled \$11 million in 2014 and \$248 million in 2013. The 2013 amounts were primarily related to Superstorm Sandy.

Note A – Nature of the Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. Reporting Entity

- a. The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey was created in 1921 by Compact between the States of New York and New Jersey with the consent of the United States Congress. The Compact envisions the Port Authority as being financially self-sustaining. As such, the agency must raise the funds necessary for the improvement, construction or acquisition of its facilities and their operation generally upon the basis of its own credit. Cash derived from Port Authority operations and other cash received may be disbursed only for specific purposes in accordance with provisions of various statutes and agreements with holders of its obligations and others. The costs of providing facilities and services to the general public on a continuing basis are recovered primarily from operating revenue sources, including rentals, tolls, fares, aviation and port fees, and other charges.
- b. The Governor of each State, with the consent of the respective State Senate, appoints six of the twelve members of the governing Board of Commissioners. The Commissioners serve without remuneration for six-year overlapping terms. Meetings of the Commissioners of the Port Authority are open to the public in accordance with policies adopted by the Commissioners. The actions taken by the Commissioners at Port Authority meetings are subject to gubernatorial review and may be vetoed by the Governor of their respective State.
- c. The Audit Committee, which consists of four members of the Board of Commissioners other than the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Port Authority, provides oversight of the quality and integrity of the Port Authority's framework of internal controls, compliance systems and the accounting, auditing and financial reporting processes. The Audit Committee retains independent auditors and reviews their performance and independence. The independent auditors are required to provide written disclosure of, and discuss with the Committee, any significant relationships or issues that would have a bearing on their independence. The Audit Committee meets directly, on a regular basis, with the independent auditors, a law firm retained to address certain Audit Committee matters, and management of the Port Authority. On May 6, 2014, the Audit Committee retained KPMG LLP as independent auditors to perform the independent audit for the year ending December 31, 2014.
- **d.** The consolidated financial statements and schedules include the accounts of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey and its component units including:

Port Authority Blended Component Units*	Establishment or Acquisition Date
Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation	May 10, 1962
Newark Legal and Communications Center Urban Renewal Corporation	May 12, 1988
New York and New Jersey Railroad Corporation	April 30, 1998
WTC Retail LLC	November 20, 2003
Port District Capital Projects LLC	July 28, 2005
Tower 5 LLC (formerly known as 1 WTC LLC)	September 21, 2006
Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC	October 16, 2006
New York New Jersey Rail, LLC	September 18, 2008
Tower 1 Member LLC	April 19, 2011
Tower 1 Joint Venture LLC	April 19, 2011
Tower 1 Holdings LLC	April 19, 2011
WTC Tower 1 LLC	April 19, 2011
PA Retail Newco LLC	May 7, 2012
Tower 1 Rooftop Holdings LLC	June 8, 2012

^{*} The blended component units listed above are included as part of the Port Authority's reporting entity because the Port Authority's Board of Commissioners serves as the overall governing body of these related entities.

2. Basis of Accounting

- a. The Port Authority's activities are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues and expenses are accounted for in an enterprise fund with revenues recorded when earned and expenses recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.
- **b.** The Port Authority follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

3. Significant Accounting Policies

a. Facilities, net are carried at cost. The cost of facilities includes interest incurred during the period that relates to the construction or production of the capital asset. The amount of capitalized interest is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred with financial income earned on invested debt proceeds, from the date of the borrowing until the project is ready for its intended use. Generally, projects in excess of \$100,000 for additions, asset replacements and/or asset improvements that benefit future periods or are expected to prolong the service life of the asset are capitalized (See *Note B - Facilities, Net*). Facilities, net does not include regional programs undertaken at the request of the Governor of the State of New Jersey or the Governor of the State of New York (See *Note H - Regional Programs*).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

b. Depreciation of facilities is computed using the straight-line method during the estimated useful lives of the related assets (See *Note B – Facilities, Net*). Useful lives are reviewed periodically for each specific type of asset class. Asset lives used in the calculation of depreciation are generally as follows:

•	Buildings, bridges, tunnels and other structures	25	to	100	years
•	Machinery and equipment	5	to	35	years
•	Runways, roadways and other paving	7	to	40	years
•	Utility infrastructure	10	to	100	years

 Assets located at facilities leased by the Port Authority from others are depreciated over the lesser of, the remaining term of the facility lease or the asset life stated above.

Costs of regional programs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the period benefited up to a maximum of 15 years (See *Note H - Regional Programs*). In addition, certain operating costs, which provide benefits for periods exceeding one year, are reported as a component of other noncurrent assets and amortized over the period benefited.

- **c.** Cash consists of cash on hand and short term cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are made up of negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, collateralized time deposits, and money market accounts.
- **d.** Restricted cash is primarily comprised of PFCs, operating cash restricted for use by The Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC (PAICE) and insurance proceeds, which are restricted to business interruption and redevelopment expenditures.
- **e.** Net position is displayed in three components as follows:
 - Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances related to payables, bonds, notes, or other liabilities that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
 - Restricted consists of net resources that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
 When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the Port Authority's policy to use restricted resources first.
 - Unrestricted consists of net resources that do not meet the definition of Restricted or Net investment in capital assets.
- **f.** Statutory reserves held by PAICE are restricted for purposes of insuring certain risk exposures.

- **g.** Inventories are valued using an average cost method which prices items on the basis of the average cost of all similar goods remaining in stock. Inventory is reported as a component of other noncurrent assets on the Consolidated Statements of Net Position.
- h. Operating revenues are derived principally from rentals, tolls, fares, aviation and port fees, and other charges for the use of, and privileges at Port Authority facilities, and amounts reimbursed for operating activities. Operating expenses include those costs incurred for the operation, maintenance and security of Port Authority facilities. All other revenues, including financial income, PFCs, contributions in aid of construction, grants, insurance proceeds and gains resulting from the disposition of assets, if any, are reported as non-operating revenues, and all other expenses, such as interest expense, losses resulting from the disposition of assets, and pass-through grant program payment costs are reported as non-operating expenses.
- i. Amounts attributable to the collection and investment of PFCs are restricted and can only be used for Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) approved airport-related projects. Revenues derived from the collection of PFCs, net of the air carriers' handling charges, are recognized as capital contributions when the passenger activity occurs and the fees are due from the air carriers. Capital investment funded by PFCs is reflected as a component of Facilities, net.
- j. Contributed capital amounts from WTC net lessees for the redevelopment of the World Trade Center Tower 2, 3 and 4 are recognized as Contributions in aid of construction.
- **k.** All Port Authority investment values that are affected by interest rate changes have been reported at their fair value, using published market prices. The Port Authority uses a variety of financial instruments to assist in the management of its financing and investment objectives, and may also employ hedging strategies to minimize interest rate risk and enters into various derivative instruments, including options on United States Treasury securities, repurchase and reverse repurchase (yield maintenance) agreements, United States Treasury and municipal bond futures contracts (See *Note C Cash and Investments*).
- I. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 23, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refundings of Debt Reporting by Proprietary Activities," when issuing new debt for refunding purposes, the difference between the reacquisition price of the new debt and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt is recognized as either a deferred outflow of resources or deferred inflow of resources and amortized using the straight-line method as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.
- m. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management, where necessary, to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying

notes. Such estimates and assumptions are subject to various uncertainties, the occurrence of which may cause differences between those estimates and assumptions and actual results.

- n. GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions in June 2012 that is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The objective of this statement is to improve the information provided in government financial reports about pension benefits provided to employees. The Port Authority is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this Statement will have on its 2015 Consolidated Financial Statements.
- o. For presentation purposes, certain amounts in the fiscal year 2013 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the fiscal year 2014 financial statements herein. These reclassifications have no impact on the overall change in net position or cash flows.
- 4. Reconciliation of the Consolidated Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America to Schedules Prepared Pursuant to Port Authority Bond Resolutions

Schedules A, B, C and D-2 which follow the Required Supplementary Information section of this report, have been prepared in accordance with Port Authority bond resolutions which differ in some respects from accounting principles that are generally accepted in the United States of America, as follows:

- **a.** The revenues and expenses of facilities are accounted for in the operating fund. The financial resources expended for the construction or acquisition of major facilities or improvements are accounted for in the capital fund. Transactions involving the application of net revenues are accounted for in the reserve funds.
- b. Port Authority bond resolutions provide that net operating revenues shall not include an allowance for depreciation on facilities other than the depreciation of ancillary equipment. Thus, depreciation is not a significant factor in determining the net revenues and the reserves of the Port Authority or their application as provided in the Port Authority's bond resolutions. Instead, capital expenditures are provided for through deductions from net revenues or reserves in amounts equal to principal payments on debt outstanding or through the application of reserves for the purposes of direct capital investment in facilities. These amounts are credited at par to Facility infrastructure investment in the capital fund on Schedule B Assets and Liabilities.
- **c.** Debt service in connection with operating asset obligations is paid from the same revenues and in the same manner as operating expenses of the Port Authority.
- **d.** Capital costs for regional programs are included in Invested in facilities in accordance with Port Authority bond resolutions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

- **e.** Consolidated bonds and notes are recorded as outstanding at their par value commencing on the date that the Port Authority is contractually obligated to issue and sell such obligations.
- f. To reflect the cumulative amount invested by the Port Authority since 1921 in connection with its facilities, the cost of assets removed from service is not deducted from Invested in facilities. However, in the event of the sale of assets removed from service or recovery of amounts related to assets destroyed or damaged, the amount of proceeds received from such sale or recovery is deducted from Invested in facilities.
- g. Contributed capital amounts resulting from non-exchange transactions, including contributions in aid of construction where the Port Authority does not receive a cash reimbursement for prior cash outlays, are included in Invested in facilities, and credited to Facility infrastructure investment in the Capital Fund at the capital asset's fair value.
- **h.** Amounts received in connection with the March 18, 2014 transfer of the Port Authority's interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture to Westfield are recognized in their entirety when they are received, and are recorded on that basis on *Schedule A Revenue and Reserves*.

A reconciliation of the Consolidated Statements of Net Position to Schedule B and the Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position to Schedule A follows:

Consolidated Statements of Net Position to Schedule B – Assets and Liabilities

		2013		
		2014 (In thou	ısands)	2010
Net position reported on Consolidated Statements of Net Position	\$	14,774,540	\$	13,728,327
Add: Accumulated depreciation of facilities Accumulated retirements and gains		13,173,338		12,324,757
and losses on disposition of assets Application of WTC Retail		2,409,107		2,348,540
Joint Venture Payments Cumulative amortization of costs		652,104		-
for regional programs Cumulative amortization of		1,190,706		1,126,221
discount and premium		381,842		230,970
Subtotal		17,807,097		16,030,488
Less: Cumulative effect of adopting				
new accounting standards		275,539		275,539
Deferred income - PFCs Income related to WTC		193,678		181,358
Retail Joint Venture		6,619		-
Subtotal		475,836		456,897
Total	\$	32,105,801	\$	29,301,918
Net assets reported on Schedule B - Assets and Liabilities				
(pursuant to Port Authority bond resolutions)	\$	32,105,801	\$	29,301,918

Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position to Schedule A – Revenues and Reserves

		Year ended December 31, 2014 2013				
			(In thou	ısand	ds)	
	e in Net Position reported on					
	dated Statements of Revenues, es and Changes in Net Position	\$	1,046,213	\$	1,027,844	
Lxperis	es and Changes in Net Fosition	Ψ	1,040,213	Ψ	1,027,044	
Add:	Depreciation of facilities		932,149		875,979	
	Application of PFCs		221,156		175,421	
	Amortization of costs for regional programs		64,484		64,275	
	Amortization of discount and premium		(22,334)		(9,389)	
	Restricted Financial Income - PAICE		(5,068)		4,305	
	Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments		652,104		-	
	Appropriations for self-insurance		28,100		10,414	
	Accelerated depreciation of brokerage commissions		-		(46,863)	
	Subtotal		1,870,591		1,074,142	
Less:	Debt maturities and retirements		226,205		204,000	
	Repayment of asset financing obligations		105,562		15,701	
	WTC T2 - T4 Net Lessee capital contributions		235,115		160,713	
	Direct investment in facilities		1,473,432		1,059,756	
	PFCs		233,172		224,301	
	Income related to WTC Retail Joint Venture		6,619		-	
	PFC interest income/Fair Value Adjustment		305		251	
	Gain on disposition of assets		19,043		4,423	
	Subtotal		2,299,453		1,669,145	
	Total	\$	617,351	\$	432,841	
	Increase in reserves reported on					
	Schedule A - Revenues and Reserves					
	(pursuant to Port Authority bond resolutions)	\$	617,351	\$	432,841	

Note B - Facilities, Net

1. Facilities, net is comprised of the following:

	Beginning		Transfers to Completed		Retirements /	End
	of Year	Additions	•	Depreciation	Dispositions	of Year
4			(In the	ousands)		
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,142,230	\$ -	\$ 60,033	\$ -	\$ (4,393)	\$ 1,197,870
Construction in progress*	12,075,052	4,077,839	(6,986,237)		Ψ (4,000)	9,166,654
Total capital assets not being depreciated	13,217,282	4,077,839	(6,926,204)		(4,393)	10,364,52
Other capital assets:						
Buildings, bridges, tunnels, other structures	10,095,250	_	4,512,392	_	(84,570)	14,523,07
Machinery and equipment	8,129,404	_	907,909	_	(5,401)	9,031,91
Runways, roadways and other paving	4,629,992	-	449,170	_	(6,693)	5,072,46
Utility infrastructure	3,898,809	-	1,056,733	-	(706)	4,954,83
Total other capital assets being depreciated	26,753,455	-	6,926,204	-	(97,370)	33,582,28
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings, bridges, tunnels, other structures	(3,904,721)	_	_	(282,350)	71,057	(4,116,01
Machinery and equipment	(3,881,963)		_	(294,337)	5,401	(4,170,89
Runways, roadways and other paving	(2,654,311)		_	(193,430)	6,548	(2,841,19
Utility infrastructure	(1,883,762)	-	_	(162,032)	562	(2,045,23
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,324,757)	-	-	(932,149)	83,568	(13,173,33
cilities, net	\$ 27,645,980	\$ 4,077,839	\$ -	\$ (932,149)	\$ (18,195)	\$ 30,773,47

	Beginning		Transfers to Completed		Retirements /	End
	of Year	Additions		Depreciation	Dispositions	of Year
<u>13</u>			(in the	ousands)		
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,083,114	\$ -	\$ 59,137	\$ -	\$ (21)	\$ 1,142,23
Construction in progress*	10,863,339	2,996,054	(1,784,341)	-	-	12,075,05
Total capital assets not being depreciated	11,946,453	2,996,054	(1,725,204)		(21)	13,217,28
Other capital assets:						
Buildings, bridges, tunnels, other structures	8,899,917	-	1,198,478	-	(3,145)	10,095,25
Machinery and equipment	7,880,823	-	254,802	-	(6,221)	8,129,40
Runways, roadways and other paving	4,556,550	-	79,930	-	(6,488)	4,629,99
Utility infrastructure	3,710,233	-	191,994	-	(3,418)	3,898,8
Total other capital assets being depreciated	25,047,523	-	1,725,204	-	(19,272)	26,753,4
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings, bridges, tunnels, other structures	(3,676,054)	-	-	(231,812)	3,145	(3,904,7
Machinery and equipment	(3,582,253)	-	-	(305,931)	6,221	(3,881,9
Runways, roadways and other paving	(2,470,346)	-	-	(190,453)	6,488	(2,654,3
Utility infrastructure	(1,739,397)	-	-	(147,783)	3,418	(1,883,70
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,468,050)	-	-	(875,979)	19,272	(12,324,7
cilities, net	\$ 25,525,926	\$ 2,996,054	\$ -	\$ (875,979)	\$ (21)	\$ 27,645,9

^{*} Construction in progress includes the impact of capital write-offs totaling \$11 million in 2014 and \$248 million in 2013. The 2013 capital write-offs were primarily related to Superstorm Sandy.

^{1.} Net interest expense added to the cost of facilities was \$302 million in 2014 and \$322 million in 2013.

^{2.} Projects that have been suspended pending determination of their continued viability totaled \$37.7 million in 2014 and \$18.1 million in 2013.

^{3.} The impact on depreciation accelerated for buildings, bridges, tunnels, and other structures was \$29 million in 2014 and \$11.6 million in 2013.

^{4.} Retirements and Dispositions include the book value associated with the sale of capital assets.

Note C - Cash and Investments

1. The components of cash and investments are:

	Dece	ember 31,
CASH	2014	2013
	(In th	iousands)
Cash on hand	\$ 1,816	\$ 1,780
Cash equivalents	1,843,675	2,398,329
Total cash	1,845,491	2,400,109
Less restricted cash	220,886	190,070
Unrestricted cash	\$ 1,624,605	\$ 2,210,039

PORT AUTHORITY INVESTMENTS, AT FAIR VALUE 2014

(In thousands)

2013

December 31,

	Port Authority		PAICE		Total		Total
United States Treasury notes	\$	3,036,036	\$	113,025	\$	3,149,061	\$ 2,323,658
United States Treasury bonds		-		10,997		10,997	-
United States Treasury bills		68,000		-		68,000	55,000
United States government agency obligations		-		39,565		39,565	62,133
Treasury Securities - State and Local							
Government Series (SLGS)		-		-		-	355,001
United States Treasury obligations held pursuant							
to repurchase agreements		274,900		-		274,900	-
JFK International Air Terminal LLC obligations		92,716		-		92,716	105,658
Other governmental obligations		55,317		-		55,317	16,740
Corporate bonds		-		17,810		17,810	-
Accrued interest receivable		6,908		1,188		8,096	6,283
Total investments		3,533,877		182,585		3,716,462	2,924,473
Less current investments		353,491		-		353,491	410,018
Noncurrent investments	\$	3,180,386	\$	182,585	\$	3,362,971	\$ 2,514,455

2. Port Authority policy provides for funds of the Port Authority to be deposited in banks with offices located in the Port District, provided that the total funds on deposit in any bank do not exceed 50% of the bank's combined capital and permanent surplus. These funds must be fully secured by deposit of collateral having a minimum market value of 110% of actual daily balances in excess of that part of the deposits secured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The collateral must consist of obligations of the United States of America, the Port Authority, the State of New York or the State of New Jersey held in custodial bank accounts in banks in the Port District having combined capital and surplus in excess of \$1 million.

Total actual bank balances excluding amounts held by third party trustees were \$1.835 billion at December 31, 2014. Of that amount, \$12 million was secured through the basic FDIC deposit insurance coverage. The balance of \$1.823 billion was fully collateralized with collateral held by a third party custodian acting as the Port Authority's agent and held by such custodian in the Port Authority's name.

3. The investment policies of the Port Authority are established in conformity with its agreements with the holders of its obligations, generally through resolutions of the Board of Commissioners or its Committee on Finance. For the Port Authority, but not necessarily its related entities, individual investment transactions are executed with recognized and established securities dealers and commercial banks. Investment securities are maintained, in the Port Authority's name, by a third party financial institution acting as the Port Authority's agent. Securities transactions are conducted in the open market at competitive prices. Transactions (including repurchase and reverse repurchase agreement transactions) are completed when the Port Authority's securities custodian, in the Port Authority's name, makes or receives payment upon receipt of confirmation that the securities have been transferred at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or other repository in accordance with the Port Authority's instructions.

Proceeds of Bonds and other asset financing obligations may be invested, on an interim basis, in conformance with applicable Federal laws and regulations, in obligations of (or fully guaranteed by) the United States of America (including such securities held pursuant to repurchase agreements) and collateralized time deposit accounts.

Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund and General Reserve Fund amounts may be invested in obligations of (or fully guaranteed by) the United States of America. Additionally, amounts in the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund and the General Reserve Fund (subject to certain limitations) may be invested in obligations of the State of New York or the State of New Jersey, collateralized time accounts, and Port Authority bonds actually issued and secured by a pledge of the General Reserve Fund.

Operating funds may be invested in various items including (a) direct obligations of the United States of America, obligations of United States government agencies, and sponsored enterprises that have the highest short-term ratings by two nationally recognized firms; (b) investment grade negotiable certificates of deposit and negotiable Bankers' Acceptances with banks having AA or better long-term debt rating, premier status and with issues actively traded in secondary markets; (c) commercial paper having

only the highest short-term ratings separately issued by two nationally recognized rating agencies; (d) United States Treasury and municipal bond futures contracts; (e) certain interest rate exchange contracts with banks and investment firms; (f) certain interest rate options contracts that are limited to \$50 million of underlying securities with a maturity of no greater than five years with primary dealers in United States Treasury securities; and (g) certain unrated obligations of JFKIAT LLC (presently comprising approximately 2.6% of total Port Authority investments at December 31, 2014) for certain costs attributable to the construction of Terminal 4 (JFKIAT) completed in 2001. The Board has from time to time authorized other investments of operating funds.

It is the general policy of the Port Authority to limit exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio to less than two years. Extending the weighted average maturity beyond two years requires explicit written approval of the Chief Financial Officer. Committee on Finance authorization is required to extend the weighted average maturity beyond five years.

The following is the fair value and weighted average maturity of investments held by the Port Authority, excluding PAICE, at December 31, 2014:

PA Investment Type	Fair Value (In thousands)		Weighted Average Maturity (In days)
United States Treasury notes United States Treasury bills United States REPO's JFK International Air Terminal LLC obligations Other government obligations	\$	3,036,036 68,000 274,900 92,716 55,317	637 3 3 3,989 498
Total fair value of investments*	\$	3,526,969	
Investment weighted average maturity			661

^{*}Excludes accrued interest receivable amounts of \$6.9 million

The Port Authority has, from time to time, entered into reverse repurchase (yield maintenance) agreements under which the Port Authority contracted to sell a specified United States Treasury security to a counterparty and simultaneously agreed to purchase it back from that party at a predetermined price and future date. All reverse repurchase agreements sold are matched to repurchase agreements (REPO's) bought, thereby minimizing market risk. The credit risk is managed by a daily evaluation of the market value of the underlying securities and periodic cash adjustments, as necessary, in accordance with the terms of the repurchase agreements. There were no investments in reverse repurchase agreements at December 31, 2014.

4. The investment policies of PAICE have been established and approved by the PAICE Board of Directors, which is comprised of Port Authority executive staff. Consistent with the Port Authority Board of Commissioners' authorization with respect to the establishment of

PAICE as a wholly owned entity of the Port Authority, PAICE provides the Port Authority Board of Commissioners' Committee on Finance with periodic updates on PAICE's investment activities.

Under PAICE's investment policies, eligible investments include money market demand accounts of commercial banks, not to exceed bank deposit insurance limits, and/or taxable or tax-exempt money market mutual funds that offer daily purchase and redemption while maintaining a constant share price and whose fund assets are primarily United States Treasury notes and bonds and whose assets are at least \$500 million. Other investments include: United States Treasury securities and United States government agency obligations, AAA rated tax-exempt general obligation issues of states, and U.S. dollar denominated corporate debt rated AA or above.

The following is the fair value and weighted average maturity of investments held by PAICE at December 31, 2014:

PAICE Investment Type	Fair Value (In thousands)		Weighted Average Maturity (in days)
United States Treasury notes	\$	113,025	763
United States Treasury bonds		10,997	1,252
United States government agency obligations		39,565	657
Corporate bonds		17,810	770
Total fair value of investments*	\$	181,397	
Investment weighted average maturity			860

^{*}Excludes accrued interest receivable amounts of \$1.2 million

Note D - Outstanding Obligations and Financing

<u>Introduction</u>

Throughout Note D obligations noted with (*) are subject to the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, with respect to individuals and corporations. Obligations noted with (**) are subject to federal taxation.

Outstanding bonds and other asset financing obligations

			December 31, 2014				
		Current	Noncurrent	Total			
			(In thousands)				
A.	Consolidated Bonds and Notes	\$ 295,550	\$ 19,412,388	\$ 19,707,938			
B.	Commercial Paper Notes	448,185	-	448,185			
C.	Variable Rate Master Notes	77,900	-	77,900			
D.	Port Authority Equipment Notes	31,500	-	31,500			
E.	Fund for Regional Development						
	Buy-Out Obligation	29,829	253,733	283,562			
F.	MOTBY Obligation	3,871	44,383	48,254			
G.	Tower 4 Liberty Bonds	-	1,248,085	1,248,085			
Н.	Goethals Bridge Replacement						
	Capital Asset Obligation		210,316	210,316			
		\$ 886,835	\$ 21,168,905	\$ 22,055,740			

		December 31, 2013					
	Current		Noncurrent	Total			
			(In thousands)				
A. Consolidated Bonds and Notes	\$	616,495	\$ 17,921,784	\$ 18,538,279			
B. Commercial Paper Notes		348,110	-	348,110			
C. Variable Rate Master Notes		77,900	-	77,900			
D. Port Authority Equipment Notes		46,925	-	46,925			
E. Fund for Regional Development							
Buy-Out Obligation		27,515	283,562	311,077			
F. MOTBY Obligation		4,075	48,254	52,329			
G. Tower 4 Liberty Bonds		-	1,248,697	1,248,697			
	\$ '	1,121,020	\$ 19,502,297	\$ 20,623,317			

Note D - Outstanding Obligations and Financing (continued)

A. Consolidated Bonds and Notes

			Dec. 31,	Issued/	Refunded/	Dec. 31,
			2013	Accreted	Retired	2014
				(lı	n thousands)	
Consolidated bonds and notes						
Seventy-fourth series	Due 2014	\$	4,078 \$	72 \$. , , .	
Eighty-fifth series	5.2%-5.375% due 2015-2028		80,500	-	(3,500)	77,000
Ninety-third series	6.125% due 2094		100,000	-	(7.000)	100,000
One hundred twenty-ninth series	4% due 2015		15,875	-	(7,800)	8,075
One hundred thirtieth series	3.75% due 2015		16,080	-	(7,895)	8,185
One hundred thirty-third series	3.6%-4.4% due 2014-2021		120,180	-	(120,180)	-
One hundred thirty-fourth series	4%-5% due 2014-2039 4.5%-5% due 2024-2039		235,110 400,000	-	(235,110) (400,000)	-
One hundred thirty-fifth series One hundred thirty-sixth series*	5%-5.5% due 2014-2034		334,110	-	(334,110)	-
One hundred thirty-seventh series*	5%-5.5% due 2014-2034 5%-5.5% due 2014-2034		218,035	-	(218,035)	_
One hundred thirty-eighth series*	4.25%-5% due 2014-2034		311,285	-	(311,285)	_
One hundred thirty-ninth series*	4.5%-5% due 2015-2025		134,400	_	(9,620)	124,780
One hundred fortieth series	4.125%-5% due 2016-2035		400,000		(3,020)	400,000
One hundred forty-first series*	4.5%-5% due 2016-2035		350,000		_	350,000
One hundred forty-second series	4%-5% due 2015-2036		350,000	_	_	350,000
One hundred forty-third series*	5% due 2016-2036		500,000	_	_	500,000
One hundred forty-fourth series	4.25%-5% due 2026-2035		300,000	_	_	300,000
One hundred forty-sixth series*	4.25%-5% due 2016-2036		500,000	_	_	500,000
One hundred forty-seventh series*	4.75%-5% due 2017-2037		450,000	_	_	450,000
One hundred forty-eighth series	5% due 2015-2037		500,000	_	_	500,000
One hundred forty-ninth series	4%-5% due 2017-2037		400,000	_	_	400,000
One hundred fiftieth series**	4.5%-6.4% due 2015-2027		335,000	_	(35,000)	300.000
One hundred fifty-first series*	5.25%, 6% and 5.75% due 2023, 2028 & 2035		350,000	_	(33,000)	350,000
One hundred fifty-second series*	4.75%-5.75% due 2018-2038		400,000	_	_	400,000
One hundred fifty-third series	4%-5% due 2018-2038		500,000	_	_	500,000
One hundred fifty-fourth series	3%-5% due 2015-2029		84,410	_	(4,080)	80,330
One hundred fifty-fifth series	2.75%-3.5% due 2015-2019		37,700	_	(12,000)	25,700
One hundred fifty-sixth series	4%-5% due 2025-2039		100,000	_	(12,000)	100,000
One hundred fifty-seventh series**	5.309% due 2019		150,000	_	_	150,000
One hundred fifty-eighth series**	5.859% due 2024		250,000	_	-	250,000
One hundred fifty-ninth series**	6.04% due 2029		350,000	-	-	350,000
One hundred sixtieth series	4%-5% due 2030-2039		300,000	-	-	300,000
One hundred sixty-first series	4.25%-5% due 2030-2039		300,000	-	-	300,000
One hundred sixty-second series	2%-3.3% due 2015-2020		51,030	-	(18,030)	33,000
One hundred sixty-third series	2.375%-5% due 2017-2040		400,000	-	-	400,000
One hundred sixty-fourth series**	5.647% due 2040		425,000	-	-	425,000
One hundred sixty-fifth series**	5.647% due 2040		425,000	-	-	425,000
One hundred sixty-sixth series	5%-5.25% due 2030-2041		300,000	-	-	300,000
One hundred sixty-seventh series*	5%-5.50% due 2015-2028		200,120	-	(13,290)	186,830
One hundred sixty-eighth series**	4.926% due 2051		1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
One hundred sixty-ninth series*	4.5%-5% due 2015-2041		363,325	-	(19,695)	343,630
One hundred seventieth series (a)	5%, 5.25% due 2041 & 2043		672,480	-	-	672,480
One hundred seventy-first series	4%-5% due 2030-2042		400,000	-	-	400,000
One hundred seventy-second series*	3%-5% due 2015-2037		374,685	-	(26,465)	348,220
One hundred seventy-third series	3%-5% due 2018-2032		300,000	-	-	300,000
One hundred seventy-fourth series**	4.458% due 2062		2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000
One hundred seventy-fifth series	3%-5% due 2015-2042		420,660	-	(4,645)	416,015
One hundred seventy-sixth series**	0.6%-2.5% due 2015-2022		153,000	-	(17,000)	136,000
One hundred seventy-seventh series*	3%-5% due 2015-2043		350,000	-	(13,400)	336,600
One hundred seventy-eighth series*	4%-5% due 2015-2043		475,675	-	(10,950)	464,725
One hundred seventy-ninth series	4%-5% due 2015-2043		915,175	-	(21,470)	893,705
One hundred eightieth series	3%-5% due 2015-2021		109,150	-	(15,570)	93,580
One hundred eighty-first series**	4.96% due 2046		-	500,000	-	500,000
One hundred eighty-second series**	5.31% due 2046		-	500,000	-	500,000
One hundred eighty-third series	3%-5% due 2025-2044		-	400,000	-	400,000
One hundred eighty-fourth series	3%-5% due 2016-2039		-	346,705	-	346,705
One hundred eighty-fifth series*	3%-5% due 2015-2034		-	483,460	-	483,460
One hundred eighty-sixth series*	3%-5% due 2015-2044		-	400,000	-	400,000
One hundred eighty-seventh series**	2.529%-4.426% due 2020-2034		-	250,000	-	250,000
Consolidated bonds and notes pursuant to	Port Authority bond resolutions	\$	18,212,063 \$	2,880,237 \$	(1,863,280) \$	19,229,020
Add unamortized premium and (discount)		_	326,216	152,702	-	478,918
Consolidated bonds and notes		\$	18,538,279 \$	3,032,939 \$	(1,863,280) \$	19,707,938

⁽a) The One Hundred Seventieth series was acquired by the New York Liberty Development Corporation in connection with its issuance of the Corporation Liberty Revenue Bonds, Series 1WTC-2011 (Secured by Port Authority Consolidated Bonds).

Debt service requirements to maturity for Consolidated Bonds and Notes outstanding at December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Year ending	
-------------	--

December 24	Driveinel	Intonest	Dalet Comilea
December 31:	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
		(In thousands)	
2015	\$ 295,550	\$ 923,091	\$ 1,218,641
2016	323,265	911,049	1,234,314
2017	345,920	896,530	1,242,450
2018	368,830	880,159	1,248,989
2019	420,095	862,841	1,282,936
2020-2024	2,388,250	3,991,791	6,380,041
2025-2029	2,915,950	3,344,008	6,259,958
2030-2034	3,742,445	2,514,775	6,257,220
2035-2039	2,955,710	1,675,373	4,631,083
2040-2044	1,973,005	1,075,840	3,048,845
2045-2049	1,000,000	708,032	1,708,032
2050-2054	800,000	487,681	1,287,681
2055-2059	1,000,000	286,960	1,286,960
2060-2064	600,000	77,434	677,434
2065-2094***	100,000	155,371	255,371
	\$19,229,020	\$18,790,935	\$38,019,955

^{***} Debt service for the years 2065-2094 reflects principal and interest payments associated with Consoldated Bonds Ninety-third Series.

Consolidated Bonds & Notes Outstanding

December 31,2013

	Dec. 31, 2012	Issued/ Accreted	Refunded/ Retired	Dec. 31, 2013
		(In tho	usands)	
Cumulative amounts prior to 2013	\$18,076,497	\$ 201	\$ (1,714,635)	\$16,362,063
2013 Activity:				
One hundred seventy-seventh series*	-	350,000	-	350,000
One hundred seventy-eighth series*	-	475,675	-	475,675
One hundred seventy-ninth series	-	915,175	-	915,175
One hundred eightieth series		109,150	-	109,150
Consolidated Bonds & Notes- Principal	18,076,497	1,850,201	(1,714,635)	18,212,063
Add: unamortized premium and (discount)	185,660	140,556	-	326,216
Total Consolidated Bonds and Notes	\$18,262,157	\$1,990,757	\$ (1,714,635)	\$ 18,538,279

Consolidated bonds outstanding as of March 13, 2015 totaled \$19.2 billion.

On August 1, 2012, the Board of Commissioners had authorized the issuance of Consolidated Bonds, One Hundred Seventy-fourth Series through One Hundred Ninety-third Series, in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$500 million of each series, and Consolidated Notes, Series AAA, BBB, CCC, DDD and EEE, of up to \$300 million in aggregate principal amount of each series. To the extent any of Consolidated Bonds, One Hundred Seventy-fourth Series through Consolidated Bonds, One Hundred Ninety-third Series were issued and sold solely for purposes of capital expenditures in connection with the redevelopment of the WTC site or for refunding prior debt issued for such purposes, such series may be issued and sold without limit as to principal amounts and term to maturity, provided that the total aggregate principal amount of all of such series (regardless of the purpose for issuance) shall not be in excess of \$10 billion.

On October 16, 2013, the Board of Commissioners amended the August 1, 2012 resolution as it pertains to the establishment and issuance and sale of Consolidated Bonds, One Hundred Seventy-eighth Series through One Hundred Ninety-third Series to provide (i) for the issuance and sale of each of such series without limit as to principal amount, provided that the total aggregate principal amount of Consolidated Bonds, One Hundred Seventy-fourth Series through One Hundred Ninety-third Series (regardless of the purpose for issuance) shall not be issued and sold under this resolution in a total aggregate principal amount in excess of \$10 billion; (ii) for the issuance and sale of each of such series with a term to maturity not in excess of 120 percent of the weighted average reasonably expected economic life of the Port Authority facilities to be provided with the proceeds of such series, determined as of the date of issuance of such series: and (iii) that an Authorized Officer would be authorized to take any and all action which the Committee on Finance has been authorized to take in connection with the issuance and sale of such series on either a competitive or negotiated basis, provided that actions to be taken by an Authorized Officer in connection therewith shall be subject to prior approval of the Committee on Finance.

During 2014, the Port Authority allocated the proceeds from the sale of consolidated bonds, including bond issuance premiums to refund \$1.2 billion of consolidated bonds and \$50 million of commercial paper notes. As a result of these refundings, the Port Authority decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$280 million over the life of the refunded consolidated bonds. The economic gain resulting from the 2014 debt refundings (the difference between the present value of the cash flows required to service the old debt and the present value of the cash flows required to service the new debt) totaled approximately \$171 million in net present value savings.

B. Commercial Paper Notes

Commercial paper obligations are special obligations of the Port Authority issued to provide interim financing for authorized projects at Port Authority facilities and may be outstanding until December 31, 2015 (See Note E – General and Consolidated Bond

Reserve Funds for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority).

The maximum aggregate principal amount that may be outstanding at any one time is \$300 million for Series A and \$200 million for Series B. Commercial paper obligations are issued without third party provider support for payment at their maturity dates.

		December	31, 2014			
	Dec. 31,		Refunded/	Dec. 31,		
	2013	Issued	Repaid	2014		
		(In thousands)				
Series A*	\$ 192,415	\$ 751,000	\$ 673,720	\$ 269,695		
Series B	155,695	512,590	489,795	178,490		
	\$ 348,110	\$1,263,590	\$1,163,515	\$ 448,185		

	December 31, 2013						
	Dec. 31,		Refunded/	Dec. 31,			
	2012	Issued	Repaid	2013			
		(In thousands)					
Series A*	\$ 226,770	\$ 556,780	\$ 591,135	\$ 192,415			
Series B	157,855	388,215	390,375	155,695			
	\$ 384,625	\$ 944,995	\$ 981,510	\$ 348,110			

Interest rates for all commercial paper notes ranged from 0.06% to 0.11% in 2014.

C. Variable Rate Master Notes

Variable rate master notes are special obligations of the Port Authority and may be issued in aggregate principal amounts outstanding at any one time not to exceed \$400 million (See *Note E – General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds* for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority).

	December 31, 2014						
	Dec. 31,			Refund	led/	Dec. 31,	
	2013	Issu	ıed	Rep	aid	2014	
	(In thousands)						
Agreements 1989 -1995*	\$44,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$44,900	
Agreements 1989 -1998	33,000		-		-	33,000	
	\$77,900	\$	-	\$		\$77,900	

Note D - Outstanding Obligations and Financing (Continued)

	December 31, 2013						
	Dec. 31,			Refund	led/	Dec. 31,	
	2012	Issu	ed	Rep	aid	2013	
	(In thousands)						
Agreements 1989 -1995*	\$44,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$44,900	
Agreements 1989 -1998	33,000		-		-	33,000	
	\$77,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$77,900	

Interest rates are determined weekly, based upon a spread added to a specific industry index (the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association rate) as stated in each master note agreement, and ranged from 0.08% to 0.20% in 2014.

Annual debt service requirements on outstanding variable rate master notes, valued for presentation purposes at the rate in effect at December 31, 2014, would be as follows:

Year ending			Debt
December 31:	Principal	Interest	Service
	(In thou	usands)	
2015	\$ -	\$ 84	\$ 84
2016	-	84	84
2017	-	84	84
2018	-	84	84
2019	-	84	84
2020-2025	77,900	244	78,144
	\$77,900	\$664	\$78,564

Variable rate master notes are subject to prepayment at the option of the Port Authority or upon demand of the holders.

D. Port Authority Equipment Notes

Port Authority equipment notes may be issued in aggregate principal amounts outstanding at any one time not to exceed \$250 million. Equipment notes are payable in the same manner and from the same sources as operating expenses.

Note D - Outstanding Obligations and Financing (Continued)

		[Decem	ber 31	, 2014	
	Dec. 31,			Ref	unded/	Dec. 31,
	2013	Issu	ıed		Repaid	2014
			(In t	housan	ds)	
Notes 2008*	\$ 1,615	\$	-	\$	1,615	\$ -
Notes 2008	45,310		-		13,810	31,500
	\$46,925	\$	-	\$	15,425	\$31,500
			Decer	nber 3	31, 2013	
	Dec. 31,			Ref	unded/	Dec. 31,
	2012	Issu	ıed		Repaid	2013
			(In t	housan	ds)	
Notes 2008*	\$ 1,615	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 1,615
Notes 2008	47,950		-		2,640	45,310
	\$49,565	\$	-	\$	2,640	\$46,925

Variable interest rates, set weekly by a remarketing agent for each series, ranged from 0.08% to 0.17% in 2014.

Annual debt service requirements on outstanding Port Authority equipment notes, valued for presentation purposes at the rate in effect at December 31, 2014, would be as follows:

Year ending			Debt			
December 31:	Principal	Interest	Service			
	(In thousands)					
2015	\$31,500	\$6	\$31,506			

The Port Authority has entered into agreements with the purchasers of the notes stating that on seven days notice on any business day during the term of the agreements, the Port Authority may prepay in whole, or, from time to time, in part, without penalty or premium, the outstanding principal amount of the notes. Also, the purchasers can tender the notes back to the remarketing agent on seven days notice, in whole and not in part. In the event that the remarketing agent cannot resell the notes, notice shall be given by the remarketing agent to the Port Authority requesting the Port Authority to pay the purchase price of the notes.

E. Fund for Regional Development Buy-Out Obligation

December 31, 2014

	L	ecember 31, 20	14	
	Dec. 31,		Total	Dec. 31,
	2013	Accretion (a)	Payment	2014
		(In thous	ands)	
Obligation outstanding	\$311,077	\$23,699	\$51,214	\$283,562
	С	ecember 31, 20 ⁻	13	
	Dec. 31,		Total	Dec. 31,
	2012	Accretion (a)	Payment	2013
		(In thousa	ands)	
Obligation outstanding	\$336,453	\$25,836	\$51,212	\$311,077

⁽a) Represents the annual implicit interest cost 8.25% contained in the present value of amounts due to the States of New York and New Jersey upon the termination, in 1990, of the Fund for Regional Development.

Payments related to the Fund for Regional Development Buy-Out Obligation are payable in the same manner and from the same sources as operating expenses.

Payment requirements of the fund for regional development buy-out obligation outstanding, including the implicit interest cost, at December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Year ending December 31:	Payments
	(In thousands)
2015	\$ 51,212
2016	51,211
2017	53,213
2018	53,214
2019	53,211
2020-2021	106,816
	\$368,877

For additional information associated with the fund for regional development buy-out obligation, refer to *Note H.3 – Regional Programs*.

F. Marine Ocean Terminal at Bayonne Peninsula Obligation (MOTBY)

On August 3, 2010, the Port Authority acquired approximately 131 acres of the former MOTBY from the Bayonne Local Redevelopment Authority (BLRA) for \$235 million. The acquired property is comprised of three parcels on the southern side of the peninsula and has been incorporated into the Port Jersey – Port Authority Marine Terminal for

future marine terminal purposes. The \$235 million total purchase price is payable to the BLRA in twenty-four annual installment payments (2010-2033).

Accordingly, the total purchase price of \$235 million was discounted to a present value of \$178.4 million at an implicit interest rate of 5.25% and recognized as a special obligation of the Port Authority in 2010 (See *Note E – General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds*, for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority).

	December 31, 2014				
	Dec. 31, 2013	Accretion ^(a)	Refunded/ Repaid	Dec. 31, 2014	
	(In thousands)				
Obligation Outstanding	\$ 52,329	\$ 925	\$ 5,000	\$48,254	

	Dec. 31, 2012	Accretion ^(a)	Refunded/ Repaid	Dec. 31, 2013				
	(In thousands)							
Obligation Outstanding	\$ 78,060	\$4,269	\$ 30,000	\$52,329				

⁽a) Represents the annual implicit interest cost 5.25% contained in the present value of amounts due the BLRA.

Payment requirements for the MOTBY obligation outstanding, including the implicit interest cost, at December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Year ending December 31:	Payments
	(In thousands)
2015	\$ 5,000
2016	5,000
2017	5,000
2018	5,000
2019	5,000
2020-2024	25,000
2025-2029	25,000
2030-2033	20,000
	\$95,000

G. Tower 4 Liberty Bonds

In connection with the issuance of the Tower 4 Liberty Bonds by the New York Liberty Development Corporation on November 15, 2011, the Port Authority entered into a Tower 4 Bond Payment Agreement with Tower 4 Trustee to make, as a co-borrower/

obligor with respect to the New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 (4 World Trade Center Project), debt service payments of principal and interest under the bonds as a special obligation of the Port Authority to the trustee during the term of the agreement, from May 11, 2012 through November 15, 2051 (See Note E-General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds, for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority).

	December 31, 2014							
	Dec. 31,				Repaid/	Dec. 31,		
	2013		Issued	2014				
			(In	thous				
Series 2011	\$1,225,520	\$	-	\$	-	\$1,225,520		
Add: unamortized premium	23,177		-		(612)	22,565		
Total Tower 4 Liberty Bonds	\$1,248,697	\$	-	\$	(612)	\$1,248,085		

	December 31, 2013							
	Dec. 31, 2012		leeuod	۸,	Repaid/ nortized	Dec. 31, 2013		
	2012		(In t		2013			
Series 2011	\$1,225,520	\$	_	\$	-	\$1,225,520		
Add: unamortized premium	23,789		-		(612)	23,177		
Total Tower 4 Liberty Bonds	\$1,249,309	\$	-	\$	(612)	\$1,248,697		

Annual debt service payment requirements on outstanding Tower 4 Liberty Bonds at December 31, 2014, would be as follows:

Year ending						
December 31:	Pri	Principal		rest ^(a)	Debt	Service
			(In thousa	nds)		
2015	\$	-	\$	65,293	\$	65,293
2016		-		65,293		65,293
2017		-		65,293		65,293
2018		-		65,293		65,293
2019		-		65,293		65,293
2020-2024		-		326,467		326,467
2025-2029		79,975		322,598		402,573
2030-2034		162,310		291,003		453,313
2035-2039		207,435		245,876		453,311
2040-2044		265,155		188,155		453,310
2045-2049		343,840		109,477		453,317
2050-2051		166,805		14,521		181,326
Total	\$	1,225,520	\$ 1,	824,562	\$3	3,050,082

⁽a) Excludes estimated fixed rent payments of \$576.6 million by the City of New York directly payable to the Tower 4 Liberty Bond trustee pursuant to the City of New York's Tower 4 space lease.

H. Goethals Bridge Replacement Capital Asset Obligation

On August 30, 2013, the Port Authority and a private developer entered into an agreement (the "Project Agreement") for the design, construction, financing and maintenance of a replacement Goethals Bridge (the "Replacement Bridge"). Pursuant to the Project Agreement, the private developer will perform certain operation and maintenance work, and the Port Authority will retain control over the toll collection system, including its operation and maintenance.

On November 8, 2013, the private developer obtained certain financing for the construction of the Replacement Bridge through the issuance by the New Jersey Economic Development Authority of \$460.9 million in tax-exempt private activity bonds, and a Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) direct loan in the amount of \$473.7 million (excluding capitalized interest) from the United States Department of Transportation, acting by and through the Federal Highway Administration. It is currently expected that substantial completion of the replacement bridge will occur in late 2017.

Pursuant to the Project Agreement, the Port Authority will make milestone payments to the private developer in the aggregate amount of \$150.0 million upon satisfactory achievement of certain milestones during construction of the Replacement Bridge. Upon the substantial completion of the Replacement Bridge, the Port Authority is required to make a payment to the private developer in the amount of \$1.02 billion, subject to certain adjustments for the construction of the replacement bridge. In lieu of a cash payment at that time, the developer will extend a loan in that principal amount to the Port Authority, to be repaid in monthly payments of principal and interest (the "DFA Payments"). DFA Payments are a special obligation of the Port Authority, payable over the term of the Project Agreement, which has a scheduled expiration date on the thirty-fifth anniversary of the substantial completion date of the Replacement Bridge (See Note E – General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds, for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority). The DFA Payments are subject to certain deductions for non-compliance by the private developer with the terms of the Project Agreement.

Substantial construction activities commenced in May 2014. The Port Authority, as owner of the replacement bridge currently being constructed has accrued to date \$210 million of the total \$1.02 billion capital asset financing obligation based on the percentage of construction completed as of December 31, 2014.

Note D - Outstanding Obligations and Financing (Continued)

DFA Payments expected to be made to the private developer after substantial completion of the replacement bridge are as follows:

Year ending December 31:	DFA Payments			
	(In thousands)			
2018	\$ 56,476			
2019	57,323			
2020	58,183			
2021	59,056			
2022	59,942			
2023-2027	313,469			
2028-2032	337,696			
2033-2037	363,794			
2038-2042	391,910			
2043-2047	422,198			
2048-2052	454,827			
Total	\$2,574,874			

Amounts Payable - Special Project Bonds

Neither the full faith and credit of the Port Authority, nor the General Reserve Fund, nor the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund are pledged to the payment of the principal and interest on special project bonds. Principal and interest on each series of special project bonds are secured solely by a mortgage by the Port Authority of facility rental (to the extent received by the Port Authority from a lessee) as set forth in a lease with respect to a project to be financed with the proceeds of the bonds of such series, by a mortgage by the lessee of its leasehold interest under the lease and by a security interest granted by the lessee to the Port Authority and mortgaged by the Port Authority in certain items of the lessee's personal property to be located at the project, and such other security in addition to the foregoing as may be required by the Port Authority from time to time as appropriate to the particular project.

Note	D - Outstanding Obligations and Fina	ncing (Continued)						
			-	I	Dece	mbe	er 31, 2014		
			Dec. 31,				Repaid/		Dec. 31,
			2013	Issu	ıed	A	Amortized		2014
				(lı	า thoเ	usar	ıds)		
Series	s 2, Continental Airlines, Inc. and								
Easte	rn Air Lines, Inc. Project (a)*								
	9.125% due 2014-2015	\$	42,930	\$	-	\$	(20,530)	\$	22,400
Add:	unamortized discount		(933)		-		487		(446)
	Total - Series 2		41,997		-		(20,043)		21,954
Series	s 4, KIAC Partners Project (b)*								
	6.75% due 2014-2019		108,500		_		(15,300)		93,200
Add:	unamortized discount		(1,101)				191		(910)
	Total - Series 4		107,399		-		(15,109)		92,290
Sorio	s 6, JFKIAT Project (c)*								
Selles	• • • •		657,805				(39,175)		618,630
٠ - ا - ا -	5.75%-6.25% due 2014-2025		•		-		,		
Add:	unamortized discount		(3,999)				336		(3,663)
	Total - Series 6		653,806		-		(38,839)		614,967
Series	s 8, JFKIAT Project (d)								
	5%-6.5% due 2018-2042		796,280		-		-		796,280
Add:	unamortized discount		(12,014)		-		415		(11,599)
	Total - Series 8		784,266		-		415		784,681
Amou	nts payable - Special Project Bonds	\$1	,587,468	\$	-	\$	(73,576)	\$1	,513,892

- (a) Special project bonds, Series 2, Continental Airlines, Inc. and Eastern Air Lines, Inc. Project, were issued in 1990 in connection with a project that included the construction of a passenger terminal at LGA leased to and to be occupied by Continental and Eastern. The leasehold interest of Eastern was assigned to Continental. Continental's leasehold interest in such passenger terminal, including the previously acquired leasehold interest of Eastern, was subsequently assigned to USAir, Inc. and, then, subsequently assigned to Delta Airlines, Inc. (with Continental and USAir, Inc. to remain liable under both underlying leases).
- (b) Special project bonds, Series 4, KIAC Partners Project, were issued in 1996 to refund special project bonds, Series 3, KIAC Partners Project, and in connection with a project at JFK, that included the construction of a cogeneration facility, the renovation and expansion of the central heating and refrigeration plant, and the renovation and expansion of the thermal distribution system.
- (c) Special project bonds, Series 6, JFKIAT Project, were issued in 1997 in connection with a project that included the development and construction of a new passenger terminal at JFK.
- (d) Special project bonds, Series 8, JFKIAT Project, were issued in 2010 in connection with a project that included the expansion of Terminal 4 at JFK.

Note	D - Outstanding Obligations and Fina	ncing	(Continued)						
					I	Dece	mber 31, 201	3	
			Dec. 31,				Repaid/		Dec. 31,
			2012	Issu	ıed		Amortized		2013
				(In the	ousar	nds)		
Series	s 2, Continental Airlines, Inc. and								
Easte	ern Air Lines, Inc. Project (a)*								
	9.125% due 2014-2015	\$	61,740	\$	-	\$	(18,810)	\$	42,930
Add:	unamortized discount		(1,419)		-		486		(933)
	Total - Series 2		60,321		-		(18,324)		41,997
Series	s 4, KIAC Partners Project (b)*								
	6.75% due 2014-2019		123,100		_		(14,600)		108,500
Add:	unamortized discount		(1,292)		-		191		(1,101)
	Total - Series 4		121,808		-		(14,409)		107,399
Series	s 6, JFKIAT Project (c)*								
	5.75%-6.25% due 2014-2025		694,705		-		(36,900)		657,805
Add:	unamortized discount		(4,335)		-		336		(3,999)
	Total - Series 6		690,370		-		(36,564)		653,806
Series	s 8, JFKIAT Project (d)								
	5%-6.5% due 2018-2042		796,280		-		-		796,280
Add:	unamortized discount		(12,429)		-		415		(12,014)
	Total - Series 8		783,851		-		415		784,266
Amou	ınts payable - Special Project Bonds	\$	1,656,350	\$	-	\$	(68,882)	\$1	,587,468

- (a) Special project bonds, Series 2, Continental Airlines, Inc. and Eastern Air Lines, Inc. Project, were issued in 1990 in connection with a project that included the construction of a passenger terminal at LGA leased to and to be occupied by Continental and Eastern. The leasehold interest of Eastern was assigned to Continental. Continental's leasehold interest in such passenger terminal, including the previously acquired leasehold interest of Eastern, was subsequently assigned to USAir, Inc. and, then, subsequently assigned to Delta Airlines, Inc. (with Continental and USAir, Inc. to remain liable under both underlying leases).
- (b) Special project bonds, Series 4, KIAC Partners Project, were issued in 1996 to refund special project bonds, Series 3, KIAC Partners Project, and in connection with a project at JFK, that included the construction of a cogeneration facility, the renovation and expansion of the central heating and refrigeration plant, and the renovation and expansion of the thermal distribution system.
- (c) Special project bonds, Series 6, JFKIAT Project, were issued in 1997 in connection with a project that included the development and construction of a new passenger terminal at JFK.
- (d) Special project bonds, Series 8, JFKIAT Project, were issued in 2010 in connection with a project that included the expansion of Terminal 4 at JFK.

Note E – General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds

(Pursuant to Port Authority Bond Resolutions)

The General Reserve Fund is pledged in support of Consolidated Bonds and Notes. Statutes which require the Port Authority to create and maintain the General Reserve Fund established the principle of pooling revenues from all facilities and require that the Port Authority apply surplus revenues from all of its existing facilities to maintain the General Reserve Fund in an amount at least equal to 10% of the par value of outstanding bonds legal for investment. At December 31, 2014, the General Reserve Fund balance was \$2,131,711,500 and met the prescribed statutory amount (see *Schedule C – Analysis of Reserve Funds*).

The balance remaining of all net revenues of the Port Authority's existing facilities after deducting payments for debt service upon all Consolidated Bonds and Notes and the amount necessary to maintain the General Reserve Fund at its statutorily required amount is to be paid into the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund, which is pledged as additional security for all outstanding Consolidated Bonds and Notes. Consolidated Bonds and Notes have a first lien upon the net revenues (as defined in the Consolidated Bond Resolution) of all existing facilities of the Port Authority and any additional facility financed by Consolidated Bonds.

Commercial paper notes, Variable rate master notes, MOTBY obligation, Tower 4 Liberty Bonds and the Goethals Bridge Replacement Capital Asset Obligation are special obligations of the Port Authority. The Port Authority is also a special limited co-obligor on the senior debt issued for WTC Tower 3, with a capped amount of debt service shortfalls payable as a special obligation of the Port Authority (See *Note K- Information with Respect to the Redevelopment of the World Trade Center Site,* for additional information related to certain contingent obligations of the Port Authority with respect to the development of WTC Tower 3).

Special obligations of the Port Authority are payable from the proceeds of obligations of the Port Authority issued for such purposes, including Consolidated Bonds issued in whole or in part for such purposes, or from net revenues (as defined below) deposited to the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund, and in the event such net revenues are insufficient therefor, from other moneys of the Port Authority legally available for such payments when due.

Net revenues for purposes of special obligations are defined, with respect to any date of calculation, as the revenues of the Port Authority pledged under the Consolidated Bond Resolution, and remaining after, (i) payment or provision for payment of debt service on Consolidated Bonds as required by the applicable provisions of the Consolidated Bond Resolution; (ii) payment into the General Reserve Fund of the amount necessary to maintain the General Reserve Fund at the amount specified in the General Reserve Fund Statutes; and (iii) applications to the authorized purposes under Section 7 of the Consolidated Bond Resolution.

Special obligations of the Port Authority are subject in all respects to payment of debt service on Consolidated Bonds as required by the applicable provisions of the Consolidated Bond Resolution and payment into the General Reserve Fund of the amount necessary to maintain the General Reserve Fund at the amount specified in the General Reserve Fund statutes.

Special obligations of the Port Authority are not secured by or payable from the General Reserve Fund. Additionally, special obligations of the Port Authority do not create any lien on, pledge of or security interest in any revenues, reserve funds or other property of the Port Authority.

Equipment notes and the Fund for regional development buy-out obligation are payable in the same manner and from the same sources as operating expenses.

Special project bonds are not secured by or payable from the General Reserve Fund or the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund.

The moneys in the reserve funds may be accumulated or applied only to purposes set forth in legislation and the agreements with the holders of the Port Authority's obligations pertaining thereto. At December 31, 2014, the Port Authority met the requirements of the Consolidated Bond Resolution to maintain total reserve funds in cash and certain specified securities.

In addition, the Port Authority has a long-standing policy of maintaining total reserve funds in an amount equal to at least the next two years' bonded debt service on outstanding debt secured by a pledge of the General Reserve Fund.

Note F – Funding Provided by Others

During 2014 and 2013, the Port Authority received certain reimbursements related to certain policing programs as well as federal and state funding for operating and capital activities:

1. Policing programs

- a. K-9 Program The FAA and the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) provided funding for operating costs associated with the training and care of explosive detection dogs. Amounts received in connection with this program were approximately \$1.4 million in both 2014 and 2013.
- b. Airport Screening Program The TSA provided approximately \$306,600 in each 2014 and 2013 to fund operating costs incurred by Port Authority police personnel involved with airport screening programs at JFK and EWR.
- c. U.S. Department of State (USDOS) The Port Authority received \$734,523 in 2014 and \$573,500 in 2013 from the USDOS to fund operating security costs

incurred by Port Authority police personnel for the United Nations General Assembly.

Amounts received in connection with policing operations are recorded as operating revenues on the Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and on Schedule A – *Revenues and Reserves*.

2. Grants in connection with operating activities

- a. Security Grant Programs In 2014 and 2013, the Port Authority recognized approximately \$154 million and \$88 million, respectively, for various security related grant programs from the TSA for baggage screening at LGA, JFK and EWR and The New York State Office of Homeland Security.
- b. Superstorm Sandy In 2014 and 2013, the Port Authority recognized \$50.5 million and \$95.7 million in FTA grants associated with Superstorm Sandy recovery efforts (For additional information on Superstorm Sandy See *Note J.6 Commitments and Certain Charges to Operations*).

3. Contributions in Aid of Capital Construction

- a. WTC Towers 2, 3 and 4 The Port Authority recognized \$235 million in 2014 and \$161 million in 2013 in capital contributions from the Silverstein net lessees for the construction of WTC Towers 2, 3 and 4. In addition, in 2014, an \$80 million Contribution in aid of construction was applied from New York State related to the construction of WTC Tower 3.
- b. WTC Transportation Hub The Port Authority recognized \$250 million in 2014 and \$288 million in 2013 from the FTA for the construction of the WTC Transportation Hub. As of December 31, 2014, the Port Authority has received \$2.4 billion from the FTA for the WTC Transportation Hub.
- c. Airport Improvement Program (AIP) The Port Authority recognized \$39 million in 2014 and \$54 million in 2013 in AIP funding primarily related to School Soundproofing at LGA, JFK, EWR and Teterboro Airport.
- d. Other The Port Authority recognized \$14 million in capital contributions from the Lower Manhattan Development Corporation (LMDC) for the WTC Cultural Project and \$1.4 million from the Battery Park City Authority for the World Financial Center Route 9-A Underpass in 2014.
- e. Superstorm Sandy In 2014, the Port Authority recognized \$10 million in FTA capital contributions related to Superstorm Sandy permanent repairs primarily at PATH (For additional information on Superstorm Sandy See *Note J.6 Commitments and Certain Charges to Operations*).

Note G - Lease Commitments

1. Operating lease revenues

Gross operating revenues attributable to fixed rentals associated with operating leases amounted to approximately \$1.1 billion in each of 2014 and 2013.

2. Property held for lease

The Port Authority has entered into operating leases with tenants for the use of space at various Port Authority facilities including buildings, terminals, offices and consumer service areas at air terminals, marine terminals, bus terminals, rail facilities, industrial parks, the Teleport and the WTC. Investments in such facilities, as of December 31, 2014, include property associated with minimum rentals derived from the leases. It is not reasonably practicable to segregate the value of assets associated with producing minimum rental revenue from the value of assets associated with an entire facility.

Future minimum rentals are predicated upon the ability of the lessees to meet their commitments. Future minimum rentals scheduled to be received on operating leases in effect on December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Year ending December 31:	Minimum Rentals
	(In thousands)
2015 (a)	\$ 1,459,530
2016	833,317
2017	816,179
2018	779,271
2019	670,880
2020-2100 (b)	24,251,346
Total future minimum rentals (c)	\$28,810,523

- (a) Includes \$506 million related to the transfer of the Port Authority's interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture to Westfield.
- (b) Includes future minimum rentals of approximately \$14 billion attributable to the Silverstein net leases for WTC Towers 2, 3 and 4.
- (c) Not included in the future minimum rentals is approximately \$837 million attributable to lease agreements at One World Trade Center entered into with China Center New York LLC for 202,746 square feet of office space, General Services Administration for 273,004 square feet of office space, Legends Hospitality, LLC for 120,377 square feet for the development and operation of the Observation Deck, and eight other lease agreements total of 197,159 square feet. Rentals from these leases are contingent upon specific events occurring.

3. Property leased from others

Rental payments, including payments to the Cities of New York and Newark for various air terminals, marine terminals and other leased facilities and the cost of temporary office

space due to the destruction of the WTC, aggregated \$312 million in 2014 and \$305 million in 2013. Rental payments exclude PILOT payments to municipalities.

Future minimum rentals scheduled to be paid on operating leases in effect on December 31, 2014 are detailed below. Additional rentals may be payable based on earnings of specified facilities under some of these leases.

Year ending December 31 :	Minimum Rentals
	(In thousands)
2015	\$ 323,189
2016	292,945
2017	276,880
2018	276,978
2019	275,996
2020-2024	1,353,172
2025-2029	1,333,270
2030-2034	1,326,516
2035-2039	1,289,016
2040-2044	1,264,016
2045-2099*	2,611,163
Total future minimum rent payments	\$10,623,141

^{*} Future minimum rent payments for the years 2045-2099 consist of future payments relating to leased Marine and Air Terminals, including the operating lease related to Stewart International Airport, which expires in 2099.

Note H – Regional Programs

- 1. At the request of the Governors of the States of New York and New Jersey, the Port Authority participates in certain programs that are deemed essential to the continued economic viability of the two states and the region. These programs, which are generally non-revenue producing to the Port Authority, are addressed by the Port Authority in its budget and business planning process in the context of the Port Authority's overall financial capacity. To the extent not otherwise a part of existing Port Authority facilities, these projects are effectuated through additional Port Authority facilities established solely for these purposes. The Port Authority does not expect to derive any revenues from regional development facilities described below.
 - Regional Development Facility (certified in 1987) This facility is a centralized program of certain economic development and infrastructure renewal projects. It was expected that \$250 million of capital funds would be made available in connection with the Governors' Program of June 1983. As of December 31, 2014, approximately \$249 million has been expended under this program.
 - Regional Economic Development Program (certified in 1989) This facility is to be comprised of up to \$400 million for certain transportation, economic development and infrastructure renewal projects. Net expenditures on projects authorized under this program totaled approximately \$397 million as of December 31, 2014.

- Oak Point Rail Freight Link (certified in 1981) The Port Authority has participated with the New York State Department of Transportation in the development of the Oak Point Rail Freight Link. As of December 31, 2014, the Port Authority has provided approximately \$102 million for this rail project, of which approximately \$63 million was made available through the Regional Development Facility and the Regional Economic Development Program.
- New Jersey Marine Development Program (certified in 1989) This program was undertaken to fund certain fishery, marine or port development projects in the State of New Jersey at a total cost not to exceed \$27 million. All funds under this program have been fully allocated and expended.
- New York Transportation, Economic Development and Infrastructure Renewal Program (certified in 2002) – This facility was established to provide up to \$250 million for certain transportation, economic development and infrastructure renewal projects in the State of New York. As of December 31, 2014, \$247 million has been spent on projects associated with this program.
- Regional Transportation Program (certified in 2002) This facility was established in conjunction with a program to provide up to \$500 million for regional transportation initiatives. All funds under this program have been fully allocated and expended.
- Hudson-Raritan Estuary Resource Programs (certified in 2002 and 2014) –
 These facilities were established to acquire certain real property in the Port
 District area of the Hudson-Raritan Estuary for environmental
 enhancement/ancillary economic development purposes, in support of the Port
 Authority's capital program. The cost of real property acquired under these
 programs are not to exceed \$120 million. As of December 31, 2014,
 approximately \$54 million has been expended under this program.
- Regional Rail Freight Program (certified in 2002) This facility provides for the Port Authority to participate, in consultation with other governmental entities in the States of New York and New Jersey, in the development of certain regional rail freight projects to provide for increased rail freight capacity. The Port Authority is authorized to provide up to \$50 million. All funds under this program have been fully allocated and expended.
- Meadowlands Passenger Rail Facility (certified in 2006) This facility, which links New Jersey Transit's (NJT) Pascack Valley Rail Line to the Meadowlands Sports Complex, encourages greater use of PATH service since NJT runs shuttle bus service at peak times to Hoboken. The improved level of passenger rail service provided by the facility also serves to ease traffic congestion on the Port Authority's interstate tunnel and bridge crossings. The Port Authority is authorized to provide up to \$150 million towards the project's capital costs. All funds under this program have been fully allocated and expended.

As of December 31, 2014, approximately \$2.1 billion has been expended for regional programs. Costs for these programs that are not otherwise recognized as part of an existing Port Authority facility, are deferred and amortized over the period benefited, up to a maximum of 15 years. The unamortized costs of the regional programs are as follows:

	Dec. 31,	Project		Dec. 31,
	2013	Expenditures	Amortization	2014
		(In thousands)		
Regional Development Facility	\$18,464	\$ -	\$5,491	\$12,973
Regional Economic Development Program	44,285	-	13,674	30,611
Oak Point Rail Freight Link	4,889	-	1,630	3,259
New Jersey Marine Development Program	2,526	-	834	1,692
New York Transportation, Economic Development and Infrastructure Renewal				
Program	64,829	1,833	9,266	57,396
Regional Transportation Program	126,720	-	16,667	110,053
Hudson-Raritan Estuary Resources Program	37,323	378	3,589	34,112
Regional Rail Freight Program	18,829	-	3,333	15,496
Meadowlands Passenger Rail Facility	87,395	-	10,000	77,395
Total unamortized costs of regional programs	\$405,260	\$2,211	\$64,484	\$342,987

- 2. Bi-State Initiatives From time to time, the Port Authority makes payments to assist various bi-state initiatives that are charged to operation. During 2014, the Port Authority expended approximately \$2 million on bi-state initiatives, bringing the total amount spent to date to approximately \$175 million.
- 3. Buy-Out of Fund for Regional Development In 1983, the Fund for Regional Development (Fund) was established to sublease space in the WTC that was previously held by the State of New York as a tenant. An agreement among the Port Authority and the States of New York and New Jersey with respect to the Fund provided that net revenues from the subleasing were to be accumulated subject to disbursements to be made upon the concurrence of the Governors of New York and New Jersey. The assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Fund were not consolidated with those of the Port Authority. In 1990, the Port Authority and the States of New York and New Jersey agreed to terminate the Fund. The present value (calculated at the time of the termination agreement) of the cost to the Port Authority of its purchase of the Fund's interest in the WTC subleased space was approximately \$431 million. The liability for payments to the States of New York and New Jersey attributable to the Fund for regional development buy-out obligation is further described in Note D (E) Outstanding Obligations and Financing.

Note I - Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Employee Benefits

1. Pension Plans

a. New York State Retirement System

Generally, full-time employees of the Port Authority (but not its related entities) are required to join one of two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) or the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS), collectively referred to as the "Retirement System." The New York State Constitution provides that membership in a pension or retirement system of the State or of a civil division thereof is a contractual relationship, the benefits of which may not be diminished or impaired.

The Retirement System provides retirement benefits related to years of service and final average salary, death and disability benefits, vesting of benefits after a set period of credited public service, and optional methods of benefit payment. Depending upon the date of membership, retirement benefits differ as to the qualifying age or years-of-service requirement for service retirement, the benefit formula used in calculating the retirement allowance and the contributory or non-contributory nature of the plan.

Employer contributions to the Retirement System are determined based on an actuarial valuation of the present value of future benefits for active and retired members. When the actuarially determined value of benefits is greater than the assets to be used for the payment of benefits, the difference must be made up through employer contributions. That difference is amortized over the working lives of current members to determine the required annual contribution. Separate calculations are done for each plan, since each plan allows for different benefits. However, in no case will the employer's annual contribution to the Retirement System be less than 4.5% of covered payroll, including years in which the investment performance of the New York State Common Retirement Fund would make a lower contribution possible.

The Port Authority's covered ERS and PFRS payroll for 2014 was approximately \$391 million and \$253 million, respectively.

Required Port Authority cash contributions to the Retirement System, including costs for participation in retirement incentive programs, are as follows:

Year Ended	Cor	ERS ntribution	% of Covered Payroll	PFRS Contribution		% of Covered Payroll		Total tribution	Total % of Covered Payroll
(\$ In thousands)									
2014	\$	71,588	18.3%	\$	71,443	28.2%	\$	143,031	22.2%
2013		73,775	19.2%		62,923	26.1%		136,698	21.8%
2012		76,321	19.5%		61,687	27.4%		138,008	22.3%
Total	\$	221,684		\$	196,053		\$	417,737	

In 2014, employee contributions to the ERS totaled approximately \$10.7 million or 2.7% of ERS covered payroll.

The Annual Report of the Retirement System, which provides details on valuation methods and ten-year historical trend information, is available from the Comptroller of the State of New York, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12236.

b. New York State Voluntary Defined Contribution Program (VDC)

Non-represented New York State public employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 with estimated annual wages of \$75,000 or more are eligible to participate in the VDC by electing out of the ERS defined benefit pension plan.

An electing employee contributes up to six percent (6%) of their annual gross wages with an additional employer contribution of eight percent (8%) of the employee's annual gross wages.

48 Port Authority employees are currently enrolled in the VDC program. Employee contributions totaled \$178,254 in 2014 and \$12,030 in 2013. Employer contributions totaled \$240,933 in 2014 and \$16,410 in 2013, respectively.

c. PATH Represented Employee Pension Plans

Employees of PATH are not eligible to participate in New York State's Retirement System. For most PATH employees represented by unions, PATH contributes to supplemental pension plans that are administered by trustees, appointed by union members. Annual PATH contributions to these plans are defined in the various collective bargaining agreements; no employee contributions are required. PATH payroll expense in 2014 for these employees was approximately \$96 million. Contributions made by PATH in 2014 in accordance with the terms of various collective bargaining agreements totaled approximately \$6 million, which represented approximately \$6.7% of the total PATH covered payroll for 2014. Contributions in 2013 totaled approximately \$6 million.

d. PATH Non-represented Employee Pension Plan

Employees of PATH who are not covered by collective bargaining agreements (sometimes referred to as PATH Exempt Employees) are members of the PATH Corporation Exempt Employees Supplemental Pension Plan, amended and restated as of January 1, 2011 (the Plan). The Plan is a non-contributory, unfunded, single employer, qualified defined benefit governmental pension plan administered by PATH.

The Plan provides retirement benefits related to years of service as a PATH Exempt Employee and final average salary, death benefits for active PATH Exempt Employees, vesting of retirement benefits after a set period of credited service as a PATH Exempt Employee, and optional methods of retirement benefit payment. Depending upon the date of membership, retirement benefits differ as to the qualifying age or years-of-service requirement and the benefit formula used in calculating retirement benefits.

As of January 1, 2014, Plan participants included 87 retired PATH Exempt Employees (or their beneficiaries), 90 active PATH Exempt Employees, and 26 terminated but vested employees who are currently not receiving benefits.

On August 22, 2013, The Port Authority established the PATH Exempt Employees Supplemental Pension Plan Trust with Wells Fargo Institutional Retirement Trust services as Trustee. As of December 31, 2014 no amounts have been deposited into the trust to prefund future pension obligations.

The actuarially determined valuation of pension benefits is reviewed annually for the purpose of estimating the present value of pension benefits earned by Plan participants as of the valuation date.

The actuarial valuation was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers and GASB Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures (an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27). The Plan does not issue separate stand-alone financial statements.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the terms of the Plan as described by PATH to participants, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation.

In the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was employed for all participants. Actuarial assumptions used to project pension benefits included a 5.25% discount rate, representing the estimated long term yield on investments expected to be used for the payment of pension benefits, and a salary scale adjustment of 3% per annum (including 2.5% inflation factor). In addition, a level percentage of projected payroll authorization method, using a thirty-year open amortization period, 5.25% interest rate and 2.5% inflation factor was used to amortize the unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) and previously recognized Net Pension Obligation (NPO).

The AAL, representing the amount of pension benefits earned by plan participants in prior periods totaled \$60.4 million as of January 1, 2014. There were no plan assets as of January 1, 2014, thus the unfunded AAL also totaled \$60.4 million.

The following reflects the components of the 2014 annual pension cost, benefits paid and changes to the NPO.

Annual Pension Cost and NPO for 2014 and 2013

	2014	_	2013
		(In thousands)	
Service Cost	\$ 1,599		\$ 1,435
Amortization of Unfunded AAL	3,033		2,860
Total Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	4,632		4,295
Amortization of Previously Recognized NPO	(1,477)		(1,401)
Interest on NPO	1,545		1,466
Annual Pension Cost	4,700		4,360
Benefits Paid in the Year	(3,388)		(2,847)
Increase in NPO in the Year	1,312		1,513
NPO Beginning of Year	29,437		27,924
NPO End of Year	\$30,749	= =	\$29,437

The year-to-year change in the NPO consists of the difference between the 2014 annual pension cost of \$4.7 million and 2014 pension benefits paid to Plan participants totaling \$3.4 million.

The service cost of \$1.6 million represents the amount of pension benefits earned by plan participants in the current period.

The \$3.0 million amortization associated with the \$60.4 million unfunded AAL was calculated using a level percentage of projected payroll amortization method.

Amortization associated with the previously recognized NPO of \$29.4 million totaled (\$1.5) million in 2014.

Annual Pension Cost and NPO for 2012 – 2014

Year	Annual Pension Cost	Ratio of Benefit Payments to Annual Pension Cost	NPO Year-End Balance
		(\$ In thousands)	
2014	\$4,700	72.09%	\$30,749
2013	\$4,360	78.30%	\$29,437
2012	\$3,967	74.29%	\$27,924

In 2014, PATH (the employer) continued to make retirement benefit payments on a payas-you-go basis from available Port Authority operating funds.

The Schedule of Funding Progress for 2014 is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	AAL	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	AAL as a % of Payroll
			(\$ In thousands)		
1/1/14	\$0	\$60,451	\$60,451	0%	\$10,746	563%

The schedule of funding progress for the current year and the two preceding years is presented as required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements, and presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

2. Other Postemployment Employee Benefits (OPEB)

Benefit Plans

The Port Authority and PATH provide, pursuant to Board action or as contemplated thereby, certain group health care, prescription, dental, vision and term life insurance benefits for retired employees of the Port Authority and PATH (includes eligible dependents and survivors of retired employees). Collectively, these covered individuals are referred to as "participants." Contributions toward the costs of these benefits are required of certain non-represented participants. Retiree contributions for certain non-represented participants generally range from 3% to 100% of the Port Authority's or PATH's cost of providing retiree benefits and are dependent on a number of factors including, type of benefit, hire date, years of service, pension earnings and retirement date. Benefits are provided through insurance companies whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year, or through plans under which benefits are paid by service providers on behalf of the Port Authority or PATH.

OPEB Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined valuation of OPEB is reviewed annually for the purpose of estimating the present value of postemployment benefits earned by plan participants as of the valuation date.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the benefit plans as described by the Port Authority and PATH to participants, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future, including future employment with a

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salary scale at a rate of 3% per year, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Included in the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation of the Port Authority and PATH OPEB obligation were 14,374 participants (7,159 active, 5,723 retirees and 1,492 surviving spouses). The actuarial assumptions used to project and discount future OPEB payments include, a 6.75% investment rate of return (discount rate), representing the expected long term rate of return on plan assets to be used for the payment of benefits; medical healthcare cost trend rates of 8.25% for Pre-65 year-old participants and 7% for Post-65 year-old participants, declining to an ultimate medical healthcare cost trend rate of 5% in 2022 (including 2.5% inflation factor), a pharmacy benefit cost trend rate of 7%, decreasing to 5% in 2021; a dental benefit cost trend rate of 5% per year for all years; and an Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) savings of 5% per year for all years. For purposes of allocating the present value of OPEB benefits, the projected unit credit cost method was employed for participants. In addition, the Unfunded AAL is being amortized as a level dollar amount over an open period of 30 years.

OPEB Costs and Obligations

OPEB benefit costs and obligations are actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The AAL, representing the amount of OPEB benefits earned by plan participants in prior periods, totaled \$2.4 billion as of January 1, 2014. The unfunded AAL, totaling \$1.7 billion, represents the difference between the AAL of \$2.4 billion and the amount of plan assets of \$708 million.

The following reflects the components of the 2014 and 2013 annual OPEB costs, amounts paid, and changes to the net accrued OPEB obligation based on the January 1, 2014 and 2013 actuarial valuations:

	2014	2013
	(In millions)	
Annual OPEB cost:		
Annual required contribution (ARC):		
Normal cost	\$ 40.8	\$ 35.5
Amortization cost	131.4	132.5
Total ARC	172.2	168.0
Adjustments to ARC	(40.3)	(47.5)
Annual OPEB cost	\$ 131.9	\$ 120.5

	2014	2013
	(In millions)	
Net OPEB Obligation:		
Net OPEB obligation at the beginning of fiscal year	\$ 250.4	\$ 341.7
Annual OPEB Cost	131.9	120.5
Employer Contributions :		
OPEB payments	(121.9)	(111.8)
Trust contributions	(100.0)	(100.0)
Total employer contributions	(221.9)	(211.8)
Net accrued OPEB obligation as of December 31st	\$ 160.4	\$ 250.4

The normal cost of \$40.8 million represents the amount of OPEB benefits earned by plan participants in the current period.

Amortization of the unfunded AAL totaling \$131.4 million represents the annual funding requirement that if paid quarterly over a thirty-year period at 6.75% is projected to satisfy the unfunded AAL of \$1.7 billion.

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established a new prescription drug benefit commonly known as Medicare Part D. The Port Authority's application to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) within the Department of Health and Human Services to sponsor a Part D Plan for retirees was approved effective January 1, 2006. Effective January 1, 2009, the Port Authority contracted with Express Scripts, Inc. for an Employee Group Waiver Plan (CMS approved series 800 plan) covering its retirees. Under the contract, Express Scripts, Inc. assumed responsibility for the administrative and compliance obligations imposed by CMS. In 2014, CMS payments to Express Scripts, Inc., on behalf of the Port Authority, totaled approximately \$2.6 million. These amounts were considered in calculating the actuarial valuation of the OPEB liability.

The Port Authority and PATH's combined annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plans, and the net accrued OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years, were as follows:

Year	Annual OPEB Cost	OPEB Payments as a % of Annual OPEB Cost	Net Accrued OPEB Obligation
		(\$ In thousands)	
2014	\$131,943	168%	\$160,430
2013	\$120,494	176%	\$250,441
2012	\$101,128	206%	\$341,702

Funding Status

On December 14, 2006, the Port Authority established a restricted fund to provide funding for postemployment employee benefits. Effective December 2010, the Port Authority's quarterly contributions to The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey Retiree Health

Benefits Trust (Trust), with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A-Institutional Trust Services serving as the Trustee totaled \$25 million. In 2014 and 2013, annual contributions to the Trust totaled \$100 million respectively.

OPEB Trust assets (at fair value), the AAL, the unfunded AAL for benefits, the annual payroll amounts for active employees covered by the plans and the ratio of the unfunded AAL to covered payroll for 2014 were as follows:

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of OPEB Trust		Unfunded	Funded	Covered	Unfunded AAL as a % of
Date	Assets*	AAL	AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
			(\$ In millions)	_	
1/1/14	\$708	\$2,394	\$1,686	30%	\$753	224%

^{*}OPEB trust assets totaled \$859 million as of December 31, 2014.

The schedule of funding progress for the current year and the two preceding years is presented as required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements, and presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Following are the Condensed Statements of Trust Net Position and Changes in Trust Net Position held in trust for OPEB for 2014 and 2013. The activities of the trust are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting and all investments are recorded at their fair value.

Statements of Trust Net Position

	December 31,			
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		
	(In thou	sands)		
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 58,024	\$ 70,415		
Investments, at fair value	854,798	687,116		
Accounts receivable	2,645	2,630		
Total assets	915,467	760,161		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	56,089	52,479		
Total liabilities	56,089	52,479		
Net Position Held In Trust For OPEB	\$ 859,378	\$ 707,682		

Statements of Changes in Trust Net Position

	2014 (In th	<u>2013</u> nousands)
Additions	(,
Contributions*	\$ 221,953	\$ 211,756
Investment income:		
Net change in fair value of investments	32,830	66,824
Interest income	19,759	16,146
Total net investment income	52,589	82,970
Deductions		
Benefit payments, administrative expenses and fees*	(122,846)	(112,083)
Total deductions	(122,846)	(112,083)
Net Increase	151,696	182,643
Trust net position, January 1	707,682	525,039
Net Position Held In Trust For OPEB	\$ 859,378	\$ 707,682

^{*}Include Port Authority's payments totaling \$121.9 million in 2014 and \$111.8 million in 2013 that were paid to OPEB plan members or their beneficiaries out of available Port Authority operating funds. These direct benefit payments were not included as part of the Trust's activities.

The audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 of the Trust, which provides additional information concerning trust assets, are available from the Comptroller's Department of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, 1 PATH Plaza, Jersey City, New Jersey 07306.

Note J— Commitments and Certain Charges to Operations

- 1. Approval of a budget by the Board of Commissioners does not in itself authorize any specific expenditures, which are authorized from time to time by or as contemplated by other actions by the Board of Commissioners of the Port Authority consistent with statutory, contractual and other commitments of the Port Authority, including agreements with the holders of its obligations.
- **2.** At December 31, 2014, the Port Authority had entered into various construction contracts totaling approximately \$6.5 billion, which are expected to be completed within the next three years.
- **3.** Other amounts receivable, net recognized on the Consolidated Statements of Net Position totaled \$56.6 million at December 31, 2014, and is comprised of the following:

	Dec. 31, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Dec. 31, 2014				
		(In thousands)						
Long-term receivables from tenants Installment due from the ECRR operator	\$19,784 1,418	\$26,314 -	\$16,150 173	\$29,948 1,245				
Insurance receivable - Superstorm Sandy Advances for construction projects	- 8,759	76,028 2,292	74,824 10,051	1,204 1,000				
Amounts due from Tower 4 Liberty Bonds Other	- 8,492	6,128 8,623	-	6,128 17,115				
Total other amounts receivable, net	\$38,453	\$119,385	\$101,198	\$56,640				

4. The 2014 balance of Other noncurrent liabilities consists of the following:

	Dec 31, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Dec 31, 2014
		(In thous	sands)	
Workers' Compensation liability	\$48,074	\$36,770	\$20,929	\$63,915
Self Insured Outstanding Claims	62,570	30,327	15,601	77,296
Pollution remediation	21,819	3,737	4,141	21,415
Asset forfeiture	24,454	2,170	3,114	23,510
Surety and security deposits	6,940	816	730	7,026
WTC Joint Ventures Preferred Returns	28,949	17,732	18,396	28,285
Unearned gain on sale of NLCC	-	4,761	-	4,761
Vacated temporary offices exit obligation	-	42,813	-	42,813
Goethals Bridge Replacement milestones	-	22,684	-	22,684
Other	55,793	3,453	17,998	41,248
Gross other liabilities	\$248,599	\$165,263	\$80,909	\$332,953
Less current portion:				
Workers' Compensation liability				17,237
Total other noncurrent liabilities				\$315,716

Unearned income related to the transfer of the Port Authority's interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture is (For additional information See *Note K- Information with Respect to the Redevelopment of the World Trade Center Site*):

	Dec. 31,			Dec. 31,
	2013	Additions	Deductions	2014
Unearned Income related to				
WTC Retail Joint Venture	\$0	\$652,104	\$6,619	\$645,485

5. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*, an operating expense provision and corresponding liability measured at its current value using the expected cash flow method is recognized when an obligating event occurs. In 2014, the Port Authority recognized \$4 million in pollution remediation obligations primarily related to asbestos abatements at aviation facilities. As of December 31, 2014, the cumulative remediation

provision under GASB Statement No. 49 totaled \$66 million, net of \$2.1 million in expected recoveries.

As of December 31, 2014, the outstanding pollution remediation liability totaled \$21.4 million, primarily consisting of future remediation activities associated with asbestos removal, lead abatement, ground water contamination, soil contamination, and arsenic contamination at Port Authority facilities.

6. In October 2012, Superstorm Sandy disrupted Port Authority activities at the airports, bridges and tunnels, marine terminals, the WTC site and the PATH system. Most of the Port Authority's facilities are located in low-lying areas surrounding the New York-New Jersey harbor, and all were affected to one degree or another by winds, storm surge and power outages. The PATH system sustained the greatest damage, with significant flooding at several stations, under-river tunnels, tracks and substations. All of the Port Authority's facilities returned to full operation, with the disruption in service for the most part lasting less than a week.

Net (revenue)/expense associated with Superstorm Sandy totaled (\$53.5) million in 2014. In 2014, the Port Authority recognized approximately \$22.5 million of operating expenses resulting from Superstorm Sandy. Offsetting these amounts were \$76 million in realized insurance recoveries associated with losses sustained by the Port Authority as a result of Superstorm Sandy. To date, the Port Authority has received \$562.7 million in insurance recoveries associated with Superstorm Sandy.

In addition, the Port Authority recognized \$50.5 million in grants (\$40.4 from FTA and \$10.1 million from FEMA) associated with Superstorm Sandy immediate repairs and \$10 million in FTA capital contributions for permanent repairs primarily at PATH. These amounts are included as a component of Grants and Contributions in aid of construction on the Port Authority Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

	2014	2013	2012	Cumulative
	(In thousands)			
Immediate Repair Expenses	\$ 22,498	\$119,752	\$120,607	\$ 262,857
W		000 040	1= =0.4	0.40.070
Write-off of Destroyed Assets	-	232,348	15,724	248,072
Insurance Recoveries	(76,028)	(380.329)	(106,331)	(562,688)
Insulation recoveries	(70,020)	(000,020)	(100,001)	(502,500)
Net (Revenue)/Expense associated with Superstorm Sandy	(53,530)	(28,229)	30.000	(51,759)
Add:	(00,000)	(20,220)	00,000	(01,100)
Capital contributions associated with Superstorm Sandy	(10,030)	-	-	(10,030)
Grants associated with Superstorm Sandy	(50,508)	(95,678)	-	(146,186)
Total Impact	\$ (114,068)	\$(123,907)	\$ 30,000	\$(207,975)

- **7**. As a direct result of the destruction of the World Trade Center on September 11, 2001, the Port Authority entered into certain lease agreements for temporary office space, which expire in 2015 and 2016. In November 2014, the Port Authority began vacating its temporary office space in order to occupy its leased office space at 4 WTC. The complete transition to 4 WTC is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2015. In 2014, \$42.8 million in obligations related to future rental payments for vacated temporary office space was accrued.
- **8.** On November 14, 2014, a structured sale agreement was entered into with a third party relating to the sale of the Newark Legal Communications Center for a total purchase price of approximately \$42.0 million. The \$42.0 million purchase price is to be paid in installments, with \$33.6 million being received in 2014 and the remaining balance of \$8.4 million being due no later than 2030. As a result, in 2014 the Port Authority recognized a \$19.0 million gain relating to the disposition of a capital asset. In addition the Port Authority recognized an unearned gain totaling \$4.7 million, which will be earned and recognized once the final payment of \$8.4 million is received.

Note K – Information with Respect to the Redevelopment of the World Trade Center Site

Conceptual Framework for the Redevelopment of the Office, Retail and Other Components of the World Trade Center

The terms of the original July 2001 net leases established both an obligation and concomitant right for the net lessees, at their sole cost and expense, to restore their net leased premises following a casualty whether or not the damage is covered by insurance proceeds in accordance, to the extent feasible, prudent and commercially reasonable, with the plans and specifications as they existed before the casualty or as otherwise agreed to with the Port Authority.

The redevelopment of the WTC provides for approximately 10 million square feet of above-grade office space with associated storage, mechanical, loading, below-grade parking, and other non-office space, and consist of One World Trade Center, Tower 2, Tower 3, Tower 4, Tower 5, approximately 450,000 square feet of retail space, a WTC Transportation Hub, a memorial and interpretive museum (Memorial/Museum) and cultural facilities and certain related infrastructure. A December 2010 World Trade Center Amended and Restated Master Development Agreement (MDA), among the Port Authority, PATH, 1 WTC LLC, WTC Retail LLC, and the Silverstein net lessees, sets forth the respective rights and obligations of the parties thereto with respect to construction on the WTC site, including the allocation of construction responsibilities and costs between the parties to the MDA.

Future minimum rentals (See *Note G – Lease Commitments*) include rentals of approximately \$14 billion relating to the net leases for WTC Towers 2, 3 and 4. The inclusion of this amount in future rentals is predicated upon the assumption that the net lessees of various components of the WTC will continue to meet their contractual commitments pertaining to their net leased properties, including those with respect to

the payment of rent and the restoration of their net leased properties. The net lessees' ability to meet these contractual commitments may be affected by the nature of the downtown Manhattan real estate market, and coordination among various public and private sector entities involved in the redevelopment of downtown Manhattan.

One World Trade Center

In November 2006, as part of the continuing redevelopment of the WTC, the Port Authority acquired from Silverstein Properties 100% of the membership interests in 1 WTC LLC, the then-net lessee of One World Trade Center and Tower 5, which will comprise, in the aggregate, approximately 4.2 million square feet of office space. On June 13, 2011, the Port Authority and The Durst Organization entered into various agreements in connection with the establishment of a joint venture with respect to the construction, financing, leasing, management and operation of One World Trade Center. In June 2011, The Durst Organization contributed \$100 million for a minority equity interest in the joint venture related to One World Trade Center. One World Trade Center contains 3.0 million square feet of space, comprised of commercial office space and an indoor observation deck. One World Trade Center received its certificate of temporary occupancy from the Office of the Chief Engineer of the Port Authority in March 2014. As of December 31, 2014 the Port Authority has leased, (i) approximately 1.9 million square feet of office space at One World Trade Center, representing approximately 62% of the leasable office space, (ii) certain portions of the One World Trade Center rooftop, together with ancillary space, for a broadcasting and communications facility, and (iii) the 100th through 102nd floors of One World Trade Center for an observation deck.

With the commencement of commercial tenants occupying portions of their leased space in November 2014, One World Trade Center began its transition to a fully operational facility.

World Trade Center Tower 3

To assist the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 3 in the construction of the Tower 3 office tower following satisfaction of certain private real estate and capital markets triggers, the Port Authority entered into a Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement in 2010 (the "2010 Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement") providing for the investment of Port Authority funds towards the construction of the tower and a backstop of \$390 million for certain construction and leasing overruns, senior debt service shortfalls and operating expense deficits. These triggers included the Silverstein Tower 3 net lessee raising \$300 million of private equity or mezzanine financing, pre-leasing 400,000 square feet of the office tower, and obtaining private financing for the remaining cost of the office tower. Under separate agreements, The State of New York and the City of New York have each agreed to reimburse the Port Authority for \$200 million of the \$600 million to be provided under the 2010 Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement for a total reimbursement of \$400 million. Under the 2010 Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement, the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 3 is responsible for the repayment of the \$390 million backstop on a subordinated basis, without interest, from Tower 3 revenues. All repayments of the

Tower 3 backstop received by the Port Authority would in turn be distributed among the Port Authority, the State of New York and the City of New York in accordance with their respective shares of the \$390 million backstop payments.

In order to maintain the World Trade Center site's redevelopment progress and continue to balance private sector development with public sector support, on June 25, 2014, the Board of Commissioners of the Port Authority authorized certain amendments to the 2010 Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement. Under the amended 2010 Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement, the Port Authority would provide \$210 million for the construction of Tower 3 as a landlord capital improvement. The backstop funding of \$390 million would be provided for (i) construction overruns and certain leasing cost overruns through landlord capital improvements, (ii) operating expense deficits and certain leasing cost overruns through the Tower 3 net lessee's right to defer payments of rent to the Port Authority under the net lease with respect to Tower 3, and (iii) senior debt service shortfalls, by the Port Authority as a special limited co-obligor on the senior debt issued for Tower 3, with such senior debt service shortfalls payable as a special obligation of the Port Authority, subject in each case to the overall limit of \$390 million for the backstop (See *Note E- General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds* for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority).

In December 2014, the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 3 net lessee issued Tower 3 Liberty bonds in the total aggregate principal amount of \$1.6 billion. In accordance with the amended Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement, in December 2014, the Port Authority made a \$210 million landlord capital improvement payment towards the construction of Tower 3. Under a separate Public Support Agreement with the State of New York, the Port Authority applied \$80 million of previously received funds as a capital contribution for the partial reimbursement of this landlord capital improvement. Additionally, under a Public Support Agreement with the City of New York, the Port Authority will receive \$130 million in future WTC PILOT credits as reimbursement for the remaining share of the Port Authority's landlord capital improvement payment.

World Trade Center Tower 4

For the continued development and construction of Tower 4, with approximately 600,000 of its 2 million square feet of office space preleased to the Port Authority, and approximately 580,000 square feet preleased to the City of New York, in December 2010, the Port Authority entered into certain agreements with the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 4, providing for the Port Authority's participation in the financing for Tower 4 construction. Additionally, the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 4 has the right to, defer certain rent payments payable to the Port Authority under the Tower 4 net lease, defer certain free rent periods available to the Port Authority under its Tower 4 space lease, receive funding related to certain operating expense deficits upon completion of Tower 4 and receive a limited amount of funding related to construction and leasing cost overruns.

Tower 4 Liberty Bonds were issued on November 15, 2011, in the total aggregate principal amount of \$1.2 billion. The Port Authority is a co-borrower/obligor with respect

to the Liberty Bonds issued by the New York Liberty Development Corporation in November 2011 to finance construction of WTC Tower 4. The Port Authority's payment of debt service on the Tower 4 Liberty Bonds is a special obligation of the Port Authority, evidenced by a separate Tower 4 Bond Payment Agreement between the Port Authority and the Tower 4 Liberty Bond trustee (See Note E- General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority). Port Authority debt service payments related to Tower 4 Liberty Bonds, deferred rent payable to the Port Authority under the Tower 4 net lease, deferred rent relating to free rent periods available to the Port Authority under its Tower 4 space lease and funding provided to the Silverstein net lessee related to certain operating expense deficits, construction and leasing overruns is reimbursable to the Port Authority from Tower 4 cash flow and to the extent Tower 4 cash flow is not sufficient, would accrue interest until reimbursed or paid with an overall term for such reimbursement or payment of not in excess of 40 years.

WTC Tower 4 was substantially completed in October 2013 by the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 4 and is available for tenant fit-out. In November 2014, Port Authority corporate staff began occupying certain portions of its leased space in Tower 4.

The World Trade Center Transportation Hub

On July 28, 2005, the Board of Commissioners of the Port Authority authorized the WTC Transportation Hub project. Construction of the WTC Transportation Hub commenced on September 6, 2005 and is presently expected to be substantially completed in 2015, at an estimated total project cost range of approximately \$3.74 billion to \$3.995 billion consistent with the range of cost estimates identified both in a project risk assessment performed by the FTA and an independent assessment conducted by Navigant Consulting, Inc. as part of its comprehensive review and assessment of the Port Authority. It is presently expected that the Port Authority will receive up to \$2.872 billion from the FTA towards the construction of the WTC Transportation Hub. To date, the Port Authority has received \$2.4 billion from the FTA related to the construction of the WTC Transportation Hub.

World Trade Center Infrastructure Projects

In addition to the WTC Transportation Hub, the Port Authority continues to construct various WTC site infrastructure projects toward full build out of the WTC site. In 2014, certain portions of these infrastructure projects, including portions of the vehicular security center for cars, tour buses, and delivery vehicles to access subgrade loading facilities became operational to support commercial activities throughout the WTC site. Other infrastructure work includes streets and utilities, a central chiller plant, and electrical infrastructure that support the operations of the WTC site.

WTC Retail

In December 2003, as part of the redevelopment of the WTC, the Port Authority acquired 100% of the membership interest in the net lessee of the retail components of the WTC from Westfield for \$140 million, and is the sole managing member of this bankruptcy remote single purpose entity, which was renamed "WTC Retail LLC." The retail project at the WTC site includes certain retail space to be located in the WTC Transportation Hub, One World Trade Center, Tower 2, Tower 3, and Tower 4 (collectively the "Retail Premises").

On May 16, 2012, the Port Authority and Westfield entered into various agreements in connection with the establishment of a joint venture with respect to the construction, financing, development, leasing, management and operation of certain retail space at the World Trade Center site. On March 18, 2014, the Port Authority transferred its remaining interest in the joint venture to Westfield. As a result of the establishment of, and transfer of its interests in, the joint venture to Westfield, the Port Authority presently expects, subject to the completion of construction of the premises covered by the retail net lease, to receive payments totaling up to \$1.4 billion from Westfield. In the event that retail space is built at Tower 2, Westfield would have the option to pay an additional amount to be determined at such time to add such space to its net leased retail premises. The Port Authority continues to be the landlord of the retail components of the World Trade Center site under a net lease which provides for nominal annual rentals. The Port Authority also continues to be responsible for the construction of the retail premises at the World Trade Center site, and is obligated to fund the remaining project costs for its construction.

As of December 31, 2014, excluding Westfield's initial joint venture membership capital contribution of \$100 million, the Port Authority has received \$652 million for the transfer of its interests in the WTC retail joint venture to Westfield. This \$652 million will be recognized as revenue over the remaining term of the existing WTC Retail net lease.

The Memorial

The Port Authority does not have any responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the Memorial, the Memorial/Museum or the Visitor Orientation and Education Center ("VOEC"). The Memorial Plaza was substantially completed and opened for public access on September 11, 2011. The museum and VOEC opened to the public on May 21, 2014.

Note L – Insurance Activities

The Port Authority carries insurance or requires insurance to be carried (if available) on or in connection with its facilities to protect against direct physical loss or damage and resulting loss of revenue and against liability in such amounts as it deems appropriate, considering self-insured retentions, purchase of insurance through its captive insurance entity, PAICE, exceptions, or exclusions of portions of facilities, and the scope of insurable hazards. Availability of coverage varies and may be constrained depending on the state of the insurance industry. As a result, insurance premiums may increase for available coverage in connection with the Port Authority's periodic renewal of its insurance programs.

1. Purchased Insurance

Property damage and loss of revenue insurance program

The property damage and loss of revenue insurance program on Port Authority facilities applies to all Port Authority facilities, excluding the non-operating portions of the World Trade Center*, with program limits of \$1.5 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductibles, retentions, and sub-limits for certain hazards. Coverage under the property damage and loss of revenue insurance program on the operating portions of the World Trade Center and related infrastructure applies to those assets with program limits of \$2 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductibles, retentions, and sub-limits for certain hazards.

The Port Authority also purchased terrorism insurance with respect to its facilities, excluding the World Trade Center, with limits of \$1.518 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductibles, retentions and exclusions for certain hazards, and for the operating portions of the World Trade Center, with limits of \$3 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductibles, retentions, and exclusions for certain hazards. The terrorism coverage is insured through PAICE and reinsured through the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2007 (TRIPRA)** and commercial reinsurance.

Public liability insurance program

The public liability insurance program for Port Authority aviation facilities applies to such facilities with program limits of \$1.25 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductibles and retentions, and insurance for aviation war risk, which includes terrorism, and which has no deductible.

The public liability insurance program for "non-aviation" facilities applies to such facilities including certain components of WTC which have transitioned to operational with program limits of \$1.0 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductibles and retentions. PAICE insures a portion of the coverage of this policy. Terrorism insurance with respect thereto totals \$300 million, which is insured through

PAICE and reinsured through TRIPRA**. On December 19, 2014, PAICE reinsured this risk through a commercial insurer backed by TRIPRA**.

During each of the past three years, payments for public liability claims have not exceeded insurance coverage.

2. Construction Insurance Programs

The Port Authority's World Trade Center Owner Controlled Insurance Program applies to such facility with program limits for builders' risk of \$1 billion per occurrence, subject to certain deductibles, retentions, and sub-limits of certain hazards, annual aggregate limits, and with program limits of \$1 billion per occurrence for terrorism insurance, both of which are insured through PAICE and reinsured through TRIPRA**, and commercial reinsurance and construction liability coverage which applies to the portions of the World Trade Center under construction with program limits of \$500 million per occurrence.

The Port Authority maintains an ongoing wrap-up contractors' insurance program for all other Port Authority facilities under construction with program limits for builders' risk of \$50 million per occurrence, subject to certain deductibles, retentions, and sub-limits on certain hazards, construction general liability insurance with program limits of \$50 million per occurrence, and statutory workers' compensation coverage, which do not have a deductible. PAICE provides portions of the construction general liability and statutory workers' compensation insurance. The Port Authority also maintains builders' risk and terrorism coverage, with respect to the Bayonne Bridge Navigational Clearance Program, each with a program limit of \$743 million per occurrence and comprehensive general liability insurance with program limits of \$50 million per occurrence and in the aggregate in excess of the \$50 million coverage described above.

3. Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC

On October 16, 2006, the District of Columbia approved the establishment of a Port Authority captive insurance company, known as the Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC, for the purpose of insuring certain risk exposures of the Port Authority and its related entities. Under its current Certificate of Authority issued by the District of Columbia, PAICE is authorized to transact insurance business, in connection with Workers' Compensation, general liability, builders risk, property and terrorism insurance coverage for the Port Authority and its related entities. With the passage of TRIPRA**, PAICE assumed coverage for acts of domestic terrorism with respect to the Port Authority's public liability and property damage and loss of revenue insurance programs in addition to the previously provided coverage for acts of foreign terrorism. In addition, as of December 31, 2014, PAICE continues to provide the first \$1,000,000 in coverage under the Workers' Compensation portion, and the first \$500,000 in coverage under the general liability aspect of the Port Authority's Contractor's Insurance Program. As of December 31, 2014, PAICE continues to provide \$1 billion of Builders Risk and

in addition to the previously provided coverage for acts of foreign terrorism. In addition, as of December 31, 2014, PAICE continues to provide the first \$1,000,000 in coverage under the Workers' Compensation portion, and the first \$500,000 in coverage under the general liability aspect of the Port Authority's Contractor's Insurance Program. As of December 31, 2014, PAICE continues to provide \$1 billion of Builders Risk and Terrorism coverage for the WTC Owner Controlled Insurance Program, which is 100% reinsured through the commercial insurance marketplace and TRIPRA**.

Any changes in the lines of insurance being provided by PAICE or its capitalization are subject to prior approval by the Port Authority Board of Commissioners' Committee on Finance. PAICE also provides periodic reports with respect to its general operations to the Port Authority's Board of Commissioners.

The financial results for PAICE for the year ended December 31, 2014 are set forth below. Restricted amounts associated with PAICE recorded on the Port Authority's consolidated financial statements have been adjusted to eliminate intercompany transfers related to captive insurance premiums from the Port Authority to PAICE.

Financial Position	Amounts (In thousands)
Total Assets Total Liabilities	\$292,997 131,724
Net Position	\$161,273
Operating Results	
Revenues	\$ 33,109
Expenses	12,079
Change in Net Postion	\$ 21,030
Changes in Net Position	
Net Position at January 1, 2014	\$140,243
Change in Net Position	21,030
Net Position at December 31, 2014	\$161,273

^{*} The Port Authority's insurance programs do not provide coverage for World Trade Center Towers 2, 3, 4 (except for the Port Authority's Tower 4 leased space), Tower 5, the Memorial/Museum and the net leased retail components of the World Trade Center site.

^{**}Under the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2007 (TRIPRA), enacted by the Federal government on December 26, 2007 and expired on December 31, 2014, the Federal government reinsures 85% of certified terrorism losses, subject to aggregate industry insured losses of at least \$100 million and a 20% insurance carrier/captive deductible, in an amount not to exceed an annual cap on all such losses payable under TRIPRA of \$100 billion. No Federal payments are made under this program until the aggregate industry insured losses from acts of terrorism exceed \$100 million. In the event of a certified act of terrorism, the law allows the United States Treasury to recoup 133% of the amount of federal payments for insured losses during that calendar year. On January 12, 2015, US President Barack Obama signed into law a six-year reauthorization of the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program Reauthorization Act (TRIPRA) of 2015.

4. Self Insurance

Prior to 2014, the Port Authority provided for expected uninsured losses through applications from the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund. In 2014, it was determined that these funds were no longer needed for their originally intended use and were deposited into the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund.

Year	Beginning	Reserves	Recognized	Year-end
	Balance	Appropriated	Losses	Balance
		(In thousands)		
2014	\$ 28,100	\$ (28,100)	\$ -	\$ -
2013	\$ 38,514	\$ 15,602	\$ 26,016	\$ 28,100

A liability is recognized when it is probable that the Port Authority has incurred an uninsured loss and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability for self-insured claims is based upon the estimated cost of settling the claims, which includes a review of estimated claims expenses, estimated recoveries and a provision for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims. Changes in the public liability loss reserve were as follows.

Beginning		Additions		Year-end
Year	Balance	and Changes	Payments	Balance
		(In thousands)		
2014	\$ 62,570	\$ 30,327	\$ 15,601	\$ 77,296
2013	\$ 53,197	\$ 26,016	\$ 16,643	\$ 62,570

Schedule of Funding Progress (Unaudited) PATH Exempt Employees Supplemental Pension Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	AAL (b)	Unfunded AAL (c) = (b-a)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Unfunded AAL as a % of Payroll (c) / (d)
			(\$ In thousar	nds)		
1/1/14 1/1/13 1/1/12	\$0 \$0 \$0	\$60,451 \$57,010 \$53,903	\$60,451 \$57,010 \$53,903	0% 0% 0%	\$10,746 \$10,750 \$ 9,391	563% 530% 574%

Schedule of Funding Progress (Unaudited) Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of OPEB Trust Assets*	AAL (b)	Unfunded AAL (c) = (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a) / (b)	Covered Payroll	Unfunded AAL as a % of Payroll (c)/(d)
			(\$ In millions)			
1/1/14 1/1/13 1/1/12	\$708 \$525 \$377	\$2,394 \$2,224 \$1,963	\$1,686 \$1,699 \$1,586	30% 24% 19%	\$753 \$724 \$714	224% 235% 222%

^{*}As of December 31,2014 OPEB trust assets totaled \$859 million.

Schedule A - Revenues and Reserves (Pursuant to Port Authority bond resolutions)

	Year ended December 31, 2014				2013		
	(Operating	Re	eserve	(Combined	Combined
		Fund	F	unds		Total	Total
				(In thou	sand	ls)	
Gross operating revenues:							
Tolls and fares	\$	1,553,625	\$	-	\$	1,553,625	\$ 1,462,957
Rentals		1,294,199		-		1,294,199	1,228,491
Aviation fees		1,058,416		-		1,058,416	934,459
Parking and other		321,760		-		321,760	315,111
Utilities		149,052		-		149,052	139,835
Rentals - Special Project Bonds Projects		98,141		-		98,141	103,186
Total gross operating revenues		4,475,193		-		4,475,193	4,184,039
Operating expenses:		4 407 077				4 40= 0==	4 444 007
Employee compensation, including benefits		1,187,877		-		1,187,877	1,114,397
Contract services		797,516		-		797,516	684,411
Rents and amounts in-lieu-of taxes		362,627		-		362,627	301,582
Materials, equipment and other		277,174		-		277,174	220,859
Utilities		199,919		-		199,919	171,833
Interest on Special Project Bonds		98,141		-		98,141	103,186
Total operating expenses		2,923,254		-		2,923,254	2,596,268
Amounts in connection with operating asset obligations		23,734		-		23,734	25,908
Net (revenue)/expense related to Superstorm Sandy		(53,530)		-		(53,530)	(28,229)
Net operating revenues		1,581,735		-		1,581,735	1,590,092
Financial income:							
Interest income		(9,752)		27,389		17,637	27,769
Net (decrease)/increase in fair value of investments		(3,127)		177		(2,950)	(26,428)
Contributions in aid of construction		465,152		- 177		465,152	529,185
Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments		652,104				652,104	323,103
Application of Passenger Facility Charges		221,156				221,156	175,421
Application of 4 WTC associated payments		6,128		_		6,128	36,660
Grants				-		•	
		207,898		-		207,898	188,409
Pass-through grant program payments Net revenues available for debt service and reserves		(107,606)		27,566		(107,606)	(176,848) 2,344,260
Net revenues available for debt service and reserves		3,013,688		27,300		3,041,254	2,344,200
Debt service:							
Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations		635,262		11,542		646,804	595,513
Debt maturities and retirements		226,205		,		226,205	204,000
Repayment of asset financing obligations		220,203		105,562		105,562	15,701
Total debt service		861,467		117,104		978,571	815,214
				,			
Transfers to reserves	\$	(2,152,221)	2	,152,221		-	<u>-</u>
Revenues after debt service and transfers to reserves			2	.062,683		2,062,683	1,529,046
Direct investment in facilities				,473,432)		(1,473,432)	(1,059,756)
Change in appropriations for self-insurance			΄,	28,100		28,100	10,414
Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions				-		-	(46,863)
							, , /
Increase in reserves				617,351		617,351	432,841
Reserve balances, January 1			3	,809,916		3,809,916	3,377,075
Reserve balances, December 31			\$ 4	,427,267	\$	4,427,267	\$ 3,809,916

Schedule B - Assets and Liabilities

(Pursuant to Port Authority bond resolutions)

	December 31, 2014					2013
	Operating	g	Capital	Reserve	Combined	Combined
	Fund		Fund	Funds	Total	Total
ASSETS				(In thousand	S)	
Current assets:						
Cash	\$ 11,28	0	\$ 283,802	\$ 1,329,523	\$ 1,624,605	\$ 2,210,039
Restricted cash:	Ψ 11,20	•	Ψ 200,002	Ψ 1,020,020	ψ 1,021,000	Ψ 2,210,000
Passenger Facility Charges	194,05	9	_	_	194,059	168,751
Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC	19,74		_	_	19,740	14,736
Investments	-	-	342,925	10,566	353,491	410,018
Current receivables, net	476,68	6	5,611	-	482,297	451,644
Other current assets	106,55		34,575	_	141,131	194,754
Restricted receivables and other assets	30,65			_	30,657	47,293
Total current assets	838,97		666,913	1,340,089	2,845,980	3,497,235
	,		,		• •	•
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash	7,08		-	-	7,087	6,583
Investments	93,20	8	-	3,087,178	3,180,386	2,342,391
Restricted Investments - PAICE	182,58	5	-	-	182,585	172,064
Other amounts receivable, net	39,24	4	17,396	-	56,640	38,453
Other noncurrent assets	1,395,64	9	43,629	-	1,439,278	1,413,429
Restricted other noncurrent assets - PAICE	8,10	9	-	-	8,109	15,096
Amounts receivable - Special Project Bonds Projects		-	1,530,510	-	1,530,510	1,605,515
Amounts receivable - Tower 4 Liberty Bonds		-	1,225,520	-	1,225,520	1,225,520
Invested in facilities		-	47,609,312	-	47,609,312	43,570,151
Total noncurrent assets	1,725,88		50,426,367	3,087,178	55,239,427	50,389,202
Total assets	2,564,86	0	51,093,280	4,427,267	58,085,407	53,886,437
LIABULTIES						
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:	005.00	_	000 000		4 000 400	4 000 700
Accounts payable	305,89		983,269	-	1,289,162	1,029,780
Accrued interest and other current liabilities	436,80		11,256	-	448,060	582,493
Restricted other liabilities - PAICE	7,58		-	-	7,580	3,746
Accrued payroll and other employee benefits	404,99		-	-	404,998	352,748
Unapplied Passenger Facility Charges	193,67		-	-	193,678	181,358
Current portion bonds and other asset financing obligations	62,04 1,410,99		824,791 1,819,316	-	886,835	1,121,020 3,271,145
Total current liabilities	1,410,99	7	1,019,310		3,230,313	3,271,143
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Accrued pension and other postemployment employee benefits	190,28	6	-	_	190,286	279,220
Other noncurrent liabilities	266,57		44,381	_	310,954	229,884
Restricted other noncurrent liabilities - PAICE	50,12		-	_	50,121	45,851
Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds	,	-	1,530,510	-	1,530,510	1,605,515
Amounts payable - Tower 4 Liberty Bonds		-	1,225,520	-	1,225,520	1,225,520
Bonds and other asset financing obligations	646,88	3	18,795,019	-	19,441,902	17,927,384
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,153,86		21,595,430	_	22,749,293	21,313,374
Total liabilities	2,564,86		23,414,746	-	25,979,606	24,584,519
NET POSITION	\$	-	\$ 27,678,534	\$ 4,427,267	\$ 32,105,801	\$ 29,301,918
Not position is composed of						
Net position is composed of:	¢		¢ 27 670 524	¢	¢ 27 670 524	¢ 25 462 004
Facility infrastructure investment	\$	-	\$ 27,678,534		\$ 27,678,534	
Reserves Appropriated recerves for self-incurance		-	-	4,427,267	4,427,267	3,809,916
Appropriated reserves for self-insurance	Φ.	_	- O7 O70 FC 1	- A 407.007	f 20 405 001	28,101
NET POSITION	\$	-	\$ 27,678,534	\$ 4,427,267	\$ 32,105,801	\$ 29,301,918

Schedule C - Analysis of Reserve Funds

(Pursuant to Port Authority bond resolutions)

	Year ended December 31, 2014						2013
		General Reserve		nsolidated nd Reserve	c	Combined	Combined
		Fund		Fund		Total	Total
				(In thousan	nds)		
Balance, January 1	\$	2,029,051	\$	1,780,865	\$	3,809,916	\$ 3,377,075
Increase in reserve funds *		102,660		2,077,127		2,179,787	1,583,436
		2,131,711		3,857,992		5,989,703	4,960,511
Applications:							
Repayment of asset financing obligations		-		105,562		105,562	15,701
Interest on asset financing obligations		-		11,542		11,542	38,689
Direct investment in facilities		-		1,473,432		1,473,432	1,059,756
Self-insurance		-		(28,100)		(28,100)	(10,414)
Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions		-		-		-	46,863
Total applications		-	_	1,562,436		1,562,436	1,150,595
Balance, December 31	\$	2,131,711	\$	2,295,556	\$	4,427,267	\$ 3,809,916

^{*} Combined increase in reserve funds consists of "Transfers to reserves" from the operating fund totaling \$2.15 billion, plus "financial income" generated on Reserve funds of \$27.6 million in 2014.

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STATISTICAL AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

For the year ended December 31, 2014

The Statistical and Other Supplemental Information section presents additional information as context for further understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and schedules.

Financial Trends – Schedule D-1 (Pursuant to GAAP)

Trend information is provided to help the reader understand how the Port Authority's financial performance and fiscal health has changed over time.

<u>Debt Capacity – Schedule D-2 (Pursuant to Port Authority Bond Resolutions)</u>

The Port Authority has several forms of outstanding obligations.

Information on Port Authority revenues, outstanding obligations, debt service, and reserves is included here for statistical purposes (more detailed information about the various kinds of debt instruments used by the Port Authority can be found in Note D, and reserve funds are described in Note E to the consolidated financial statements). Debt limitations, including in some cases, limits on total authorized amounts or requirements for the issuance of additional bonds, may be found in the various resolutions establishing and authorizing such obligations.

Operating Information – Schedule D-3 (Unaudited)

Operating and service data is provided to help the reader understand how information in the Port Authority's financial report relates to the services it provides and activities it performs.

Information on Port Authority Operations - Schedule E

Detailed information on Port Authority's operating results including income from operations, non-operating expenses and contributions, and net income is provided on a Port Authority operating facility level.

Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities - Schedule F

This schedule provides information on capital investment summarized by Port Authority operating facilities, including current year capital investment and depreciation.

Facility Traffic - Schedule G (Unaudited)

This schedule provides comparative information on Port Authority facility traffic relative to vehicles, passengers, containers, cargo, waterborne vehicles and plane movements.

Schedule D-1 - Selected Statistical Financial Trends Data

	2014	2013	2012	2011
		(In thousands)		
Net position is composed of			•	•
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 10,402,894	\$ 9,442,138	\$ 9,273,213	\$ 10,020,306
Restricted	470,857	454,467	392,389	294,460
Unrestricted	3,900,789	3,831,722	3,034,881	1,411,125
Net Position	14,774,540	13,728,327	12,700,483	11,725,891
Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position:				
Gross operating revenues:				
Tolls and fares	1,553,625	1,462,957	1,337,372	1,148,061
Rentals	1,300,818	1,228,491	1,208,730	1,150,569
Aviation fees	1,058,416	934,459	904,666	895,356
Parking and other	321,760	315,111	338,178	339,131
Utilities	149,052	139,835	152,945	154,810
Rentals - Special Project Bonds Projects	98,141	103,186	108,125	112,553
Gross operating revenues	4,481,812	4,184,039	4,050,016	3,800,480
On sortion auranassa				
Operating expenses:	4 407 077	1 114 207	1 020 242	1 027 691
Employee compensation, including benefits	1,187,877	1,114,397	1,038,243	1,037,681
Contract services	797,516	684,411	749,106	726,883
Rents and amounts in-lieu-of taxes	362,627	301,582	304,020	280,237
Materials, equipment and other	277,174	220,859	215,937	219,183
Utilities	199,919	171,833	174,016	188,432
Interest on Special Project Bonds	98,141	103,186	108,125	112,553
Operating expenses	2,923,254	2,596,268	2,589,447	2,564,969
Net revenue/(expense) related to the events				
of September 11, 2001		-	-	-
Net revenue/(expense) related to the events				
of Superstorm Sandy	53,530	28,229	(30,000)	-
Depreciation of facilities	(932,149)	(875,979)	(884,239)	(852,727)
Amortization of costs for regional programs	(64,484)	(64,275)	(77,719)	(77,537)
Income from operations	615,455	675,746	468,611	305,247
Income on investments (including fair value adjustment)	38,100	8,608	39,661	(46,898)
Interest expense on bonds and other asset financing	(666,244)	(623,353)	(658,313)	(559,110)
Net gain/(loss) on disposition of assets	19,043	4,423	(4)	(000,.10)
Pass-through grant program payments	(107,606)	(176,848)	(56,446)	(11,507)
4 WTC associated payments	6,128	36,660	65,293	8,343
Grants	207,898	188,409	52,161	23,727
Contributions in aid of construction	700,267	689,898	997,441	767,010
Passenger facility charges	233,172	224,301	222,614	214,456
1 WTC LLC/WTC Retail LLC insurance proceeds	200,172	22 4 ,301	3,525	214,430

Note: Schedule is prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) of the United States of America.

2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
\$ 5,725,929	\$ 5,872,518	\$ 6,609,691	7,526,446	\$ \$ 8,415,993	\$ 9,200,077
17,916	208,771	719,306	409,800	211,725	222,871
1,371,928	1,553,114	1,608,284	1,895,118	2,050,064	1,601,675
7,115,773	7,634,403	8,937,281	9,831,364	10,677,782	11,024,623
787,381	798,682	800,244	1,054,801	1,068,105	1,069,785
928,395	952,431	986,663	1,079,634	1,115,652	1,144,709
748,811	716,700	781,355	816,628	839,327	872,774
296,663	335,019	387,966	328,220	316,005	321,257
147,795	146,822	149,537	169,576	140,817	154,041
91,648	88,884	85,861	78,693	72,337	71,457
3,000,693	3,038,538	3,191,626	3,527,552	3,552,243	3,634,023
870,784	840,640	922,671	941,289	974,154	1,022,195
564,332	590,197	587,730	670,489	683,418	630,438
243,411	254,178	271,073	274,916	276,830	272,002
168,139	187,996	212,147	314,722	263,682	418,639
149,604	150,729	167,912	183,583	168,249	183,826
91,648	88,884	85,861	78,693	72,337	71,457
2,087,918	2,112,624	2,247,394	2,463,692	2,438,670	2,598,557
(3,358)	(2,069)	(4,563)	457,918	202,978	53,051
-	-	-	-	-	-
(643,732)	(674,940)	(632,553)	(644,620)	(712,331)	(789,011)
(42,996)	(49,319)	(59,316)	(70,840)	(74,617)	(76,504)
222,689	199,586	247,800	806,318	529,603	223,002
105,579	137,968	229,812	(4,976)	146,561	4,435
(422,334)	(454,134)	(493,689)	(488,463)	(501,892)	(501,607)
(55)	(3,741)	17,011	7	27,125	-
-	(6,832)	(4,717) -	(3,130)	(1,120) -	(2,166)
14,336	17,469	11,310	9,811	10,613	11,708
107,262	250,904	313,504	313,078	382,978	358,268
134,429	192,509	221,380	211,667	201,737	210,387
	 184,901	 760,467	 49,771	 50,813	42,814
161,906	\$ 518,630	\$ 1,302,878	894,083	\$ \$ 846,418	\$ 346,841

Schedule D-2 - Selected Statistical Debt Capacity Data (Pursuant to Port Authority Bond Resolutions)

Gross Operating Revenues										
Operating expenses (2,932,254) (2,596,268) (2,589,447) Net revenue(expense) related to Superstorm Sandy 5,330 28,229 (30,000) Amounts in connection with operating asset obligations (23,734) (25,908) (27,956) Net operating revenues 1,581,735 1,590,092 1,402,613 Financial income 11,687 (2,964) 29,121 Grants and contributions in aid of construction, net 565,444 540,746 565,976 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 662,104 - - - Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,660 56,293 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,660 56,293 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,660 56,293 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,660 52,23 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,660 52,23 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,660 52,23 Application of WTC Retai			ands)	(In thous						
Operating expenses (2,932,254) (2,596,268) (2,589,447) Not revenue(expense) related to the events of September 11, 2001 -	\$ 3,800,480	050 016	\$ 4.050.01	¢ 4194020	4 475 102	Proce Operating Poyonues				
Net revenue/(expense) related to the events of September 11, 2001 Net revenue/(expense) related to Superstorm Sandy Net revenue/(expense) related to Superstorm Sandy Net revenue/(expense) related to Superstorm Sandy (23,734) (25,008) (27,956) Net operating revenues 11,581,735 1,590,0092 1,402,613 Financial income 14,687 (2,964) 29,121 Grants and contributions in aid of construction, net 555,444 540,746 565,976 Application of Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 652,104 175,421 110,015 Application of Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 652,104 175,421 110,015 Application of Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 661,28 3,660 65,293 Application of WTC LLCWTC LLC Retail insurance proceeds 6,128 3,041,254 2,344,260 2,193,690 DEBT SERVICE - OPERATIONS Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (b) 1635,262 1636,345 164,790 171mes, interest earned (ah) 171mes, interest earned (ah) 172mes, interest earned (ah) 172mes, debt service earned [ah) 172mes, debt service earned [ah) 173mes, and returnments (c) 173mes, debt service earned [ah) 173mes, debt service earned [(2,564,969)									
Net revenue/(expense) related to Superstorm Sandy 53,530 28,229 (30,000) Amounts in connection with operating asset obligations (23,734) (25,908) (27,956) Net to operating revenues 1,581,735 1,590,092 1,402,613 Financial income 14,887 (2,964) 29,121 Grants and contributions in aid of construction, net 565,444 540,746 565,576 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 652,104 1.5 40,746 565,976 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,680 56,293 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,680 56,293 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,680 56,293 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,680 56,293 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,680 52,33 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 6,128 36,680 65,293 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 4,129 4,212 4,217	(2,304,303)	-	(2,303,44)	(2,590,200)	(2,923,234)					
Amounts in connection with operating asset obligations (23,734) (25,908) (27,956) Net operating revenues 1,581,735 1,590,092 1,402,613 Incinarial income 14,687 (2,946) 29,121 Grants and contributions in aid of construction, net 565,444 540,746 565,976 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 652,104 54,741 110,015 Application of 1 WTC LLCWTC LLC Retail insurance proceeds - - - 17,962 Application of 1 WTC LLCWTC LLC Retail insurance proceeds - - - - 17,962 Restricted Net Revenues available for debt service and reserves(a) 3,041,254 2,344,260 2,193,690 DEBT SERVICE - OPERATIONS Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (b) (635,262) (556,824) (59,436) Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) PULCATION OF RESERVES (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) Direct investment in facilities (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079)	_	(30,000)	(30.00)	28 229	53 530					
Net operating revenues	(29,580)	,	• •		•	,				
Financial income 14,687 (2,964) 29,121 Grants and contributions in aid of construction, net 565,444 540,746 565,976 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 652,104 - - Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 652,108 36,660 65,293 Application of 1WTC LCXPCT LCC Retail insurance proceeds 6,128 36,660 65,293 Application of 1WTC LCXPCT LCC Retail insurance proceeds - - 4,305 2,710 Net Revenues available for debt service and reserves(a) 3,041,254 2,344,260 2,193,690 DEBT SERVICE - OPERATIONS (635,662) (556,824) (539,436) Intrees on bonds and other asset financing obligations (b) (635,662) (56,824) (539,436) Times, interest aremed (a/b) 4,79 4,21 4,07 Debt maturities and retirements (c) (226,205) (204,000) (169,770) Times, debt service earned [a/(b+c)] 3,53 3,08 3,09 APPLICATION OF RESERVES (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) Diet retirements collected	1,205,931		•	` ` ` /	```	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Grants and contributions in aid of construction, net 565,444 540,746 565,976 Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 552,104 - - - Application of YTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 521,156 175,421 110,015 Application of 1 WTC LLC/WTC LLC Retail insurance proceeds 6,128 36,660 65,293 Application of 1 WTC LLC/WTC LLC Retail insurance proceeds - - - 17,962 Restricted Net Revenues - PAICE - - - - 19,962 Restricted Net Revenues - PAICE - <td>(53,270)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· -</td>	(53,270)					· -				
Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments 652,104 - - Application of Passenger Facility Charges 221,156 175,421 110,015 Application of AWTC associated payments 6,128 36,660 65,293 Application of 1WTC LLC/WTC LLC Retail insurance proceeds - 4,305 2,710 Restricted Net Revenues - PAICE - 4,305 2,710 Net Revenues available for debt service and reserves(a) 3,041,254 2,344,260 2,139,690 DEBT SERVICE - OPERATIONS Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (b) (635,262) (556,824) (539,436) Times, interest earned (a/b) 4,79 4,21 4,07 Debt maturities and retirements (c) (226,205) (204,000) (169,770) Times, interest earned (a/b+c) 3,53 3,08 3,09 APPLICATION OF RESERVES Debt maturities and retirements (c) (1,747,342) (1,059,756) (691,079) Debt retirement acceleration 1,3 2 (1,509,756) (691,079) Debt retirement acceleration 2,0 4 <	499,516				•					
Application of Passenger Facility Charges	-	-	000,01	-	•					
Application of 4 WTC associated payments 6,128 36,660 65,293 Application of 1WTC LLC WTC LLC Retail insurance proceeds - - 17,962 Restricted Net Revenues - PAICE - 4,305 2,710 Net Revenues available for debt service and reserves(a) 3,041,254 2,344,260 2,193,690 DEBT SERVICE - OPERATIONS Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (b) (635,262) (556,824) (539,436) Times, interest earned (a/b) 4.79 4.21 4.07 Debt maturities and retirements (c) (226,205) (204,000) (169,707) Times, interest earned [a/(b+c)] 3.53 3.08 3.09 APPLICATION OF RESERVES Direct investment in facilities (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) Direct investment in facilities (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) Direct investment in facilities (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) Direct investment in facilities (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) <td <="" colspan="4" td=""><td>215,645</td><td>110.015</td><td>110.01</td><td>175.421</td><td>•</td><td></td></td>	<td>215,645</td> <td>110.015</td> <td>110.01</td> <td>175.421</td> <td>•</td> <td></td>				215,645	110.015	110.01	175.421	•	
Application of 1WTC LLCWTC LLC Retail insurance proceeds Restricted Net Revenues - PAICE Reserve funds balances represented by: Reserve funds bala	8,343				•					
Restricted Net Revenues - PAICE	57,340			-	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Net Revenues available for debt service and reserves(a) 3,041,254 2,344,260 2,193,690	644			4.305	_	·				
Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (b)	1,934,149	•		·	3,041,254					
Times, interest earned (a/b) 4.79 4.21 4.07 Debt maturities and retirements (c) (226,205) (204,000) (169,770) Times, debt service earned [a/(b+c)] 3.53 3.08 3.09 APPLICATION OF RESERVES Direct investment in facilities (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) Debt retirement acceleration - - (54,635) Change in appropriations for self-insurance 28,100 10,414 37,547 Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (11,542) (38,689) (67,764) Repayment of asset financing obligations (105,562) (15,701) (16,514) Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions - (46,863) - Net increase/(decrease) in reserves 617,351 432,841 672,039 RESERVE BALANCES January 1 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve						DEBT SERVICE - OPERATIONS				
Times, interest earned (a/b) 4.79 4.21 4.07 Debt maturities and retirements (c) (226,205) (204,000) (169,770) Times, debt service earned [a/(b+c)] 3.53 3.08 3.09 APPLICATION OF RESERVES Direct investment in facilities (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) Debt retirement acceleration - - (54,635) Change in appropriations for self-insurance 28,100 10,414 37,547 Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (11,542) (38,869) (67,764) Repayment of asset financing obligations (105,562) (15,701) (16,514) Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions - (46,863) - Net increase/(decrease) in reserves 617,351 432,841 672,039 RESERVE BALANCES January 1 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve 2,131,711 2,0	(480,623)	539,436)	(539,436	(556,824)	(635,262)					
Debt maturities and retirements (c) (226,05) (204,000) (169,770) Times, debt service earned [a/(b+c)] 3.53 3.08 3.09 APPLICATION OF RESERVES Direct investment in facilities (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) Debt retirement acceleration - - - (54,635) Change in appropriations for self-insurance 28,100 10,414 37,547 Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (115,562) (15,701) (16,514) Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions - - (46,863) - Net increase/(decrease) in reserves 617,351 432,841 672,039 RESERVE BALANCES 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total 4,427,267	4.02		•							
APPLICATION OF RESERVES 3.53 3.08 3.09 APPLICATION OF RESERVES Direct investment in facilities (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) Debt retirement acceleration - - - (54,635) Change in appropriations for self-insurance 28,100 10,414 37,547 Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (11,542) (38,689) (87,764) Repayment of asset financing obligations (105,562) (15,701) (16,514) Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions - (46,863) - Net increase/(decrease) in reserves 617,351 432,841 672,039 RESERVE BALANCES 3 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: 3 3,809,916 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: 3 3,229,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 2,026,605 3,809,916 <	(140,390)	169,770)	(169,770	(204,000)	(226,205)					
Direct investment in facilities (1,473,432) (1,059,756) (691,079) Debt retirement acceleration - - - (54,635) Change in appropriations for self-insurance 28,100 10,414 37,547 Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (11,542) (38,689) (87,764) Repayment of asset financing obligations (105,562) (15,701) (16,514) Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions - (46,863) - Net increase/(decrease) in reserves 617,351 432,841 672,039 RESERVE BALANCES January 1 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 Consolidated Bonds and Notes 19,229,020 18,212,063 18,076,497	3.11		•	3.08		imes, debt service earned [a/(b+c)]				
Debt retirement acceleration - - - (54,635) Change in appropriations for self-insurance 28,100 10,414 37,547 Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (11,542) (38,689) (87,764) Repayment of asset financing obligations (105,562) (15,701) (16,514) Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions - (46,863) - Net increase/(decrease) in reserves 617,351 432,841 672,039 RESERVE BALANCES January 1 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 48,25						APPLICATION OF RESERVES				
Change in appropriations for self-insurance 28,100 10,414 37,547 Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (11,542) (38,689) (87,764) Repayment of asset financing obligations (105,562) (15,701) (16,514) Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions - (46,863) - Net increase/(decrease) in reserves 617,351 432,841 672,039 RESERVE BALANCES January 1 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes 19,229,020 18,212,063 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254<	(742,001)	691,079)	(691,079	(1,059,756)	(1,473,432)	Direct investment in facilities				
Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (11,542) (38,689) (87,764) Repayment of asset financing obligations (105,562) (15,701) (16,514) Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions - (46,863) - Net increase/(decrease) in reserves 617,351 432,841 672,039 RESERVE BALANCES January 1 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 \$3,809,916 \$3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total \$4,427,267 \$3,809,916 \$3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$19,229,020 \$18,212,063 \$18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	(6,100)	(54,635)	(54,63	-	-	Debt retirement acceleration				
Repayment of asset financing obligations (105,562) (15,701) (16,514) Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions - (46,863) - Net increase/(decrease) in reserves 617,351 432,841 672,039 RESERVE BALANCES January 1 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total \$ 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$ 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 <t< td=""><td>1,949</td><td>37,547</td><td>37,54</td><td>10,414</td><td>28,100</td><td>Change in appropriations for self-insurance</td></t<>	1,949	37,547	37,54	10,414	28,100	Change in appropriations for self-insurance				
Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions Polymer increase/(decrease) in reserves RESERVE BALANCES January 1 Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve Consolidated Bond Reserve Total Consolidated Bonds and Notes Consolidated Bonds and Notes Polymer increase/ Fund for regional development buy-out obligation Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds Variable rate master notes Reserves (46,863) (46,863) 432,841 672,039 432,841 672,039 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 4,427,267 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,026,605 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 1,780,865 1,780,865 1,350,470 3,809,916 3,377,075 1,607,497 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes	(37,702)	(87,764)	(87,764	(38,689)	(11,542)	nterest on bonds and other asset financing obligations				
Net increase/(decrease) in reserves 617,351 432,841 672,039 RESERVE BALANCES January 1 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 \$3,809,916 \$3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total \$4,427,267 \$3,809,916 \$3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$19,229,020 \$18,212,063 \$18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	(20,258)	(16,514)	(16,514	(15,701)	(105,562)	Repayment of asset financing obligations				
RESERVE BALANCES January 1 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total \$ 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$ 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900		-		(46,863)	-	Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions				
January 1 3,809,916 3,377,075 2,705,036 December 31 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total \$ 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$ 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	509,024	672,039	672,039	432,841	617,351	Net increase/(decrease) in reserves				
December 31 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total \$ 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$ 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900										
Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total \$ 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$ 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	2,196,012					•				
General Reserve 2,131,711 2,029,051 2,026,605 Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total \$ 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$ 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	\$ 2,705,036	377,075	\$ 3,377,079	\$ 3,809,916	4,427,267	December 31				
Consolidated Bond Reserve 2,295,556 1,780,865 1,350,470 Total \$ 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$ 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	4 700 070	200 005	0.000.000	0.000.054	0.404.744					
Total \$ 4,427,267 \$ 3,809,916 \$ 3,377,075 OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$ 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	1,783,370									
OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value) Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$ 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	921,666									
Consolidated Bonds and Notes \$ 19,229,020 \$ 18,212,063 \$ 18,076,497 Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	\$ 2,705,036	377,075	\$ 3,377,073	\$ 3,809,916	4,427,267	ı otal				
Fund for regional development buy-out obligation 283,562 311,077 336,453 MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	\$ 15,550,039	76 407	¢ 19.076.40	¢ 19 212 062	10 220 020	· · · ·				
MOTBY obligation 48,254 52,329 78,060 Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900										
Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds 1,530,510 1,605,515 1,675,825 Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	359,859 105,141									
Variable rate master notes 77,900 77,900 77,900	1,741,440				•	•				
•	77,900									
Commercial paper notes 448,185 348,110 384,625	396,155			348,110	448,185	Commercial paper notes				
Versatile structure obligations	-	- 1,020	304,023	J -1 0,110		• •				
Port Authority equipment notes 31,500 46,925 49,565	68,160	49 565	40 56	46 925	31 500					
Tower 4 Liberty Bonds 1,225,520 1,225,520 1,225,520	1,225,520									
Goethals Bridge Replacement Capital Asset obligation 210,316 -	1,220,020	-	1,220,020	1,225,520	, ,	•				
Total obligations \$ 23,084,767 \$ 21,879,439 \$ 21,904,445	\$ 19,524,214	904,445	\$ 21,904,44	\$ 21,879,439						
DEBT RETIRED THROUGH INCOME:						DERT RETIRED THROUGH INCOME:				
Annual 331,767 219,701 240,919	166,748	240 919	240 040	210 701	331 767					
Cumulative \$ 8,285,693 \$ 7,953,926 \$ 7,734,225	\$ 7,493,306									

Note: This selected financial data is prepared primarily from information contained in Schedules A, B and C and is presented for general information only and is not intended to reflect the specific applications of the revenues and reserves of the Port Authority, which are governed by statutes and its bond resolutions.

2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
3,000,693	\$ 3,038,538	\$ 3,191,626	\$ 3,527,552	\$ 3,552,243	\$ 3,634,023	\$
(2,087,918)	(2,112,624)	(2,247,394)	(2,463,692)	(2,438,670)	(2,598,557)	
(3,358)	(2,069)	(4,563)	457,918 -	202,978	53,051	
(48,008)	(42,391)	(40,787)	(41,301)	(55,058)	(46,561)	
861,409	881,454	898,882	1,480,477	1,261,493	1,041,956	
103,572	134,806	208,274	(19,537)	141,136	(900)	
121,598	261,541	320,097	319,759	392,471	367,810	
113,649	186,555	220,583	215,407	205,164	207,122	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	305,532	411,278	266,676	61,468	
-	-	(1,354)	(4,311)	3,177	(102)	
1,200,228	1,464,356	1,952,014	2,403,073	2,270,117	1,677,354	
(355,068)	(379,361)	(417,209)	(409,175)	(427,384)	(436,622)	
3.38	3.86	4.68	5.87	5.31	3.84	
(205,220)	(254,210)	(177,160)	(152,275)	(147,370)	(178,095)	
2.14	2.31	3.28	4.28	3.95	2.73	
(626,813)	(490,750)	(808,694)	(1,514,369)	(1,522,096)	(1,375,008)	
- (5.005)	(4.000)	- (0.000)	- 0.400	- 0.400	(0.074)	
(5,325)	(4,968)	(3,220)	2,123	6,463	(3,971)	
(17,645)	(26,587)	(36,077)	(28,797)	(8,938)	(7,580)	
(12,205)	(109,934)	(110,424)	(80,775)	(13,525)	(30,062)	
(22,048)	198,546	399,230	219,805	157,267	(353,984)	
1,597,196	1,575,148	1,773,694	2,172,924	2,392,729	2,549,996	
1,575,148	\$ 1,773,694	\$ 2,172,924	\$ 2,392,729	\$ 2,549,996	\$ 2,196,012	\$
4 000 700	4 400 400	4 000 045	4 070 045	4 440 004	4.504.055	
1,068,790	1,198,499	1,238,915	1,270,215	1,412,221	1,584,955	
506,358 1,575,148	\$ 575,195 1,773,694	\$ 934,009 2,172,924	\$ 1,122,514 2,392,729	\$ 1,137,775 2,549,996	\$ 611,057 2,196,012	\$
8,328,644	\$ 9,659,104	\$ 9,495,419	\$ 10,794,831	\$ 12,284,449	\$ 13,340,378	\$
420,660	419,155	409,128	398,262	386,480	373,707	
-	-	-	-	-	138,396	
1,354,425	1,311,100	1,264,735	1,118,105	1,064,380	1,803,145	
130,990	130,990	90,990	90,990	90,990	77,900	
282,095	270,740	238,950	186,040	321,010	354,280	
532,100	519,600	1,205,600	399,700	250,900	175,200	
47,105	93,460	93,460	112,485	110,485	98,645	
- -	 <u> </u>	 - 	 - 	 <u>-</u>	 - -	
11,096,019	\$ 12,404,149	\$ 12,798,282	\$ 13,100,413	\$ 14,508,694	\$ 16,361,651	\$
217,425	364,144	287,584	233,050	160,895	208,157	
6,072,728	\$ 6,436,872	\$ 6,724,456	\$ 6,957,506	\$ 7,118,401	\$ 7,326,558	\$

	2014	2013	3 2012	2 2011	2010	2009	2008	3 2007	2006	2005
Authorized Port Authority staffing levels:										
Tunnels, Bridges and Terminals	873	873	3 881	881	911	911	940	910	938	1,010
PATH	1,073	1,070	1,070	1,070	1,081	1,081	1,088	1,075	1,080	1,089
Port Commerce facilities	169	169	170	170	172	172	179	168	175	183
Air Terminal facilities(a)	1,217	933	926	926	958	958	978	918	953	989
Development (b)	50		50	52	. 82	82	86	5 77	_	-
Other operational and support activities (c)	1,965	1,986	1,968	1,957	2,030	2,030	2,082	2,208	2,259	2,382
Subtotal	5,347	5,081	5,065	5,056	5,234	5,234	5,353	5,356	5,405	5,653
Public Safety and Security(a)	1,631									
Total	6,978					6,977	7,127	7,128		7,194
Facility Traffic and Other Indicators (d): (In thousands)										
INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION NETWORK										
Tunnels and Bridges (Total Eastbound Traffic)										
George Washington Bridge	49,037	49,402	49,111	50,397	51,231	52,126	52,947	53,956	54,265	53,612
Lincoln Tunnel	18,791	18,746	19,015	19,829	20,214	20,248	20,937	21,842	21,933	21,794
Holland Tunnel	15,570	16,158	16,118	16,590	17,037	16,609	16,871	17,349	17,365	16,982
Staten Island Bridges	30,620	31,382	32,009	32,334	32,724	32,517	32,970	33,857	33,457	33,479
Total vehicles	114,018	115,688	116,253	119,150	121,206	121,500	123,725	127,004	127,020	125,867
Automobiles	103,965	105,452	105,895	108,428	110,482	110,755	112,176	115,349	115,506	114,481
Buses	2,958	2,948	2,957	3,111	3,122	3,119		3,139	3,140	
							3,158			3,137
Trucks Total vehicles	7,095 114,018	7,288 115,688	7,401 116,253	7,611 119,150	7,602 121,206	7,626 121,500	8,391 123,725	8,516 127,004	8,374 127,020	8,249 125,867
1044.101.000	,	110,000	,200	110,100	121,200	121,000	120,120	127,001	.2.,020	120,001
Bus Facility Terminals										
Bus facilities passengers	82,452	81,498	81,433	76,403	75,378	75,769	76,236	71,540	72,731	69,060
Bus movements	3,597	3,563	3,521	3,385	3,338	3,386	3,375	3,361	3,394	3,346
PATH										
Total Passengers	73,679	72,748	72,563	76,556	73,911	72,277	74,956	71,592	66,966	60,787
Passenger weekday average	250	244	242	256	247	243	253	242	227	206
Total Interstate Transportation Network Net Capital Expenditures	\$ 1,475,880	\$ 973,120	\$ 976,843	\$ 895,688	\$ 1,005,891	\$ 935,147	\$ 834,742	\$ 660,620	\$ 491,269	\$ 471,306
PORT COMMERCE Containers in trunchy feet equivalent units (TELI) (in they condo)	5,772	5,467	5,530	5,503	5,292	4 500	5,249	5,298	5,015	4,793
Containers in twenty foot equivalent units (TEU) (in thousands)	•	•				4,562	•			•
International waterborne vehicles (in thousands)	393	453	427	388	493	440	724	790	725	625
Waterborne bulk commodities (in metric tons) (in millions)	5	4	3	4	3	5	5	7	6	5
Total Port Commerce Net Capital Expenditures	\$ 210,496	\$ 180,760	\$ 184,750	\$ 228,747	\$ 302,858	\$ 174,459	\$ 181,772	\$ 288,677	\$ 228,873	\$ 220,545
THREE MAJOR AIR TERMINALS										
John F. Kennedy International Airport total passengers	53,254	50,455	49,274	47,644	46,514	45,878	47,790	47,717	42,630	40,892
LaGuardia Airport total passengers	26,955	26,681	25,708	24,122	23,983	23,163	23,077	24,985	25,810	25,889
Newark Liberty International Airport total passengers	35,600	35,016	33,984	33,700	33,194	33,429	35,347	36,367	35,692	33,078
Total passengers	115,809	112,152	108,966	105,466	103,691	102,470	106,214	109,069	104,132	99,859
Demostic recovery	72.000	70.504	74 200	CO 004	00.074	00.050	74 570	75.540	70.400	70.000
Domestic passengers	73,909	72,584	71,328	69,034	68,071	68,956	71,579	75,546	73,163	70,223
International passengers	41,900	39,568	37,638	36,432	35,620	33,514	34,635	33,523	30,969	29,636
Total passengers	115,809	112,152	108,966	105,466	103,691	102,470	106,214	109,069	104,132	99,859
Total Cargo-tons	2,017	1,991	2,069	2,203	2,261	1,925	2,343	2,620	2,697	2,695
Revenue Mail-tons	128	159	174	185	186	205	237	227	194	180
Total Plane Movements	1,179	1,191	1,186	1,185	1,168	1,181	1,249	1,271	1,222	1,191
Total Air Tarminala Not Conital Fire diturn	¢ 745.450	¢ 460.040	¢ 254 505	£ 242.005	¢ 540.545	£ 650.000	£ 604.700	¢ 605.707	¢ 507.005	¢ 504 470
Total Air Terminals Net Capital Expenditures	\$ 715,456	р 408,319	φ <i>3</i> 51,535	\$ 243,995	φ 518,545	ф 000,292	Φ 0∠4,700	φ 085,/8/	\$ 587,265	φ oυ1,4/6

 $[\]hbox{(a) Changes in authorized positions reflect the creation of stand alone ARFF Cadres at certain airports in 2014. } \\$

⁽b) The Development business segment was reorganized in 2007.

⁽c) Includes staff such as engineering, finance, human resources, legal, technical services and other activities that provide support to the different Port Authority lines of business.

⁽d) Some 2014, 2013 and 2012 numbers reflect estimated data based on available year-end volumes and revised data, respectfully.

Schedule E - Information on Port Authority Operations

	Year ended December 31, 2014						2013	
	Gross		Depreciation	Income (Loss)	Interest,	Capital	Increase/	Increase/
	Operating Revenues	Operating Expenses(a)	& Amortization	from Operations	Grants & Other Expenses(b)	Contributions & PFCs	(Decrease) in Net Position	(Decrease) in Net Position
	Revenues	Expenses(a)	Amortization	(In thousand		u1103	Net i osition	Net i osition
INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION NETWORK				(-,			
George Washington Bridge & Bus Station	\$ 653,848	\$ 129,606	\$ 32,007	\$ 492,235	\$ 23,523	\$ -	\$ 468,712	\$ 423,050
Holland Tunnel	175,272	82,926	26,601	65,745	7,590	-	58,155	62,752
Lincoln Tunnel	229,145	102,922	43,611	82,612	19,021	-	63,591	67,443
Bayonne Bridge	29,601	20,584	5,186	3,831	6,455	-	(2,624)	(577)
Goethals Bridge	172,137	30,669	34,879	106,589	7,089	-	99,500	117,834
Outerbridge Crossing	145,070	27,046	5,048	112,976	1,843	.	111,133	101,379
Port Authority Bus Terminal	42,823	116,630	23,832	(97,639)	15,004	4,404	(108,239)	(111,251
Subtotal - Tunnels, Bridges & Terminals	1,447,896	510,383	171,164	766,349	80,525	4,404	690,228	660,630
PATH General	163,250	385,395	140,031	(362,176)	68,164	30,558	(399,782)	(320,647
WTC Transportation HUB	100,200	1,502	18,597	(20,099)	-	250,030	229,931	271,052
Journal Square Transportation Center	5,418	14,376	6,287	(15,245)	3,061	,	(18,306)	(15,636
Subtotal - PATH	168,668	401,273	164,915	(397,520)	71,225	280,588	(188,157)	(65,231
		,	,	(001,020)	,		(100,101)	(00,201
Ferry Transportation	167	1,164	5,291	(6,288)	4,631	-	(10,919)	(12,857)
Access to the Regions Core (ARC)		721	10,115	(10,836)	3,733		(14,569)	(15,010
Total Interstate Transportation Network	1,616,731	913,541	351,485	351,705	160,114	284,992	476,583	567,532
				·	·		_	
AVIATION	007 400	207 500	40.00=	00.500	10.001	0.000	40.700	40.040
LaGuardia	367,123	287,598	48,927	30,598	19,884	9,069	19,783	19,240
JFK International	1,168,812	784,671	141,945	242,196	64,092	9,680	187,784	170,431
Newark Liberty International	894,017	501,046	114,148	278,823	57,617	(2,252)	218,954	176,890
Teterboro	40,920	29,399	15,668	(4,147)	8,149	5,678	(6,618)	6,982
Stewart International	8,234	20,218	1,260	(13,244)	1,040	2,184	(12,100)	(7,295
PFC Program Total Aviation	2,479,106	258 1,623,190	97,042 418,990	(97,300) 436,926	(304) 150,478	233,172 257,531	136,176 543,979	127,017 493,265
Total Aviation	2,479,100	1,623,190	410,990	430,920	150,476	237,331	545,979	493,203
PORT COMMERCE								
Port Newark	79,983	94,469	29,129	(43,615)	33,277	-	(76,892)	(27,889)
Elizabeth Port Authority Marine Terminal	126,091	18,004	36,474	71,613	36,445	-	35,168	16,407
Brooklyn Port Authority Marine Terminal	4,273	10,809	1,016	(7,552)	1,211	-	(8,763)	(8,023
Red Hook	1,476	7,455	-	(5,979)	-	-	(5,979)	(12,196
Howland Hook Marine Terminal	10,880	11,115	17,023	(17,258)	14,603	15,750	(16,111)	(30,114
Greenville Yard- Port Authority Marine Terminal	821	5	341	475	(69)	-	544	595
NYNJ Rail LLC	2,638	5,286	-	(2,648)	(7,556)	437	5,345	(1,495
Port Jersey - Port Authority Marine Terminal	22,281	25,402	2,292	(5,413)	7,899	-	(13,312)	(16,631
Total Port Commerce	248,443	172,545	86,275	(10,377)	85,810	16,187	(80,000)	(79,346)
DEVELOPMENT								
Essex County Resource Recovery Facility	1,611	93	1,405	113	385	-	(272)	(1,862
Industrial Park at Elizabeth	1,140	9	286	845	291	-	554	537
Bathgate Industrial Park	4,925	2,689	1,301	935	230	-	705	1,004
Teleport	12,549	12,788	1,870	(2,109)	514	-	(2,623)	(2,391
Newark Legal & Communications Center	23,092	53	2,398	20,641	(18,366)	-	39,007	(1,362
Queens West Waterfront Development Hoboken South Waterfront Development	711 7,049	105	605	106	1,537 2,831	-	(1,431) 1,269	(1,454
Total Development	51,077	15,737	2,844 10,709	4,100 24,631	(12,578)		37,209	658 (4,870
Total Development	31,077	13,737	10,709	24,031	(12,576)	<u>-</u>	31,209	(4,670
WORLD TRADE CENTER								
WTC Site	28,366	109,960	23,151	(104,745)	(4,635)	35,582	(64,528)	(18,763
One World Trade Center	20,444	56,113	28,538	(64,207)	70,525	-	(134,732)	(19,950
WTC Towers 2, 3 & 4	30,307	17,450	8,892	3,965	4,755	339,147	338,357	190,277
WTC Retail LLC	6,825	9,266	4,109	(6,550)	10,119	<u> </u>	(16,669)	(11,293
Total World Trade Center	85,942	192,789	64,690	(171,537)	80,764	374,729	122,428	140,271
Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC	-	2,481	-	(2,481)	(1,389)	-	(1,092)	(4,305
Regional Programs	513	2,971	64,484	(66,942)	39,482	_	(106,424)	(112,932
Revenues related to Superstorm Sandy	-	_,0.1	3.,.04	53,530	-	_	53,530	28,229
				55,550			33,330	20,229
Total Port Authority	\$ 4 481 812	\$ 2,923,254	\$ 996,633	\$ 615,455	\$ 502,681	\$ 933,439	\$ 1,046,213	\$ 1,027,844

⁽a) Amounts include all direct operating expenses and allocated expenses.

⁽b) Amounts include allocated net interest expense (interest expense less financial income), 4 WTC associated payments, pass-through grant program payments, grants and gain or loss generated by the disposition of assets, if any.

Schedule F - Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities

	Facilities, net	Capital			Fa	acilities, net
	Dec. 31, 2013	Investment	Depreciation	Dispositions	D	ec. 31, 2014
	(In thousands)			-		
INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION NETWORK						
George Washington Bridge & Bus Station	\$ 846,711	\$ 92,0		\$ -	\$	906,776
Holland Tunnel	368,399	20,3		-		362,174
Lincoln Tunnel	606,396	320,1	- , -	-		882,932
Bayonne Bridge	326,565	225,5	5,186	-		546,939
Goethals Bridge	302,214	268,9	34,879	-		536,282
Outerbridge Crossing	80,999	14,2	46 5,048	-		90,197
Port Authority Bus Terminal	483,130	20,5	606 23,832	-		479,804
Subtotal - Tunnels, Bridges & Terminals	3,014,414	961,8	354 171,164	-		3,805,104
PATH General	2,332,349	218,0	140,031	_		2,410,384
WTC Transportation HUB	3,005,507	290,3	18,597	-		3,277,275
Journal Square Transportation Center	90,649	3,9		-		88,346
Subtotal - PATH	5,428,505	512,4		-		5,776,005
Ferry Transportation	115,106	1,6	5,291	_		111,426
Access to the Region's Core (ARC)	98,503	1,0	- 10,115	_		88,388
Total Interstate Transportation Network	8,656,528	1,475,8		-		9,780,923
AVIATION						
LaGuardia	000 140	216.5	20 40.027			060.750
JFK International	802,148	216,5		-		969,759
	2,262,760	142,6		-		2,263,415
Newark Liberty International	1,786,699	73,4		-		1,746,000
Teterboro	252,079	14,4	,	-		250,835
Stewart International	99,896	47,5		-		146,184
PFC Program	2,120,445	220,8		<u> </u>		2,244,300
Total Aviation	7,324,027	715,4	56 418,990	-		7,620,493
PORT COMMERCE						
Port Newark	740,752	62,9	35 29,129	-		774,558
Elizabeth Port Authority Marine Terminal	1,074,238	36,0	63 36,474	-		1,073,827
Brooklyn Port Authority Marine Terminal	51,585	6,9	1,016	-		57,550
Howland Hook Marine Terminal	495,815	18,0	17,023	-		496,855
Greenville Yards / NYNJ Rail LLC	19,098	8,5	341	-		27,303
Port Jersey-Port Authority Marine Terminal	306,775	77,9		_		382,391
Total Port Commerce	2,688,263	210,4		-		2,812,484
DEVELOPMENT						
Essex County Resource Recovery Facility	8,476		- 1,405			7,071
Industrial Park at Elizabeth	6,656		- 286	_		6,370
				-		
Bathgate Industrial Park Teleport	5,648 13,061	1,2	- 1,301 249 1,870	-		4,347 12,440
Newark Legal & Communications Center	20,435		58 2,398	(18,195)		12,440
Queens West Waterfront Development	87,221		- 605	(10,100)		86,616
Hoboken South Waterfront Development	74,242	5	570 2,844	_		71,968
Total Development	215,739	1,9		(18,195)		188,812
			·			
WORLD TRADE CENTER WTC Site	2 522 040	275.0	006 00.454			2,875,071
	2,522,916	375,3		-		
One World Trade Center	2,935,904	389,2		-		3,296,569
WTC Towers 2, 3 & 4 ^(b)	1,708,320	572,1	,	-		2,271,576
WTC Memorial	429,495	56,7		-		486,256
WTC Retail LLC	1,164,788	280,6	•			1,441,291
Total World Trade Center	8,761,423	1,674,0		- (10.10=)		10,370,763
FACILITIES, net	\$ 27,645,980	\$ 4,077,8		\$ (18,195)	\$	30,773,475
REGIONAL PROGRAMS	\$ 405,260	\$ 2,2	11 \$ 64,484	\$ -	\$	342,987

^(a) Capital Investment includes Contributed Capital Amounts and write-offs related to Capital Construction.

 $^{^{(}b)}$ Includes WTC net lessee contributed capital amounts related to the replacement of Tower 2, 3 and 4.

Schedule G - Port Authority Facility Traffic* (Unaudited)

TUNNELS AND BRIDGES		
(Eastbound Traffic)	2014	2013
All Crossings		
Automobiles	103,965,000	105,452,000
Buses	2,958,000	2,948,000
Trucks	7,095,000	7,288,000
Total vehicles	114,018,000	115,688,000
George Washington Bridge		
Automobiles	45,136,000	45,364,000
Buses	426,000	429,000
Trucks	3,475,000	3,609,000
Total vehicles	49,037,000	49,402,000
Lincoln Tunnel		
Automobiles	15,597,000	15,580,000
Buses	2,151,000	2,128,000
Trucks	1,043,000	1,038,000
Total vehicles	18,791,000	18,746,000
Holland Tunnel		
Automobiles	14,915,000	15,511,000
Buses	209,000	220,000
Trucks	446,000	427,000
Total vehicles	15,570,000	16,158,000
Staten Island Bridges		
Automobiles	28,317,000	28,997,000
Buses	172,000	171,000
Trucks	2,131,000	2,214,000
Total vehicles	30,620,000	31,382,000
PATH		
	2014	2013
Total passengers	73,679,425	72,748,429
Passenger weekday	, ,	,,
•		
average		244 484
·	250,071	244,484
	250,071	244,484
MARINE TERMINALS	250,071	244,484
MARINE TERMINALS	250,071	244,484
MARINE TERMINALS All Terminals		
·		
All Terminals Containers	2014	2013
All Terminals Containers General cargo (a) (metric tons)	2014 3,342,286	2013 3,169,835
All Terminals Containers General cargo (a) (metric tons) Containers in twenty foot	2014 3,342,286 35,361,350	2013 3,169,835 34,059,540
All Terminals Containers General cargo (a) (metric tons) Containers in twenty foot equivalent units	2014 3,342,286 35,361,350 5,772,303	2013 3,169,835 34,059,540 5,467,347
All Terminals Containers General cargo (a) (metric tons) Containers in twenty foot equivalent units International waterborne vehicles	2014 3,342,286 35,361,350	2013 3,169,835 34,059,540
All Terminals Containers General cargo (a) (metric tons) Containers in twenty foot equivalent units International waterborne vehicles Waterborne bulk & break-bulk	2014 3,342,286 35,361,350 5,772,303 393,391	2013 3,169,835 34,059,540 5,467,347 452,778
All Terminals Containers General cargo (a) (metric tons) Containers in twenty foot equivalent units International waterborne vehicles Waterborne bulk & break-bulk commodities (metric tons)	2014 3,342,286 35,361,350 5,772,303	2013 3,169,835 34,059,540 5,467,347
All Terminals Containers General cargo (a) (metric tons) Containers in twenty foot equivalent units International waterborne vehicles Waterborne bulk & break-bulk	2014 3,342,286 35,361,350 5,772,303 393,391	2013 3,169,835 34,059,540 5,467,347 452,778
All Terminals Containers General cargo (a) (metric tons) Containers in twenty foot equivalent units International waterborne vehicles Waterborne bulk & break-bulk commodities (metric tons)	2014 3,342,286 35,361,350 5,772,303 393,391	2013 3,169,835 34,059,540 5,467,347 452,778
All Terminals Containers General cargo (a) (metric tons) Containers in twenty foot equivalent units International waterborne vehicles Waterborne bulk & break-bulk commodities (metric tons) New Jersey Marine Terminals	2014 3,342,286 35,361,350 5,772,303 393,391 5,259,607	2013 3,169,835 34,059,540 5,467,347 452,778 3,732,292

AVIATION	2014	2013
Totals at the Major Airports		20.0
Plane movements	1,178,829	1,190,816
Passengers	115,809,058	112,151,615
Domestic	73,908,654	72,583,505
International	41,900,404	39,568,110
Cargo-tons	2,016,536	1,990,910
Revenue mail-tons	127,621	158,778
John F. Kennedy International Airport		
Plane movements	422,509	406,181
Passengers	53,254,362	50,454,279
Domestic	25,006,280	23,913,096
International	28,248,082	26,541,183
Cargo-tons	1,343,198	1,321,035
LaGuardia Airport		
Plane movements	360,834	370,861
Passengers	26,954,588	26,681,100
Domestic	25,139,695	24,953,572
International	1,814,893	1,727,528
Cargo-tons	7,140	6,720
Newark Liberty International Airport		
Plane movements	395,486	413,774
Passengers	35,600,108	35,016,236
Domestic	23,762,679	23,716,837
International	11,837,429	11,299,399
Cargo-tons	666,198	663,155
TERMINALS		
	2014	2013
All Bus Facilities		
Passengers	82,451,500	81,497,500
Bus movements	3,597,120	3,562,800
Port Authority Bus Terminal		
Passengers	66,000,000	65,000,000
Bus movements	2,320,000	2,288,000
George Washington Bridge		
Bus Station		
Passengers	4,700,000	4,750,000
Bus movements	337,000	335,000
PATH Journal Square		
Transportation Center Bus Station		
Passengers	11,751,500	11,747,500
Bus movements	940,120	939,800

^{*} Some 2014 and 2013 numbers reflect estimated data based on available year-end volumes and revised data, respectively.

⁽a) International oceanborne general and bulk cargo as recorded in the New York - New Jersey Customs District.