

Financial Statements & Appended Notes

for the Year Ended December 31, 2017





THE PORT AUTHORITY OF NEW YORK & NEW JERSEY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND APPENDED NOTES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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CERTIFICATE WITH RESPECT TO 2017 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We, the undersigned officers of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, hereby certify, in connection with the release of the consolidated financial statements of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey (the "Authority") and its component units for the years ended December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (the "Financial Statements") that (a) to the best of our knowledge and belief, the financial and other information, including the summary of significant accounting policies described in the Financial Statements are accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to present fairly the Authority's net position, changes in net position, and cash flows, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and (b) on the basis that the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Authority has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls to protect its assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to provide reasonable (rather than absolute) assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Financial Statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Dated: New York, New York March 7, 2018

> Richard Cotton Executive Director

Elizabeth M. McCarthy Chief Financial Officer

Daniel G. McCarron Comptroller

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KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, NY 10154-0102

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Commissioners
The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey:

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey (the Port Authority), which comprise the consolidated statements of net position as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net position of the Port Authority as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its net position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules listed under the heading Required Supplementary Information within the table of contents, be presented to supplement the consolidated financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the consolidated financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the consolidated financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the consolidated financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the consolidated financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audits for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Port Authority's consolidated financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules D-1, D-2, D-3, E and F, as listed in the table of contents, related to the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information included in Schedules D-1, D-2, D-3, E and F related to the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the 2017 and 2016 consolidated financial statements, respectively, as a whole.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the consolidated financial statements of the Port Authority as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2016, March 13, 2015, March 6, 2014, and February 25, 2013, respectively, which contained an unmodified opinion on the respective consolidated financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules D-1 and D-2, as listed in the table of contents, for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012, and the supplementary information included in Schedule D-3, as listed in the table of contents, for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012 consolidated financial statements, as applicable. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012 consolidated financial statements, as applicable, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those consolidated financial statements or to those consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information included in Schedules D-1 and D-2 related to the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012 and the supplementary information included in Schedule D-3 related to the years ended



December 31, 2015 and 2014, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012 consolidated financial statements, as applicable, as a whole.

The Port Authority's consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2008 through 2011 (not presented herein) were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon expressed unmodified opinions on those respective consolidated financial statements. The reports of the other auditors on these consolidated financial statements stated that the supplementary information included in Schedules D-1 and D-2 for fiscal years 2008 through 2011, was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the respective consolidated financial statements and, in their opinion, was fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the respective consolidated financial statements as a whole.

The supplementary information included in Schedule D-3 for fiscal years 2008 through 2013 and Schedule G, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Report on Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with Port Authority Bond Resolutions

We have audited the accompanying Schedules A, B and C of the Port Authority, which comprise financial statements that present the assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2017, and the revenues and reserves for the year then ended, of the Port Authority prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Port Authority's bond resolutions.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Port Authority's bond resolutions; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets and liabilities of the Port Authority as of December 31, 2017, and its revenues and reserves for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of the Port Authority's bond resolutions.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Schedules A, B and C prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Port Authority's bond resolutions as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on them in our report dated March 1, 2017. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented on Schedules A, B, and C herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited Schedules A, B and C as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 from which it has been derived.

Emphasis of Matters

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note A.4 of the consolidated financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting used in Schedules A, B and C. Schedules A, B and C are prepared by the Port Authority based on the requirements present in its bond resolutions, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Restriction on Use

Our report on Schedules A, B, and C is intended solely for the information and use of the Port Authority and those who are a party to the Port Authority's bond resolutions, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

New York, New York March 20, 2018

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

Introduction

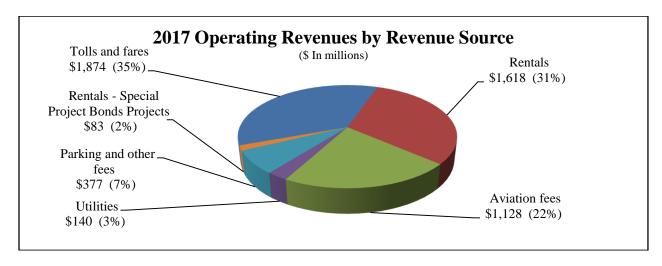
The following discussion and analysis of the financial activities of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey (the Port Authority) and its component units described herein (see *Note A.1.d – Nature of the Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*) is intended to provide an introduction to and understanding of the consolidated financial statements of the Port Authority for the year ended December 31, 2017, with selected comparative information for the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. This section has been prepared by management of the Port Authority and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and appended note disclosures that follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report.

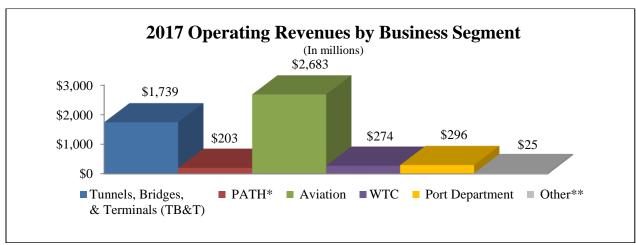
2017 Financial Results

The Port Authority's Net position increased \$506 million from December 31, 2016, comprised of \$830 million in Income from operations, partially offset by \$324 million in Non-operating activities.

Description	2017
	(In thousands)
Gross operating revenues	\$ 5,220,389
Operating expenses	(3,132,918)
Depreciation and amortization	(1,275,303)
Net revenue related to Superstorm Sandy	18,323
Income from operations	830,491
Non-operating expenses, net	(787,596)
Capital contributions and Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs)	463,258
Decrease related to non-operating activities	(324,338)
Increase in Net position	\$ 506,153

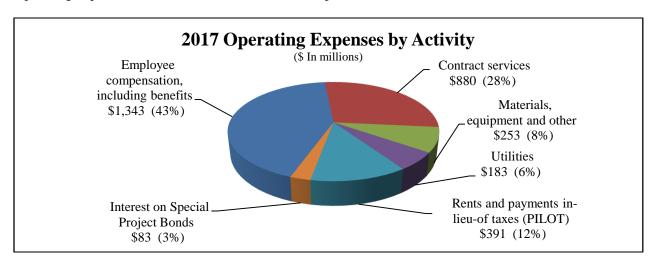
Gross operating revenues totaled \$5.2 billion in 2017, comprised of:

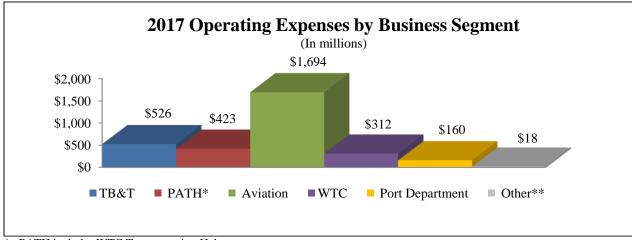




^{*} Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation (PATH) includes World Trade Center (WTC) Transportation Hub.

Operating expenses totaled \$3.1 billion in 2017, comprised of:



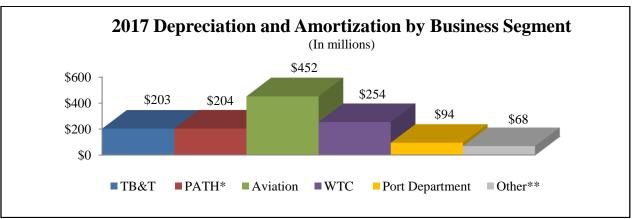


^{*} PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.

^{**}Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities and Ferry Transportation.

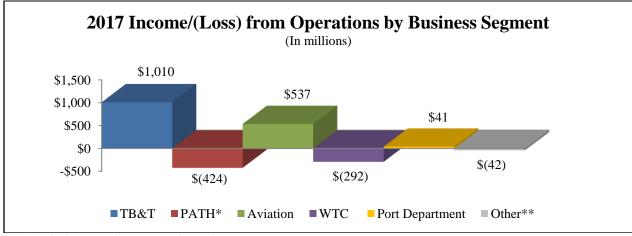
^{**} Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation.

Depreciation and amortization totaled \$1.3 billion in 2017, comprised of:



^{*} PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.

Income/(Loss) from operations totaled \$830 million in 2017, comprised of:



^{*} PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.

Non-operating activities decreased Net position by \$324 million in 2017, comprised of:

	2017
	(In millions)
Contributions in aid of construction and Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs)	\$ 463
Grants, in connection with operating activities and pass-through grant program payments	20
Financial income, including changes in fair value of investments	35
Interest expense in connection with bonds and other asset financings, net*	(842)
Increase/(Decrease) from non-operating activities	\$ (324)

^{*}Includes \$65.3 million related to Tower 4 Liberty Bonds debt service payments due the Port Authority from the WTC Tower 4 net lessee.

^{**}Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities, Access to the Regions Core, Moynihan Station Transportation Program and Ferry Transportation.

^{**}Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities, Access to the Regions Core, Moynihan Station Transportation Program, Ferry Transportation and Net revenues related to Superstorm Sandy.

Financial Statement Comparison for the Years Ended December 31, 2017, December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015

Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Port Authority's consolidated financial statements, including the notes to the consolidated financial statements, required supplementary information, financial schedules pursuant to Port Authority bond resolutions, and statistical and other supplemental information. The consolidated financial statements comprise the following: the Consolidated Statements of Net Position, the Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statements of Net Position

The Consolidated Statements of Net Position present the financial position of the Port Authority at the end of the fiscal year and include all of the Port Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources as applicable. Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. A summarized comparison of the Port Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position follows:

	2017	2016	2015
		(In thousands)	
ASSETS			
Current assets	\$ 2,767,697	\$ 2,683,308	\$ 3,779,062
Noncurrent assets:			
Facilities, net	35,963,576	34,693,691	32,666,774
Other noncurrent assets	7,751,457	7,884,673	7,902,406
Net OPEB asset	98,948	-	_
Total assets	46,581,678	45,261,672	44,348,242
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Loss on debt refundings	73,148	79,046	97,337
Pension related amounts	328,602	555,794	155,259
Total deferred outflows of resources	401,750	634,840	252,596
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities	3,375,701	3,392,909	3,546,341
Noncurrent liabilities:	-,-:-,:-	-,,,-	2,2 . 2,2 . 2
Bonds and other asset financing obligations	22,464,963	21,533,071	21,533,822
Other noncurrent liabilities	3,946,243	4,288,389	3,962,030
Total liabilities	29,786,907	29,214,369	29,042,193
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Gain on debt refundings	47,237	30,407	21,527
Pension related amounts	68,237	76,842	7,555
Total deferred inflows of resources	115,474	107,249	29,082
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	13,179,105	12,746,144	11,810,573
Restricted	760,912	567,443	456,429
Unrestricted	3,141,030	3,261,307	3,262,561
Net position, December 31	\$ 17,081,047	\$ 16,574,894	\$ 15,529,563

2017 vs. 2016

Port Authority assets totaled \$46.6 billion at December 31, 2017, an increase of \$1.3 billion from December 31, 2016. This overall increase was primarily a result of:

- Facilities, net, including contributed capital, of \$35.9 billion, increased \$1.3 billion from December 31, 2016 due to the continued capital investment in core transportation facilities as outlined in the 2017-2026 ten-year capital plan, less annual depreciation. (See *Schedule F Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities* for additional information on capital investment by business segment).
- ➤ Cash balances, including restricted amounts, of \$859 million increased \$121 million from December 31, 2016, primarily due to \$1.9 billion in cash provided by operations, \$1.3 billion from consolidated bond proceeds and commercial paper obligations issued for purposes of funding capital construction projects and the receipt of \$460 million in Federal Transit Authority (FTA) capital contributions and Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs). Partially offsetting these increases was

\$2.2 billion in capital construction contractor payments, \$1.3 billion in debt service payments on outstanding debt obligations and the reallocation of available PFCs and reserves from cash equivalents to United States Treasury securities.

- ➤ Current and noncurrent investments, including restricted amounts of \$4.3 billion decreased \$459 million primarily due to the use of certain investments to refund outstanding consolidated bond debt obligations or fund capital construction projects in 2017. Partially offsetting this decrease was the investment of available PFCs in United States Treasury securities.
- ➤ Receivables, including restricted amounts, of \$674 million increased \$83 million from December 31, 2016, primarily due to timing differences in receiving aviation fees and rents from airlines, amounts due from other tolling agencies for E-ZPass® tolls collected on behalf of the Port Authority and amounts due from the WTC Towers 3 and 4 net lessees who exercised their right under 2010 tenant support agreements to defer the payment of certain net lease rental and debt service payments.

Deferred outflows of resources totaled \$402 million at December 31, 2017, a decrease of \$233 million from December 31, 2016. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the Port Authority's proportionate share of actuarially determined deferred pension costs related to the Port Authority's participation in the New York State and Local Retirement System (NYSLRS). Deferred outflows of resources related to NYSLRS will be amortized as additional pension expense on a straight-line basis over closed periods of five to six years (see *Note I- Pension Plans* for additional information related to pensions).

Port Authority liabilities totaled \$29.8 billion at December 31, 2017, an increase of \$573 million from December 31, 2016. This increase was primarily due to:

- ▶ Bonds and other asset financing obligations, including Tower 4 Liberty Bonds, increased \$637 million primarily due to the issuance of \$2.0 billion additional consolidated bonds for purposes of funding capital construction and refunding existing debt obligations and a \$190 million increase in accrued amounts related to the Goethals Bridge Replacement Project (GBRP) Developer Financing Arrangement (DFA) due to the completion of additional capital construction of the replacement bridge. These increases were partially offset by a \$1.6 billion decrease in consolidated bonds related to the retirement and refunding of existing debt obligations and a \$37 million decrease in amounts payable related to the Fund for Regional Development Buy-Out Obligation.
- Accrued pension and other post employment employee benefits decreased \$175 million primarily due to a decrease in the Port Authority's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) of NYSLRS, including the impact related to the difference between expected and actual earnings on plan investments.
- Accounts payable increased \$157 million primarily due to increases in capital construction accruals.

Deferred inflows of resources totaled \$115 million at December 31, 2017, an increase of \$8 million from December 31, 2016. This increase was primarily due to a \$16 million increase in deferred gains related to the refunding of outstanding debt obligations in 2017. Partially offsetting this increase was a \$8 million decrease in the Port Authority's proportionate share of actuarially determined deferred pension costs related to the Port Authority's participation in NYSLRS. Deferred inflows of resources related to NYLSRS will be amortized as a reduction to future pension expense on a straight-line basis over closed

periods of five to six years (see Note I- Pension Plans for additional information related to pensions).

2016 vs. 2015

Port Authority assets totaled \$45.3 billion at December 31, 2016, an increase of \$913 million from December 31, 2015. This overall increase was primarily a result of:

- Facilities, net, including contributed capital, increased \$2.0 billion resulting from the continued capital investment in Port Authority facilities as outlined in the Port Authority's capital plan, less annual depreciation (see *Schedule F Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities* for additional information on capital investment by business segment).
- ➤ Cash balances, including restricted amounts, of \$738 million decreased \$610 million from December 31, 2015 primarily due to the drawdown of consolidated bond proceeds received in 2015 to refund certain outstanding consolidated bond debt obligations in 2016, to achieve savings on future debt service payments, and to fund additional capital construction at Port Authority facilities. For additional information related to cash balances see the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.
- ➤ Current and noncurrent investments, including restricted amounts, of \$4.8 billion decreased \$435 million primarily due to the use of certain investments to refund certain outstanding consolidated bond debt obligations in 2016, to achieve savings on future debt service payments.

Port Authority deferred outflows of resources totaled \$634.8 million at December 31, 2016, an increase of \$382.2 million from December 31, 2015. This increase was primarily due to an increase in certain actuarially determined pension costs related to the Port Authority's proportionate share of the NYSLRS NPL, including the impact of changes to certain actuarial assumptions and the difference between expected and actual earnings on plan investments. Deferred outflows of resources will be amortized as additional pension expense on a straight-line basis over a closed period (see *Note I- Pension Plans* for additional information related to pensions).

Port Authority liabilities totaled \$29.2 billion at December 31, 2016, an increase of \$172 million from December 31, 2015. This increase was primarily due to:

- Accrued pension and other post employment employee benefits increased \$304 million primarily due to a \$379 million increase in the Port Authority's proportionate share of the NPL of NYSLRS, including the impact of changes to certain actuarial assumptions and the difference between expected and actual earnings on plan investments. Offsetting these increases was a \$77 million decrease in the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) obligation, primarily due to advanced funding of \$100 million to The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey Retiree Health Benefits Trust for purposes of paying future OPEB payments. For additional information related to pension obligations and OPEB, see *Note I Pension Plans* and *Note J Other Postemployment Employee Benefits (OPEB)*.
- ➤ Unearned income related to the Port Authority's transfer of its interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture increased \$69 million primarily due to the receipt of additional funding in connection with the ongoing development of the retail components of the WTC retail premises. These amounts are being recognized as rental income over the term of the WTC retail net lease agreement.
- ➤ Bonds and other asset financing obligations, including Tower 4 Liberty Bonds, decreased \$247 million primarily due to the refunding of certain outstanding consolidated bonds series in January

2016 and October 2016, respectively, with refunding bond proceeds received in October 2015. Offsetting these amounts was an increase in the Goethals Bridge Replacement Developer Financing Arrangement (DFA) obligation due to the completion of additional capital construction of the replacement bridge.

Port Authority deferred inflows of resources totaled \$107.2 million at December 31, 2016, an increase of \$78.2 million from December 31, 2015. This year-to-year increase was primarily due to a decrease in the Port Authority's proportionate share of pension amounts of NYSLRS. 2016 deferred inflows of resources will be amortized as a reduction to pension expense on a straight-line basis over a closed period (see *Note I- Pension Plans* for additional information related to pensions).

Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall fiscal condition of an organization has improved or worsened during the year. Following is a summary of the Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position:

	2017	2016	2015
		(In thousands)	
Gross operating revenues	\$ 5,220,389	\$ 5,167,364	\$ 4,826,582
Operating expenses	(3,132,918)	(3,013,087)	(2,900,652)
Depreciation and amortization	(1,275,303)	(1,238,512)	(1,189,048)
Net revenue related to Superstorm Sandy	18,323	-	123
Income from operations	830,491	915,765	737,005
Non-operating expenses, net Capital contributions and PFCs	(787,596) 463,258	(809,747) 939,313	(792,214) 835,002
Increase in net position	506,153	1,045,331	779,793
Net position, January 1	16,574,894	15,529,563	14,749,770
Net position, December 31	\$17,081,047	\$16,574,894	\$15,529,563

Additional information on individual facility financial results can be found in *Schedule E – Information* on *Port Authority Operations* located in the Statistical and Other Supplemental Information section of this report.

Gross Operating Revenues

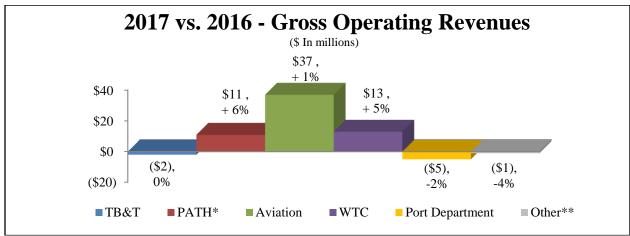
A summary of gross operating revenues follows:

, , , ,	2017	2016	2015
		(In thousands)	
Gross operating revenues:			
Tolls and fares	\$ 1,873,622	\$ 1,865,481	\$ 1,718,770
Rentals	1,618,439	1,564,527	1,446,980
Aviation fees	1,128,352	1,112,436	1,063,902
Parking and other	377,421	399,178	359,631
Utilities	139,502	138,987	144,580
Rentals - Special Project Bonds Projects	83,053	86,755	92,719
Total	\$ 5,220,389	\$ 5,167,364	\$ 4,826,582

2017 vs. 2016

Gross operating revenues of \$5.2 billion increased \$53 million or 1% from 2016. Rentals increased \$54 million primarily due to increases in fixed rentals at One World Trade Center due to higher occupancy, scheduled increases in terminal rents at Port Authority Marine Terminals and Aviation facilities and percentage rentals related to John F. Kennedy International Arrivals Terminal 4 (JFKIAT). Partially offsetting these increases was a decrease in certain fixed and percentage rentals at LaGuardia Airport (LGA) for the operation, on an interim basis, of the existing Terminal B due to the execution of a lease agreement with LaGuardia Gateway Partners (LGP) in June 2016 for the replacement of the existing terminal. Aviation fees, which provide for the recovery of certain Port Authority capital investments and operating expenses at the Port Authority's three major airports increased \$16 million, primarily due to the recovery of additional aeronautical related capital investment and policing costs. PATH fares increased \$12.4 million primarily due to a 5.4% increase in passenger activity driven in part by the accommodation of approximately 930,000 New Jersey Transit (NJT) passengers due to Amtrak construction activity at Penn Station that resulted in NJT service disruptions. Toll revenue at the Port Authority's six (6) vehicular crossings decreased by \$4.3 million primarily due to one less work day in February 2017 when compared to February 2016 (a leap year), and increased discounts resulting from higher E-ZPass® usage. This decrease was partially offset by a 0.5% increase in overall vehicular traffic. Parking and other fees decreased \$22 million primarily due to a non-recurring Elizabeth Port Authority Marine Terminal consent fee received in 2016. Partially offsetting this decrease was an increase in Container Facility Charges (CFC) and Wharfage fees at Port Authority Marine Terminals due to a 6.8% increase in container activity.

The following chart depicts the 2017 change in total gross operating revenues by business segment when compared to 2016:



^{*} PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.

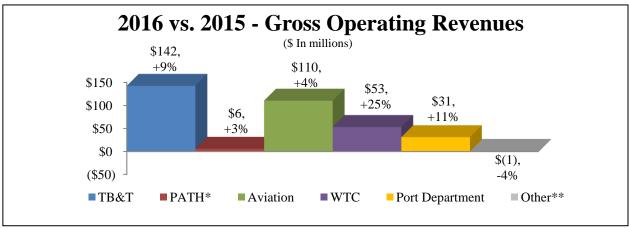
2016 vs. 2015

Gross operating revenues of \$5.2 billion increased \$341 million or 7.1% from 2015. Toll revenue at the Port Authority's six (6) vehicular crossings increased \$142 million or 9.2% from 2015, due to the final scheduled toll increase that became effective in December 2015 and an overall increase in vehicular traffic of 2.4%. PATH fares increased \$5 million or 2.8% due to a 2.6% increase in passenger activity. Rental revenue increased \$118 million or 8.1% primarily due to increases in fixed and percentage rentals at One World Trade Center as a result of increased occupancy, and Aviation facilities, primarily due to scheduled rent increases in certain terminal lease agreements and increased percentage rentals at John F.

^{**}Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities and Ferry Transportation.

Kennedy International Airport (JFK). Partially offsetting these increases was a decrease in certain fixed and percentage rentals at LGA due to the execution of a lease agreement with LGP for the operation of the existing Terminal B pursuant to the public private partnership that is redeveloping the terminal. Aviation fees, which provide for the recovery of certain Port Authority capital investments and operating expenses at its three major airports, increased \$49 million or 4.6% primarily due to the recovery of increased policing and security related expenditures and aeronautical related capital investment.

The following chart depicts the 2016 change in total gross operating revenues by business segment when compared to 2015:



^{*} PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.

Operating Expenses

A summary of operating expenses follows:

	2017	2016	2015
		(In thousands)	
Operating expenses:			
Employee compensation, including benefits	\$ 1,342,943	\$ 1,290,334	\$ 1,178,967
Contract services	880,331	852,926	833,903
Rents and payments in-lieu-of taxes (PILOT)	390,576	352,293	356,162
Materials, equipment and other	252,533	264,977	252,071
Utilities	183,482	165,802	186,830
Interest on Special Project Bonds	83,053	86,755	92,719
Total	\$ 3,132,918	\$ 3,013,087	\$ 2,900,652

2017 vs. 2016

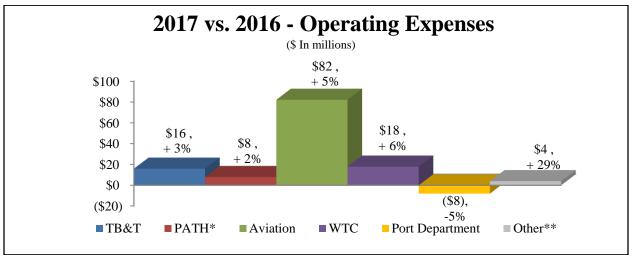
Operating expenses totaled \$3.1 billion in 2017, an increase of \$120 million or 4.0% from 2016.

Employee compensation, including employer provided healthcare and retirement benefits totaled \$1.3 billion in 2017, an increase of \$53 million or 4.0% from 2016 primarily due to increased wages, the hiring of additional police officers, heightened security at Port Authority facilities and increased operational support for construction activities at Aviation facilities. Partially offsetting these increases were decreases in actuarially determined costs related to OPEB and the Port Authority's proportionate share of NYSLRS pension expense.

^{**} Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities and Ferry Transportation.

Operating expenditures relating to material and equipment purchases, utility consumption, rent payable, professional consulting services and contractor payments for operational and maintenance support services totaled \$1.8 billion in 2017, an increase of \$67 million or 4.0% from 2016 primarily due to scheduled rent escalations at certain Port Authority Aviation facilities, increased property management services and electricity consumption at the WTC site resulting from increases in operational assets under management, increased ground transportation and taxi dispatch services at Aviation facilities to provide additional traffic and parking management in support of construction activities, increased snow and ice removal chemicals and materials, increased federal inspection services at New York Stewart International Airport due to increased air service, and increased consulting services for master planning activities related to Port Authority Marine Terminals. Partially offsetting these increases were decreases in maintenance dredging at Port Authority Marine Terminals, lower capital write-offs related to the Port Authority's 2017-2026 capital plan and lower public liability insurance premiums and self-insured loss reserves, primarily at John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFK) and PATH.

The following chart depicts the 2017 change in total operating expenses by business segment when compared to 2016:



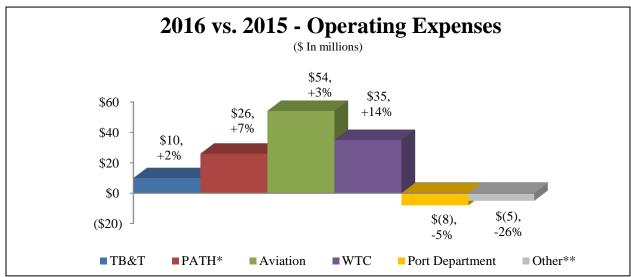
^{*} PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.

2016 vs. 2015

Operating expenses of \$3.0 billion increased \$112 million or 3.9% from 2015. Employee compensation of \$1.3 billion increased \$111 million from 2015 primarily due to increases in actuarially determined costs related to OPEB and pension benefits provided to employees as well as increases in employee compensation due to heightened security at Aviation facilities and the WTC site, and the training of additional police officers. In addition, payments to third-parties for maintenance, security, operational support, PILOT to the City of New York, and insurance increased approximately \$39 million due to the continued transitioning of the WTC to a fully operational facility, including the WTC Transportation Hub, which opened to the public in March 2016. Partially offsetting these increases were decreases totaling approximately \$18 million in material purchases, employee wages, and contractor payments related to snow and ice removal activities, primarily at Aviation facilities, as well as a \$20 million decrease in electricity consumption and supply charges at Port Authority facilities due to milder weather conditions.

^{**}Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation.

The following chart depicts the 2016 change in total operating expenses by business segment when compared to 2015:



^{*} PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.

Depreciation and Amortization

A summary of depreciation and amortization follows:

	2017	2016	2015
		(In thousands)	
Depreciation and amortization:			
Depreciation of facilities	\$1,231,139	\$1,173,747	\$1,124,383
Amortization of costs for regional programs	44,164	64,765	64,665
Total	\$1,275,303	\$1,238,512	\$1,189,048

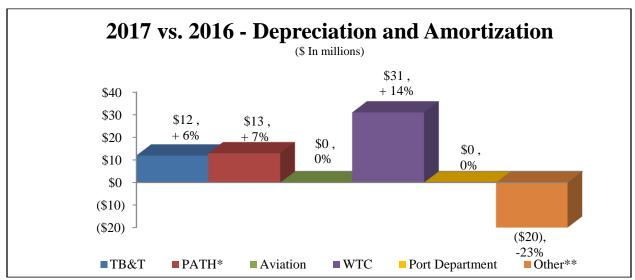
2017 vs. 2016

Depreciation and amortization of \$1.3 billion increased \$36 million or 3.0% from 2016 resulting from the scheduled completion of \$2.9 billion of capital construction in both 2016 and 2017. These capital infrastructure assets, primarily located at the WTC, PATH, Goethals Bridge and Bayonne Bridge are ready for their intended use and are being depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Partially offsetting these increases was a \$20.6 million decrease in amortization related to certain Regional facilities and programs that were fully amortized during 2016 and 2017, respectively. For additional information related to regional facilities, see *Note H- Regional Facilities and Programs*.

Additional information related to capital investment in Port Authority facilities can be found in Note B-Facilities, net to the 2017 consolidated financial statements, Schedule D-3-Selected Statistical Financial Data by Business Segment and Schedule F-Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities located in the Statistical and Other Supplemental Information section of this report.

The following chart depicts the 2017 change in total depreciation by business segment when compared to 2016:

^{**} Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation.

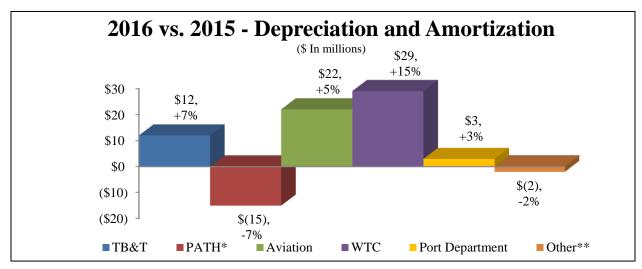


- * PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.
- ** Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities, Access to the Regions Core, Ferry Transportation and Moynihan Station Transportation Program.

2016 vs. 2015

Depreciation and amortization of \$1.2 billion increased \$49 million or 4.2% from 2015. This increase is primarily due to the placement of \$2.9 billion of additional capital infrastructure into service during 2016. These capital infrastructure assets, primarily located at the WTC site, TB&T, and Aviation facilities are now being depreciated over their estimated useful life. In addition, the Port Authority accelerated depreciation of approximately \$10 million for certain LGA Terminal B capital infrastructure assets, which are expected to be taken out of service in 2021 due to the ongoing redevelopment of the terminal.

The following chart depicts the 2016 change in total depreciation by business segment when compared to 2015:



- * PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.
- ** Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities, Access to the Regions Core and Ferry Transportation.

Net revenues related to Superstorm Sandy

2017 vs. 2016

Net revenues related to Superstorm Sandy increased \$18.3 million from 2016 due to the receipt of additional insurance proceeds related to Port Authority WTC Superstorm Sandy related insurance claims. As of December 31, 2017, the Port Authority has received approximately \$581 million in insurance recoveries related to Superstorm Sandy.

2016 vs. 2015

Net revenues related to Superstorm Sandy decreased from 2015 due to the timing of insurance recoveries from participating insurance carriers. As of December 31, 2016, the Port Authority has received approximately \$563 million in insurance recoveries related to Superstorm Sandy.

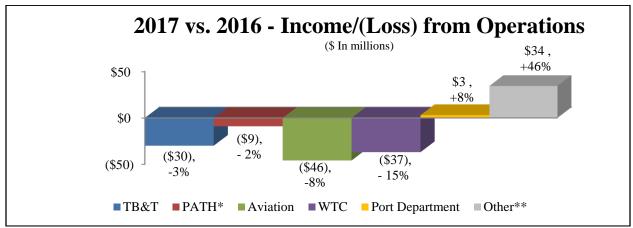
Income from Operations

Income from operations represents the difference between gross operating revenues, and the sum of operating expenses, depreciation and amortization and net revenue related to Superstorm Sandy.

2017 vs. 2016

Income from operations of \$830 million declined \$85 million from 2016 primarily due to increases in depreciation relating to the completion of additional capital construction projects located at the WTC, PATH, Goethals Bridge and Bayonne Bridge and increased operating expenses resulting from increased employee wages, rents due to municipalities, and contractor payments at the WTC site and Aviation facilities.

The following chart depicts 2017 change in income from operations by business segment when compared to 2016:



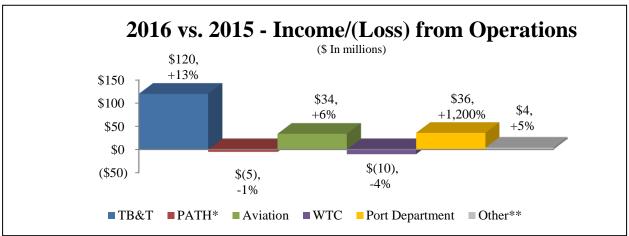
^{*} PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.

^{**}Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities, Access to the Regions Core, Ferry Transportation, Moynihan Station Transportation Program and Net revenue related to Superstorm Sandy.

2016 vs. 2015

Income from operations of \$916 million increased \$179 million from 2015 primarily due to increases in tolls at the Port Authority's six (6) vehicular crossings and fixed and activity-based rentals at the WTC and Aviation facilities.

The following chart depicts 2016 change in income from operations by business segment when compared to 2015:



^{*} PATH includes WTC Transportation Hub.

Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

A summary of non-operating revenues and expenses follows:

	2017	2016**	2015**
		(In thousands)	_
Non-operating revenues and (expenses):			
Financial income	\$ 48,077	\$ 7,519	\$ 18,505
Net (decrease) in fair value of investments	(12,751)	(11,493)	(14,290)
Interest expense in connection with			
bonds and other asset financings, net*	(843,050)	(859,393)	(846,074)
Pass-through grant program payments	(19,717)	(10,695)	(51,429)
Grants, in connection with operating activities	39,845	64,315	101,074
Non-operating expenses, net	\$ (787,596)	\$ (809,747)	\$ (792,214)

^{*} Includes amounts related to Tower 4 Liberty Bonds debt service payments due the Port Authority from the WTC Tower 4 net lessee.

2017 vs. 2016

Financial income, comprised of interest income and changes in the fair value of investments of \$35 million increased \$39 million when compared to 2016 primarily due to higher earnings on Port Authority investments, comprised primarily of United States Treasury securities, and a decrease in financial returns due the WTC Retail net lessee on their capital investment in the WTC Retail

^{**}Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities, Access to the Regions Core, Ferry Transportation and Net revenue related to Superstorm Sandy.

^{**} For presentation purposes, amortization of bond premiums received at issuance were reclassified from Financial income to Interest expense in connection with bonds and other asset financings, net.

premises, which opened to the public in 2016. Partially offsetting these increases was a decrease in the fair market value of the Port Authority's investment portfolio, due to the fluctuation of interest rates.

- Interest expense in connection with bonds and other asset financings of \$843 million decreased \$16 million from 2016 primarily due to increased reimbursements due from the WTC Tower 4 net lessee for Tower 4 Liberty Bond debt service payments and a decrease in interest expense achieved through the refunding and retirement of existing debt obligations. Partially offsetting this decrease was an increase in interest expense charged to operations due to a decrease in capital projects under construction.
- ➤ Pass-through grant program payments to sub-grantees of \$20 million increased \$9 million from 2016 primarily due to increased federal funding associated with baggage screening projects at Aviation facilities and the regional truck replacement program that was passed through to third party entities.

Pass-through grant program payments are completely offset in either, Contributions in aid of construction or Grants, in connection with operating activities.

Frants, in connection with operating activities of \$40 million decreased \$24 million from 2016 primarily due to a \$20 million decrease in federal funding related to Urban Area Security Initiatives (UASI) due to lower federal funds being available for reimbursement and a \$9 million decrease in grants related to Superstorm Sandy immediate recovery efforts due to the transition from the immediate repairs phase to the permanent repair and resiliency phase of the recovery effort.

2016 vs. 2015

- Financial income related to the Port Authority's \$4.8 billion investment portfolio, comprised primarily of U.S. securities, decreased \$11 million. Offsetting this decrease was a \$3 million increase in market valuation adjustments associated with the fluctuation of interest rates and the resulting impact these fluctuations had on the fair value of the Port Authority's investment portfolio.
- Interest expense in connection with bonds and other asset financings of \$859 million increased \$13 million from 2015 primarily related to certain consolidated bond series that were issued in October 2015 for purposes of refunding certain outstanding consolidated debt obligations in 2016 and 2017 respectively. As the outstanding debt to be refunded was not defeased for financial reporting purposes in 2015, interest accrued on both the refunding bonds issued in 2015 for such purposes and the outstanding debt obligations to be refunded were recognized until such bonds were refunded.
- ➤ Pass-through grant program payments to sub-grantees of \$11 million decreased \$41 million in 2016 primarily due to decreased federal funding associated with baggage screening projects at Aviation facilities and Port security projects sponsored by the Port Authority.
 - Pass-through grant program payments are offset in their entirety by either Contributions in aid of construction or Grants, in connection with operating activities.
- ➤ Grants, in connection with operating activities of \$64 million decreased \$37 million in 2016 primarily due to a \$26 million decrease in grants related to Superstorm Sandy recovery efforts and a

\$26 million decrease in security related programs from the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) for baggage screening at LGA, JFK, and Newark Liberty International Airport (EWR) and UASI. Offsetting these amounts was a \$9.5 million increase in Airport Improvement Program (AIP) primarily related to certain studies and operating activities at Port Authority Aviation facilities.

Capital Contributions and Passenger Facility Charges

A summary of Capital Contributions and Passenger Facility Charges follows:

	2017	2016	2015
Contributions in aid of construction PFCs	\$ 187,473 275,785	(In thousands) \$ 674,950 264,363	\$ 586,295 248,707
Total	\$ 463,258	\$ 939,313	\$ 835,002

2017 vs. 2016

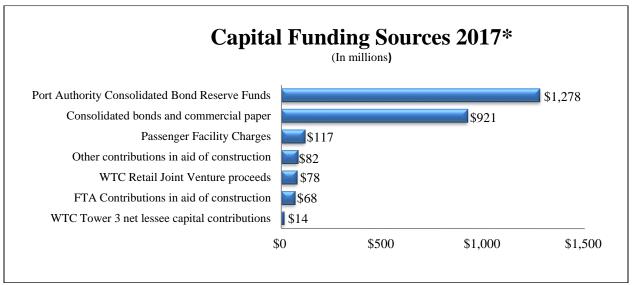
Contributions in aid of construction of \$187 million decreased \$488 million from 2016 primarily due to a decrease in capital contributions from the net lessee of WTC Tower 3 and the Metropolitan Transportation Authority (MTA) for the redevelopment of certain areas of the WTC site, and the Federal Transportation Administration (FTA) for the construction of the WTC Transportation Hub, which opened to the public in March 2016. AIP funding related to the rehabilitation of certain runways at the Port Authority's three major airports that were substantially completed in 2016 also decreased. Offsetting these decreases were increases in capital contributions from the Federal Transit Authority (FTA) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Superstorm Sandy restoration and resiliency projects. For additional information related to grants and contributions, see *Note F- Grants and Contributions in Aid of Construction*.

2016 vs. 2015

Contributions in aid of construction and PFCs of \$939 million increased \$104 million from 2015 primarily due to increases in contributed capital amounts due from the Three WTC net lessee related to the continued construction of WTC Tower 3, the MTA for the redevelopment of certain areas of the WTC site and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) related to the Cross Harbor Freight Movement Program at Greenville Yard Port Authority Marine Terminal. Offsetting these increases were decreases in AIP funding primarily related to the rehabilitation of certain runways at the Port Authority's three major airports that were substantially completed in 2015.

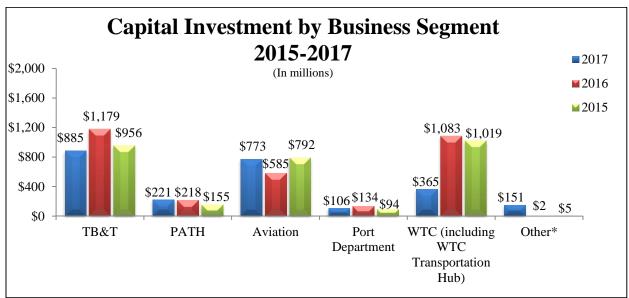
Capital Construction Activities

Port Authority capital investment, including contributed capital and accrued amounts relating to capital construction, totaled \$2.5 billion in 2017, \$3.2 billion in 2016, and \$3.0 billion in 2015.



^{*} Capital funding sources exclude accrued amounts in connection with capital construction activities.

The following chart depicts capital investment for the last three years summarized by business segment:



*Other includes Regional Facilities and Programs, Development Facilities, Moynihan Station Transportation Program and Ferry Transportation.

Additional information related to capital investment in Port Authority facilities can be found in appended Note B – Facilities, net to the 2017 consolidated financial statements, and Schedule D-3 – Selected Statistical Financial Data by Business Segment and Schedule F – Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities located in the Statistical and Other Supplemental Information section of this report.

Capital Financing and Debt Management

As of December 31, 2017, bonds and other asset financing obligations of the Port Authority totaled approximately \$24.7 billion, including \$1.2 billion associated with Tower 4 Liberty Bonds for which the

Port Authority is a co-borrower/obligor. For additional information related to bonds and other asset financing obligations of the Port Authority, see *Note D- Outstanding Financing Obligations*.

During 2017, the Port Authority issued \$1.8 billion of consolidated bonds and received \$225 million in bond premiums at the time of issuance. Of this amount, \$1.1 billion was allocated to fund capital construction and \$894 million was allocated for purposes of refunding outstanding consolidated bonds to achieve savings on future debt service payments and to retire existing commercial paper obligations.

In addition, the Port Authority issued commercial paper obligations totaling \$1.9 billion in 2017. Of this amount, \$1.8 billion was allocated for the purpose of refunding existing commercial paper obligations and \$128 million was issued to fund capital construction project expenditures.

On February 1, 2018 the Port Authority issued \$832 million in consolidated bonds and received \$116 million in bond premiums for purposes of refunding \$918 million of existing debt obligations and \$30 million to fund additional capital construction. The credit ratings in effect during 2017 were reaffirmed for the February 2018 bond issuance.

Listed below is a summary of credit ratings assigned to outstanding debt obligations of the Port Authority. All ratings for outstanding obligations in 2017 remained the same when compared to 2016. 2017 Standard and Poor's (S&P), Fitch Ratings and Moody's Investors Service considered the Port Authority's outlook stable.

			Moody's
OBLIGATION	S&P	Fitch Ratings	Investors Service
Consolidated Bonds	AA-	AA-	Aa3
Commercial Paper	A-1+	F1+	P-1

Each rating reflects only the view of the ratings service issuing such rating and is not a recommendation by such ratings service to purchase, sell or hold any maturity of Port Authority obligations or as to market price or suitability of any maturity of the obligations for a particular investor. An explanation of the significance of a rating may be obtained from the ratings service issuing such rating. There is no assurance that any rating will continue for any period of time or that it will not be revised or withdrawn. A revision or withdrawal of a rating may have an effect on market price. Additional information on Port Authority debt obligations can be found in *Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations* of this report.

Other Activities

- ➤ Toll schedules for the Port Authority's six (6) vehicular crossings were authorized and revised effective September 18, 2011. The last scheduled toll increase for automobiles paying with cash increased from \$14.00 to \$15.00 in December 2015; the cash toll for truck classes 2-6 increased from \$19.00 per axle to \$21.00 per axle in December 2015; the cash toll for buses carrying 10 or more people increased from \$23.00 to \$24.00 in December 2015. Discounts are available for vehicles using the E-ZPass® electronic toll collection system and certain designated user programs.
- The PATH base fare schedule was authorized and revised effective September 18, 2011. The last scheduled PATH base fare for a single trip increased from \$2.50 per trip to \$2.75 per trip on October 1, 2014. The cost of the multi-trip tickets and SmartLink passes were also increased at that time in a consistent manner with the base fare increase.

- ➤ On December 7, 2017, the Board of Commissioners approved a 2018 budget that provides for capital and operating expenditures during calendar year 2018 totaling \$8.0 billion. To obtain a copy of the 2018 budget, please refer to the following link: http://corpinfo.panynj.gov/pages/budget/
- ➤ On February 16, 2017, the Board of Commissioners approved a ten-year capital plan covering 2017-2026, totaling \$32.2 billion. To obtain a copy of the capital plan, please refer to the following link: http://corpinfo.panynj.gov/documents/Capital-Plan-2017-2026/
- ➤ On February 16, 2017, the Board of Commissioners certified the Moynihan Station Transportation Program as an additional facility of the Port Authority and authorized the issuance of Consolidated Bonds for purposes of funding \$150 million of capital expenditures in connection with the Moynihan Station Transportation Program.
- ➤ On March 24, 2016, the Board authorized a Memorandum of Understanding with the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT), Amtrak and New Jersey Transit Corporation to set forth a framework for the parties' activities, prior to the commencement of operations under a development corporation to advance the first phase of the Gateway Program whose elements include the Gateway Tunnel Project, the construction of concrete casing on the West Side of Manhattan leading to New York Pennsylvania Station to preserve the tunnel right-of-way and the replacement of the Sawtooth and Portal Bridges in New Jersey. The Port Authority's participation in the Gateway Program is subject to approval by the Board of Commissioners, consistent with statutory, contractual and other commitments of the Port Authority, including agreements between the Port Authority and the holders of its obligations. In November 2016, the Gateway Program Development Corporation (GPDC) was established as a non-profit corporation in the State of New Jersey. Based on the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended, the GPDC is not a component unit of the Port Authority for financial reporting purposes.

On February 15, 2018, the Board of Commissioners certified the Port Authority Gateway Support Program, Early Work (Gateway Early Work Program) as an additional facility of the Port Authority and authorized the issuance of Consolidated Bonds for purposes of funding \$79 million of capital expenditures in connection with the Gateway Early Work Program.

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	
AGGETC	(In th	ousands)	
ASSETS Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 737,632	\$ 390,809	
Restricted cash	116,447	342,262	
Investments	909,230	1,231,303	
Restricted investments - PFC	285,487	72,275	
Current receivables, net	492,131	460,145	
Other current assets	158,311	116,955	
Restricted receivables and other assets Total current assets	68,459 2,767,697	69,559 2,683,308	
	2,707,037	2,083,308	
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash	4,817	4,964	
Investments	2,876,901	3,245,288	
Restricted investments - PAICE	238,927	220,462	
Other amounts receivable, net	113,726	62,089	
Other noncurrent assets	1,774,774	1,510,086	
Restricted noncurrent assets - PAICE	9,669	1,932	
Amounts receivable - Special Project Bonds	1,314,334	1.376.882	
Amounts receivable - Tower 4 Liberty Bonds	1,246,249	1,246,861	
Unamortized costs for regional programs	172,060	216,109	
Net OPEB asset	98,948	,	
Facilities, net	35,963,576	34,693,691	
Total noncurrent assets	43,813,981	42,578,364	
Total assets	46,581,678	45,261,672	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Loss on debt refundings	73,148	79,046	
Pension related amounts	328,602	555,794	
Total deferred outflows of resources	401,750	634,840	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,229,863	1,072,412	
Accrued interest and other current liabilities	533,939	539,966	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Restricted other liabilities - PAICE Accrued payroll and other employee benefits	6,887 659,420	12,492 527,897	
Current portion bonds and other asset financing obligations	945,592	1,240,142	
Total current liabilities	3,375,701	3,392,909	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued pension and other postemployment employee benefits	359,078	533,835	
Other noncurrent liabilities	214,512	307,642	
Unearned income related to WTC Retail joint venture	764,738	773,998	
Restricted other noncurrent liabilities - PAICE	47,332	49,171	
Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds	1,314,334	1,376,882	
Amounts payable - Tower 4 Liberty Bonds	1,246,249	1,246,861	
Bonds and other asset financing obligations Total noncurrent liabilities	22,464,963	21,533,071	
Total liabilities Total liabilities	26,411,206 29,786,907	25,821,460 29,214,369	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Gain on debt refundings	47,237	30,407	
Pension related amounts	68,237	76,842	
Total deferred inflows of resources	115,474	107,249	
NET POSITION	\$ 17,081,047	\$ 16,574,894	
Net position is comprised of:	40.400.400	h 1271	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	13,179,105	\$ 12,746,144	
Passenger Facility Charges	350,878	204,053	
Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC	310,034	263,390	
Minority Interest in Tower 1 Joint Venture	100,000	100,000	
Unrestricted	3,141,030	3,261,307	
NET POSITION	\$ 17,081,047	\$ 16,574,894	

	Year ended December 31,		ecember 31,
		2017	2016
		(In thou	sands)
Gross operating revenues:			
Tolls and fares	\$	1,873,622	\$ 1,865,481
Rentals		1,618,439	1,564,527
Aviation fees		1,128,352	1,112,436
Parking and other		377,421	399,178
Utilities		139,502	138,987
Rentals - Special Project Bonds Projects		83,053	86,755
Total gross operating revenues		5,220,389	5,167,364
Operating expenses:			
Employee compensation, including benefits		1,342,943	1,290,334
Contract services		880,331	852,926
Rents and payments in-lieu-of taxes (PILOT)		390,576	352,293
Materials, equipment and other		252,533	264,977
Utilities Utilities		183,482	165,802
Interest on Special Project Bonds		83,053	86,755
Total operating expenses before depreciation, amortization and other operating expenses		3,132,918	3,013,087
Total operating expenses before depreciation, amortization and other operating expenses		3,132,710	3,013,007
Net (revenues) related to Superstorm Sandy		(18,323)	_
Depreciation of facilities		1,231,139	1,173,747
Amortization of costs for regional programs		44,164	64,765
Income from operations		830,491	915,765
•		,	,
Non-operating revenues and (expenses):			
Financial income		48,077	7,519
Net (decrease) in fair value of investments		(12,751)	(11,493)
Interest expense in connection with bonds and other asset financing		(908,343)	(900,914)
Pass-through grant program payments		(19,717)	(10,695)
4 WTC associated payments		65,293	41,521
Grants, in connection with operating activities		39,845	64,315
Non-operating expenses, net		(787,596)	(809,747)
Income before capital contributions and passenger facility charges		42,895	106,018
Capital contributions and Passenger Facility Charges:			
Contributions in aid of construction		187,473	674,950
Passenger facility charges		275,785	264,363
Total capital contributions and passenger facility charges		463,258	939,313
Total capital contributions and passenger facility charges		703,230	737,313
Increase in net position		506,153	1,045,331
Net position, January 1		16,574,894	15,529,563
Net position, December 31	\$	17,081,047	\$ 16,574,894

	Year ended December 31, 2017 2016	
	(In tho	usands)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from operations	\$ 5,020,368	\$ 5,070,688
Cash received related to WTC retail joint venture	-	89,819
Cash received related to Superstorm Sandy Insurance	8,734	-
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees	(1,266,537)	(1,226,262
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,491,565)	(1,377,503
Cash paid to municipalities	(392,876)	(345,623
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,878,124	2,211,119
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Principal paid on noncapital financing obligations	(40,000)	(45,000
Payments for Fund for regional development buy-out obligation	(53,213)	(51,211
Grants received in connection with operating activities	46,740	64,892
Pass-through grant payments	(63,163)	(10,695
Net cash (used for) noncapital financing activities	(109,636)	(42,014
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Investment in facilities and construction of capital assets	(2,184,808)	(2,332,562
Proceeds from capital obligations issued for refunding purposes	2,684,195	2,823,108
Principal paid through capital obligations refundings	(3,078,775)	(3,459,073
Proceeds from sales of capital obligations allocated for construction	1,280,304	460,722
Principal paid on capital obligations, including capitalized interest	(300,905)	(268,520
Interest paid on capital obligations		(1,040,223
	(1,009,232)	* ' '
Payments for MOTBY obligation	(5,000)	(5,000
Contributions in aid of construction	192,409	301,723
Proceeds from passenger facility charges	267,858	259,513
Financial income allocated to capital projects	4,196	2,922
Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities	(2,149,758)	(3,257,390
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investment securities	(21,013,911)	(3,131,539
Proceeds from maturity and sale of investment securities	21,460,429	3,555,732
Interest received on investment securities	53,313	50,271
Other interest income	2,300	4,158
Net cash provided by investing activities	502,131	478,622
Net increase / (decrease) in cash	120,861	(609,663
Cash at beginning of year	738,035	1,347,698
Cash at end of year	\$ 858,896	\$ 738,035

	Year ended December 31,		
	2017		2016
	(In thou	sands)
. Reconciliation of income from operations to net			
cash provided by operating activities:			
Income from operations	\$ 830,491	\$	915,765
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation of facilities	1,231,139		1,173,747
Amortization of costs for regional programs	44,164		64,765
Amortization of other assets	54,233		60,460
Change in operating assets and operating liabilities:			
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(114,204)		11,163
(Increase) in other assets	(146,833)		(132,560
(Decrease)/increase in payables	(6,311)		25,190
(Decrease) in other liabilities	(81,702)		(40,728
(Decrease)/increase in unearned income related to WTC retail joint venture	(9,260)		69,301
Increase in accrued payroll, pension and other employee benefits	76,407		64,016
Total adjustments	1,047,633		1,295,354
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,878,124	\$	2,211,119

3. Capital obligations:

Consolidated bonds and notes, commercial paper, variable rate master notes and Marine Ocean Terminal at Bayonne Peninsula Obligation (MOTBY).

4. Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

Noncash activity of \$110 million in 2017 and \$122 million in 2016 includes amortization of discount and premium on outstanding debt obligations and debt service in connection with Special Project Bonds.

Noncash capital financing did not include activities that required a change in fair value. In 2017 and 2016, the Silverstein net lessees contributed \$14 million and \$381 million, respectively, towards construction of WTC Tower 3. In 2017 and 2016, preferred returns due the Tower 1 Joint Venture, Durst Member and the WTC Retail Joint Venture, Westfield member totaled (\$9) million and (\$48) million, respectively. As of December 31, 2017, the Goethals Bridge Replacement Developer Financing Arrangement totaled \$934 million, including accrued amounts of \$190 million in 2017 and \$314 million in 2016, respectively.

Noncash capital asset write-offs totaled \$8.5 million in 2017 and \$18.8 million in 2016.

Note A – Nature of the Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. Reporting Entity

- **a.** The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey was created in 1921 by Compact between the States of New York and New Jersey with the consent of the United States Congress. The Compact envisions the Port Authority as being financially self-sustaining. As such, the agency must raise the funds necessary for the improvement, construction or acquisition of its facilities and their operation generally upon the basis of its own credit. Cash derived from Port Authority operations and other cash received may be disbursed only for specific purposes in accordance with provisions of various statutes and agreements with holders of its obligations and others. The costs of providing facilities and services to the general public on a continuing basis are recovered primarily from operating revenue sources, including rentals, tolls, fares, aviation and port fees, and other charges.
- **b.** The Governor of each State, with the consent of the respective State Senate, appoints six of the twelve members of the governing Board of Commissioners. The Commissioners serve without remuneration for six-year overlapping terms. Meetings of the Commissioners of the Port Authority are open to the public in accordance with policies adopted by the Commissioners. The actions taken by the Commissioners at Port Authority meetings are subject to gubernatorial review and may be vetoed by the Governor of their respective State. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended, for financial reporting purposes, the Port Authority is a joint venture between the States of New York and New Jersey.
- c. The Audit Committee, which consists of four members of the Board of Commissioners other than the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Port Authority, provides oversight of the quality and integrity of the Port Authority's framework of internal controls, compliance systems and the accounting, auditing and financial reporting processes. The Audit Committee retains independent auditors and reviews their performance and independence. The independent auditors are required to provide written disclosure of, and discuss with the Committee, any significant relationships or issues that would have a bearing on their independence. The Audit Committee meets directly, on a regular basis, with the independent auditors, a law firm retained to address certain Audit Committee matters, and management of the Port Authority. On September 28, 2017, the Audit Committee retained KPMG LLP as independent auditors to perform the independent audit of the Port Authority's consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2017.

d. The consolidated financial statements and schedules include the accounts of the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey and its component units including:

Port Authority Blended Component Units*	Establishment or Acquisition Date
Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation	May 10, 1962
Newark Legal and Communications Center Urban Renewal Corporation	May 12, 1988
New York and New Jersey Railroad Corporation	April 30, 1998
WTC Retail LLC	November 20, 2003
Port District Capital Projects LLC	July 28, 2005
Tower 5 LLC (formerly known as 1 WTC LLC)	September 21, 2006
Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC	October 16, 2006
New York New Jersey Rail, LLC	September 18, 2008
Tower 1 Member LLC	April 19, 2011
Tower 1 Joint Venture LLC	April 19, 2011
Tower 1 Holdings LLC	April 19, 2011
WTC Tower 1 LLC	April 19, 2011
PA Retail Newco LLC	May 7, 2012
Tower 1 Rooftop Holdings LLC	June 8, 2012

^{*} The blended component units listed above are included as part of the Port Authority's reporting entity because (a) the Port Authority's Board of Commissioners serves as the overall governing body of these related entities and (b) there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the Port Authority and the respective component unit listed above.

2. Basis of Accounting

- a. The Port Authority's activities are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position, including revenues and expenses, are accounted for in an enterprise fund with revenues recorded when earned and expenses recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.
- **b.** The Port Authority follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

3. Significant Accounting Policies

- a. Facilities, net are carried at cost. The cost of facilities includes interest incurred during the period that relates to the construction or production of the capital asset. The amount of capitalized interest is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred with financial income earned on invested debt proceeds, from the date of the borrowing until the project is ready for its intended use. Generally, projects in excess of \$100,000 for additions, asset replacements and/or asset improvements that benefit future periods or are expected to prolong the service life of the asset are capitalized (see Note B Facilities, Net). Facilities, net does not include regional programs undertaken at the request of the Governor of the State of New Jersey or the Governor of the State of New York (see Note H Regional Facilities and Programs).
- **b.** Depreciation of facilities is computed using the straight-line method during the estimated useful lives of the related assets (see *Note B Facilities, Net*). Estimated useful lives are reviewed periodically for each type of asset class. Asset lives used in the calculation of depreciation are generally as follows:

	Buildings, bridges, tunnels and other structures	25	to	100	years
\triangleright	Machinery and equipment	5	to	35	years
	Runways, roadways and other paving	7	to	40	years
	Utility infrastructure	10	to	100	years

Assets at facilities leased by the Port Authority are depreciated over the lesser of, the remaining lease term of the facility or the estimated useful life of the asset.

Costs of Regional facilities and programs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the period benefited up to a maximum of 15 years (see *Note H – Regional Facilities and Programs*).

Costs related to the purchase of ancillary equipment, including operations and maintenance vehicles, corporate information technology software and hardware, which provide benefits for periods exceeding one-year are reported as a component of *Other noncurrent assets* and amortized over the period benefited, generally 3 to 15 years, depending on the useful life of the equipment or vehicle.

- **c.** Cash consists of cash on hand and short term cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are made up of negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, collateralized time deposits, and money market accounts.
- **d.** Restricted cash and investments are primarily comprised of PFCs, cash restricted for use by the Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC (PAICE), and insurance proceeds that are restricted to business interruption and redevelopment expenditures.

- **e.** Net position is comprised of:
 - ➤ Net investment in capital assets, which consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances related to payables, bonds, notes, or other liabilities that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
 - Restricted, which consists of net resources that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the Port Authority's policy to use restricted resources first.
 - Unrestricted, which consists of net resources that do not meet the definition of Restricted or Net investment in capital assets.
- **f.** Statutorily mandated reserves held by PAICE are restricted for purposes of insuring certain Port Authority risk exposures.
- **g.** Inventories are valued using an average cost method, which prices items on the basis of the average cost of all similar goods remaining in stock. Inventory is reported as a component of *Other noncurrent assets* on the Consolidated Statements of Net Position.
- h. Operating revenues are derived principally from rentals, tolls, fares, aviation and port fees, and other charges for the use of, and privileges at Port Authority facilities. Operating expenses include those costs incurred for the operation, maintenance and security of Port Authority facilities. All other revenues, including financial income, PFCs, contributions in aid of construction, grants in connection with operating activities, insurance proceeds and gains resulting from the disposition of assets, if any, are reported as non-operating revenues, and all other expenses, such as interest expense, losses resulting from the disposition of assets, and pass-through grant program payment costs are reported as non-operating expenses.
- **i.** Amounts attributable to the collection and investment of PFCs are restricted and can only be used for Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) approved airport-related projects. Revenues derived from the collection of PFCs, net of the air carriers' handling charges, are recognized as capital contributions when the passenger activity occurs and the fees are due from the air carriers. Capital investment funded by PFCs is reflected as a component of *Facilities*, *net*.
- **j.** Required capital contributions due the Port Authority from the World Trade Center (WTC) Tower 2, 3 and 4 net lessees related to the replacement of the net leased premises owned by the Port Authority that were destroyed on September 11, 2001 are recognized as a component of *Facilities*, *net* on the Consolidated Statements of Net Position and a *Contribution in aid of construction* on the Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as the construction occurs. Subsequent to becoming ready for their intended use, WTC Towers 2, 3 and 4 will be depreciated over their estimated useful life. WTC Tower 4 was placed into service in November 2014.
- **k.** All Port Authority investment values that are affected by interest rate changes have been reported at their fair value, using published market prices. The Port Authority uses a variety of financial instruments to assist in the management of its financing and investment objectives, and may also employ hedging strategies to minimize interest rate risk. The Port Authority may enter into various derivative instruments, including options on United States Treasury securities, repurchase and reverse repurchase (yield maintenance) agreements and United States Treasury and municipal bond futures contracts (see *Note C Cash and Investments*).

- **I.** In accordance with GASB Statement No. 23, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refundings of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities," as amended, when issuing new debt for refunding purposes, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt is recognized as either a deferred outflow of resources or deferred inflow of resources and amortized on a straight-line basis as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.
- **m.** Bond premiums received or discounts provided at issuance are deferred and amortized on a straight line basis as a component of interest expense over the term of the bond, as this approximates the effective interest of the bond issuance. Unamortized premiums received or discounts provided are classified as a reduction of (discounts) or an addition to (premiums) the par value of the bond payable liability on the Consolidated Statements of Net Position.
- n. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management, where necessary, to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates and assumptions are subject to various uncertainties, the occurrence of which may cause differences between those estimates and assumptions and actual results.
- o. For presentation purposes, certain amounts in the fiscal year 2016 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the fiscal year 2017 financial statements herein. These reclassifications have no impact on the overall change in net position or cash flows.
- **p.** In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans." The requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 are effective for financial statements with periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The objective of this Statement is to improve accountability and the usefulness of information relating to postemployment benefits other than pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental Other Postemployment Employee Benefits (OPEB) plans. Adoption of this statement resulted in no change to the Port Authority's 2017 consolidated financial statements. Additional and expanded note disclosures required under GASB Statement No. 74 are included in the 2017 general purpose financial statements of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey Retiree Health Benefits Trust.
- **q.** In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." The requirements of GASB Statement No. 75 are effective for financial statements periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial accounting and reporting for postemployment benefits other than pensions by governmental employers that provide such benefits. The Port Authority is in the process of evaluating the impact of adopting GASB Statement No. 75.
- **r.** In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities." The requirements of GASB Statement No. 84 are effective for financial statements periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Port Authority is in the process of evaluating the impact of adopting GASB Statement No. 84.
- s. In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for financial statements periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving

accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The Port Authority is in the process of evaluating the impact of adopting GASB Statement No. 87.

4. Reconciliation of the Consolidated Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America to Schedules Prepared Pursuant to Port Authority Bond Resolutions

Schedules A, B, C and D-2 which follow the Required Supplementary Information section of this report, have been prepared in accordance with Port Authority bond resolutions which differ in some respects from accounting principles that are generally accepted in the United States of America, as follows:

- **a.** Revenues and expenses of facilities are accounted for in the operating fund. The financial resources received and expended for the construction or acquisition of certified Port Authority facilities or capital infrastructure improvements are accounted for in the capital fund. Transactions involving the application of net revenues are accounted for in the reserve funds.
- **b.** Port Authority bond resolutions provide that net operating revenues shall not include an allowance for depreciation on facilities other than depreciation of ancillary equipment. Thus, depreciation is not a significant factor in determining the net revenues and reserves of the Port Authority or their application as provided for in the Port Authority's bond resolutions. Instead, capital expenditures are provided for through deductions from net revenues available for debt service in amounts equal to principal payments on debt outstanding or through the application of monies previously deposited in the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund for the purposes of funding capital investment in facilities. These amounts are credited at par to *Facility infrastructure investment* in the capital fund on *Schedule B Assets and Liabilities*.
- **c.** Debt service in connection with operating asset obligations is paid from the same revenues and in the same manner as operating expenses of the Port Authority.
- **d.** Capital costs for Regional facilities and programs are included in *Invested in facilities* in accordance with Port Authority bond resolutions.
- **e.** Consolidated bonds and notes are recorded as outstanding at their par value commencing on the date that the Port Authority is contractually obligated to issue and sell such obligations. Bond premiums received or discounts provided at issuance related to bonds issued for the purpose of funding capital construction or refunding existing capital debt obligations are recorded as either a reduction of (discount) or addition to (premium) *Net Position Facility infrastructure investment* in the capital fund on *Schedule B Assets and Liabilities* at the time of issuance.
- **f.** To reflect the cumulative amount invested by the Port Authority since 1921 in connection with its facilities, the historical cost of capital assets removed from service due to retirement is not deducted from *Invested in facilities*. However, if a capital asset is sold, the proceeds received from the sale are deposited in the capital fund for purposes of funding future capital investment or retire existing debt obligations and deducted from cumulative *Invested in facilities* on *Schedule B Assets and Liabilities* at the time of the sale.
- **g.** Contributed capital amounts resulting from non-exchange transactions, including contributions in aid of construction where the Port Authority does not receive a cash reimbursement for prior cash outlays, are included in *Invested in facilities*, and credited to *Facility infrastructure investment* in the capital fund.

- **h.** Amounts attributable to the collection and investment of PFCs are restricted and can only be used for Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) approved airport-related projects. Revenues derived from the collection and investment of PFCs, net of the air carriers' handling charges, are initially deferred as *Unapplied Passenger Facility Charges* on *Schedule B Assets and Liabilities* and applied as revenue on *Schedule A Revenues and Reserves* for the reimbursement of previous capital cash outlays by the Port Authority when the PFCs become available for application. Capital investment funded by PFCs is reflected as a component of *Invested in facilities* on *Schedule B Assets and Liabilities*.
- i. Amounts received in connection with the March 18, 2014 transfer of the Port Authority's interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture to Westfield are recognized as revenue in their entirety when they are received, and are recorded on that basis on *Schedule A Revenues and Reserves*.
- **j.** The cumulative impact of adopting a new accounting standard, which necessitates the restatement of a prior year's beginning or ending balance of Net position is recognized as either an increase or decrease to the operating fund's Net position.
- **k.** In accordance with Port Authority bond resolutions, operating expenses provide for contingencies related to future operating and maintenance expenses.

A reconciliation of the Consolidated Statements of Net Position to Schedule B and the Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position to Schedule A follows:

Consolidated Statements of Net Position to Schedule B – Assets and Liabilities

		Years ended December 31,		
		2017	2016	
		(In the	ousands)	
Net po	osition reported on Consolidated			
Statem	nents of Net Position	\$ 17,081,047	\$ 16,574,894	
Add:	Accumulated depreciation of facilities	16,374,155	15,143,016	
	Accumulated retirements and gains			
	and losses on disposition of assets	2,462,021	2,462,021	
	Application of WTC retail joint venture payments	796,936	796,936	
	Cumulative amortization of costs for regional programs	1,364,299	1,320,135	
	Cumulative unamortized discount and premium	1,005,881	816,131	
	Subtotal	22,003,292	20,538,239	
Less:	Deferred income - PFCs	196,257	204,053	
	Income related to WTC retail joint venture	32,198	22,938	
	Operating and maintenance contingencies	50,000	50,000	
	Subtotal	278,455	276,991	
	Total	\$ 38,805,884	\$ 36,836,142	
Net po	osition reported on			
Sched	ule B - Assets and Liabilities			
(pursuai	nt to Port Authority bond resolutions)	\$ 38,805,884	\$ 36,836,142	

Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position to Schedule A-Revenues and Reserves

		Years ended	December 31,
		2017	2016
		(In	thousands)
Increas	e in Net Position reported on		
Consol	idated Statements of Revenues,		
Expens	ses and Changes in Net Position	\$ 506,153	\$ 1,045,331
Add:	Depreciation of facilities	1,231,139	1,173,747
	Application of PFCs	285,335	229,921
	Amortization of costs for regional programs	44,164	64,765
	Amortization of discount and premium	(35,644)	(24,181)
	Application of WTC retail joint venture payments		77,869
	Subtotal	1,524,994	1,522,121
Less:	Debt maturities and retirements	300,905	268,520
	Repayment of asset financing obligations	1,276	(6,669)
	WTC Towers 2,3,4 Net Lessee capital contributions	14,219	381,181
	Direct investment in facilities	1,623,347	1,132,915
	Collection of Passenger Facility Charges	275,785	264,363
	Income related to WTC retail joint venture	9,260	8,568
	PFC interest income/fair value adjustment	2,080	774
	Subtotal	2,226,872	2,049,652
	Total	\$ (195,725)	\$ 517,800
Increas	se/(Decrease) in Reserves reported on		
Schedu	ile A - Revenues and Reserves		
(pursuar	at to Port Authority bond resolutions)	\$ (195,725)	\$ 517,800

Note B - Facilities, net

1. Facilities, net is comprised of the following:

		Seginning		Transfers to Completed Additions Construction Depreciation				Retirements /			End	
		of Year	A	aaitions		Construction (In thous		epreciation	L	Dispositions		of Year
2017						(in thous	ands	"				
Capital assets not being depreciated:												
Land	\$	1,373,785	\$	_	\$	19,407	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,393,192
Construction in progress*	Ψ	8,969,436		2,501,024	Ψ	(2,950,120)		_	Ψ	_	Ψ	8,520,340
Total capital assets not being depreciated		10,343,221		2,501,024		(2,930,713)		-		-		9,913,532
Depreciable capital assets:												
Buildings, bridges, tunnels, other structures		17,990,092		-		1,388,132		-		-		19,378,224
Machinery and equipment		9,784,810		-		548,390		-		-		10,333,200
Runways, roadways and other paving		5,869,216		-		622,716		-		-		6,491,932
Utility infrastructure		5,849,368		-		371,475		-		-		6,220,843
Total other capital assets being depreciated		39,493,486		-		2,930,713		-		-		42,424,199
Accumulated depreciation:												
Buildings, bridges, tunnels, other structures		(4,849,892)		_		_		(430,197)		_		(5,280,089)
Machinery and equipment		(4,601,539)		_		_		(345,346)		_		(4,946,885)
Runways, roadways and other paving		(3,270,466)		_		_		(230,037)		_		(3,500,503)
Utility infrastructure		(3,270,400) $(2,421,119)$		_		-		(225,559)		_		(2,646,678)
Total accumulated depreciation		(15,143,016)						(1,231,139)				
rotar accumurated depreciation		(13,143,010)						(1,231,139)				(16,374,155)
Facilities, net	\$	34,693,691	\$	2,501,024	\$	-	\$	(1,231,139)	\$	-	\$	35,963,576

					Transfers to					
	I	Beginning			Completed			Retirements		End
		of Year	A	dditions	Construction		epreciation	Dispositions		of Year
					(In thousa	ands	s)			
<u>2016</u>										
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	1,227,334	\$	-	\$ 146,451	\$	- 5	\$	- \$	1,373,785
Construction in progress*		8,767,406	3	3,200,664	(2,998,634)		-		-	8,969,436
Total capital assets not being depreciated		9,994,740	3	3,200,664	(2,852,183)		-		-	10,343,221
Depreciable capital assets:										
Buildings, bridges, tunnels, other structures		16,483,447		_	1,534,157		-	(27,51)	2)	17,990,092
Machinery and equipment		9,386,919		-	410,888		_	(12,99	7)	9,784,810
Runways, roadways and other paving		5,510,019		_	360,286		-	(1,08	9)	5,869,216
Utility infrastructure		5,302,842		-	546,852		-	(32	5)	5,849,368
Total other capital assets being depreciated		36,683,227		-	2,852,183		-	(41,92	1)	39,493,486
Accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings, bridges, tunnels, other structures		(4,474,711)		_	-		(402,693)	27,51	2	(4,849,892)
Machinery and equipment		(4,274,159)		_	-		(340,377)	12,99	7	(4,601,539)
Runways, roadways and other paving		(3,047,766)		_	-		(223,789)	1,08	•	(3,270,466)
Utility infrastructure		(2,214,557)		_	-		(206,888)	32	5	(2,421,119)
Total accumulated depreciation		(14,011,193)		-	-		(1,173,747)	41,92	1	(15,143,016)
Facilities, net	\$	32,666,774	\$ 3	3,200,664	\$ -	\$	(1,173,747)	\$	- \$	34,693,691

^{*} Construction in progress additions include the impact of capital write-offs totaling \$8.5 million in 2017 and \$19 million in 2016.

 $^{1.\} Net\ interest\ expense\ added\ to\ the\ cost\ of\ facilities\ was\ \$143\ million\ in\ 2017\ and\ \$173\ million\ in\ 2016.$

^{2.} Projects that have been suspended pending determination of their continued viability totaled \$40.9 million in 2017 and \$43.5 million in 2016.

^{3.} The impact on accelerated depreciation for buildings, bridges, tunnels, and other structures was \$0.6 million in 2017 and \$20.6 million in 2016.

^{4.} Retirements and Dispositions include the carrying value associated with the sale of capital assets.

Note C – Cash and Investments

The components of cash and investments are:

	December 31,							
Cash on hand	2017	2016						
	(In thousar	nds)						
	\$ 1,550	\$ 1,624						
Cash equivalents	857,346	736,411						
Total cash	858,896	738,035						
Less restricted cash	121,264	347,226						
Unrestricted cash	\$ 737,632	\$ 390,809						

	Decembe	er 31,
Investments, at fair value*	2017	2016
	(I., 4l	1-1

(In thousands)

1	Fair Value Hierarchy Levels**	Port Authority	PAICE	Total	Total
United States Treasury notes	Level 1	\$ 3,332,804	\$ 64,815	\$ 3,397,619	\$ 3,362,171
United States Treasury bills	Level 1	282,977	-	282,977	404,002
United States government agenc obligations	y Level 2	190,572	18,302	208,874	61,523
United States Treasury obligation	ns				
held pursuant to repurchase agreements***	-	182,134	-	182,134	677,014
JFK International Air Terminal I obligations (JFKIAT)***	LLC -	63,774	-	63,774	71,746
Other governmental obligations	Level 2	8,933	-	8,933	31,286
Corporate bonds	Level 2	-	154,339	154,339	150,701
Accrued interest receivable		10,424	1,471	11,895	10,885
Total investments		4,071,618	238,927	4,310,545	4,769,328
Less current investments****		1,194,717	-	1,194,717	1,303,578
Noncurrent investments		\$ 2,876,901	\$ 238,927	\$ 3,115,828	\$ 3,465,750

^{*} Cash and investments of approximately \$1.4 billion held in The Port Authority Retiree Health Benefits Trust are not consolidated on the Port Authority's Consolidated Statements of Net Position.

Port Authority policy provides for cash funds of the Port Authority to be deposited in banks with offices located in the Port District, provided that the total funds on deposit in any bank do not exceed 50% of the bank's combined capital and permanent surplus. These funds must be fully secured by deposit of collateral

^{**} Level 1 inputs are quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets that the government can access at the measurement date. Observable markets include exchange markets, dealer markets, brokered markets and principal-to-principal markets.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly. These inputs are derived from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset; they should be used only when relevant Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are unavailable

Port Authority investments are valued at the closing price on the last business day of the fiscal year or last trade reported on the major market exchange on which the individual securities are traded.

^{***} Investments are valued at unamortized cost.

^{****} Includes PFC restricted investments of \$285 million and \$72 million in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

having a minimum market value of 110% of actual daily balances in excess of that part of the deposits secured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). The collateral must consist of obligations of the United States of America, the Port Authority, the State of New York or the State of New Jersey held in custodial bank accounts in banks in the Port District having combined capital and surplus in excess of \$1 million.

Total actual bank balances excluding amounts held by third party trustees were \$784.1 million at December 31, 2017. Of that amount, \$22.7 million was secured through the basic FDIC deposit insurance and/or pursuant to the GUDPA. The balance of \$761.4 million was fully collateralized with collateral held by a third party custodian acting as the Port Authority's agent and held by such custodian in the Port Authority's name.

The investment policies of the Port Authority are established in conformity with its agreements with the holders of its obligations, generally through resolutions of the Board of Commissioners or its Committee on Finance. For the Port Authority, but not necessarily its component units, individual investment transactions are executed with recognized and established securities dealers and commercial banks. Investment securities are maintained, in the Port Authority's name, by a third-party financial institution acting as the Port Authority's agent. Securities transactions are conducted in the open market at competitive prices. Transactions are completed when the Port Authority's securities custodian, in the Port Authority's name, makes or receives payment upon receipt of confirmation that the securities have been transferred at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or other repository in accordance with the Port Authority's instructions. The notable exception is the execution of Tri-Party Repurchase agreements. These transactions are completed when the Tri-Party custodian posts collateral to the Port Authority's account in exchange for investment funds.

Proceeds received in connection with consolidated bonds and other asset financing obligation issuances may be invested, on an interim basis, in conformance with applicable Federal laws and regulations, in obligations of (or fully guaranteed by) the United States of America (including such securities held pursuant to repurchase agreements) and collateralized time deposit accounts.

Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund and General Reserve Fund amounts may be invested in obligations of (or fully guaranteed by) the United States of America. Additionally, amounts in the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund and the General Reserve Fund (subject to certain limitations) may be invested in obligations of the State of New York or the State of New Jersey, collateralized time accounts, and Port Authority bonds actually issued and secured by a pledge of the General Reserve Fund.

Operating funds may be invested in various items including (a) direct obligations of the United States of America, obligations of United States government agencies, and sponsored enterprises that have the highest short-term ratings by two nationally recognized firms; (b) investment grade negotiable certificates of deposit and negotiable Bankers' Acceptances with banks having AA or better long-term debt rating, premier status and with issues actively traded in secondary markets; (c) commercial paper having only the highest short-term ratings separately issued by two nationally recognized rating agencies; (d) United States Treasury and municipal bond futures contracts; (e) certain interest rate exchange contracts with banks and investment firms; (f) certain interest rate options contracts that are limited to \$50 million of underlying securities with a maturity of no greater than five years with primary dealers in United States Treasury securities; and (g) certain unrated obligations of JFKIAT (comprising approximately 1.5% of total Port Authority investments at December 31, 2017) for certain costs attributable to the construction of Terminal 4 (JFKIAT) completed in 2001. The Board has from time to time authorized other investments of operating funds.

It is the general policy of the Port Authority to limit exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio to less than two years. Extending the weighted average

maturity beyond two years requires explicit written approval of the Chief Financial Officer. Committee on Finance authorization is required to extend the weighted average maturity beyond five years.

The fair value and weighted average maturity of investments held by the Port Authority, excluding PAICE, at December 31, 2017, follows:

Port Authority Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity
	(In thousands)	(In days)
United States Treasury notes	\$ 3,332,804	506
United States Treasury bills	282,977	29
United States government agency obligations	190,572	20
United States REPO	182,134	4
JFKIAT obligations	63,774	2,908
Other governmental obligations	8,933	247
Total fair value of investments*	\$ 4,061,194	
Investment weighted average maturity		465

^{*}Excludes accrued interest receivable amounts of \$10.4 million.

The Port Authority has, from time to time, entered into reverse repurchase (yield maintenance) agreements under which the Port Authority contracted to sell a specified United States Treasury security to a counterparty and simultaneously agreed to purchase it back from that party at a predetermined price and future date. All reverse repurchase agreements sold are matched to repurchase agreements (REPO) bought, thereby minimizing market risk. The credit risk is managed by a daily evaluation of the market value of the underlying securities and periodic cash adjustments, as necessary, in accordance with the terms of the repurchase agreements. There were no investments in reverse repurchase agreements at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The investment policies of PAICE have been established and approved by the PAICE Board of Directors, which is comprised of Port Authority executive staff. Consistent with the Port Authority Board of Commissioners' authorization with respect to the establishment of PAICE as a wholly owned entity of the Port Authority, PAICE provides the Port Authority Board of Commissioners' Committee on Finance with periodic updates on PAICE's investment activities.

Under PAICE's investment policies, eligible investments include money market demand accounts of commercial banks, not to exceed bank deposit insurance limits, and/or taxable or tax-exempt money market mutual funds that offer daily purchase and redemption while maintaining a constant share price and whose fund assets are primarily United States Treasury notes and bonds and whose assets are at least \$500 million. Other investments include: United States Treasury securities and United States government agency obligations, AAA rated tax-exempt general obligation issues of states, and U.S. dollar denominated corporate debt rated AA or above.

The fair value and weighted average maturity of investments held by PAICE at December 31, 2017, follows:

PAICE Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity
	(In thousands)	(In days)
United States Treasury notes	\$ 64,815	1,123
United States government agency obligations	18,302	338
Corporate bonds	154,339	982
Total fair value of investments*	\$ 237,456	
Investment weighted average maturity		971

^{*}Excludes accrued interest receivable amounts of \$1.5 million.

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations

H. Goethals Bridge Replacement

Outstanding bonds and other asset financing obligations

Developer Financing Arrangement (DFA)

I. Amounts Payable - Special Project Bonds

		December 31, 2017						
		C	urrent	Noncurrent	Total			
				(In thousands)				
A.	Consolidated Bonds and Notes	\$	360,580	\$ 21,335,795	\$ 21,696,375			
B.	Commercial Paper Obligations		464,615	-	464,615			
C.	Variable Rate Master Notes		77,900	-	77,900			
D.	Port Authority Equipment Notes		-	-	-			
E.	Fund for Regional Development Buy-Out Obligation		40,292	143,938	184,230			
F.	MOTBY Obligation		2,205	51,032	53,237			
G.	Tower 4 Liberty Bonds		-	1,246,249	1,246,249			

934,198

1,314,334

\$ 25,025,546

\$ 945,592

934,198

1,314,334

\$ 25,971,138

		December 31, 2016					
		(Current	Noncurrent	Total		
				(In thousands)			
A.	Consolidated Bonds and Notes	\$	734,670	\$ 20,551,202	\$ 21,285,872		
B.	Commercial Paper Obligations		388,315	-	388,315		
C.	Variable Rate Master Notes		77,900	-	77,900		
D.	Port Authority Equipment Notes		-	-	-		
E.	Fund for Regional Development Buy-Out Obligation		37,162	184,231	221,393		
F.	MOTBY Obligation		2,095	53,237	55,332		
G.	Tower 4 Liberty Bonds		-	1,246,861	1,246,861		
H.	Goethals Bridge Replacement						
	Developer Financing Arrangement (DFA)		-	744,401	744,401		
I.	Amounts Payable - Special Project Bonds			1,376,882	1,376,882		
		\$	1,240,142	\$ 24,156,814	\$ 25,396,956		

A. Consolidated Bonds an	ncing Obligations (Continued) d Notes	Dec. 31,		Refunded/	Dec. 31,
	110005	2016	Issued (In thou	Retired	2017
Eighty-fifth series	5.2%-5.375% due 2018-2028	\$71,200	(III tilou	\$4,200	\$67,000
Ninety-third series	6.125% due 2094	100,000	-		100,000
One hundred forty-seventh series*	4.75%-5% due 2018-2037	450,000	-	450,000	
One hundred forty-eighth series	5% due 2018-2037	405,465	-	405,465	
One hundred forty-ninth series	4%-5% due 2018-2037	400,000	-	400,000	
One hundred fiftieth series**	4.75%-6.4% due 2018-2027	220,000	-	40,000	180,000
One hundred fifty-first series*	5.25%, 6% & 5.75% due 2023, 2028 & 2035	350,000	-	-	350,000
One hundred fifty-second series*	4.75%-5.75% due 2018-2038	400,000	-	-	400,000
One hundred fifty-third series	4%-5% due 2018-2038	500,000	-	-	500,000
One hundred fifty-fourth series	4%-5% due 2018-2029	71,885	-	4,390	67,495
One hundred fifty-fifth series One hundred fifty-sixth series	3%-3.5% due 2018-2019	12,000	-	4,000	8,000
One hundred fifty-seventh series**	4%-5% due 2025-2039 5.309% due 2019	100,000 150,000	-	-	100,000 150,000
One hundred fifty-eighth series**	5.859% due 2024	250,000	-	_	250,000
One hundred fifty-ninth series**	6.04% due 2029	350,000	_	_	350,000
One hundred sixtieth series	4%-5% due 2030-2039	300,000	_	_	300,000
One hundred sixty-first series	4.25%-5% due 2030-2039	300,000	_	_	300,000
One hundred sixty-second series	2.90%-3.3% due 2018-2020	18,000	_	7,000	11,000
One hundred sixty-third series	2.375%-5% due 2018-2040	400,000	_	2,930	397,070
One hundred sixty-fourth series**	5.647% due 2040	425,000	_	-	425,000
One hundred sixty-fifth series**	5.647% due 2040	425,000	-	-	425,000
One hundred sixty-sixth series	5%-5.25% due 2030-2041	300,000	-	-	300,000
One hundred sixty-seventh series*	5%-5.5% due 2018-2028	158,650	-	15,090	143,560
One hundred sixty-eighth series**	4.926% due 2051	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
One hundred sixty-ninth series*	4.5%-5% due 2018-2041	309,665	-	13,770	295,895
One hundred seventieth series (a)	5%, 5.25% due 2041 & 2043	672,480	-	-	672,480
One hundred seventy-first series	4%-5% due 2030-2042	400,000	-	-	400,000
One hundred seventy-second series*	3%-5% due 2018-2037	312,555	-	8,350	304,205
One hundred seventy-third series	3%-5% due 2018-2032	300,000	-	-	300,000
One hundred seventy-fourth series**	4.458% due 2062	2,000,000	-	12.025	2,000,000
One hundred seventy-fifth series One hundred seventy-sixth series**	3%-5% due 2018-2042	406,130	-	12,925	393,205
One hundred seventy-sixth series*	1.05%-2.5% due 2018-2022 3%-5% due 2018-2043	102,000 318,475	-	17,000 4,275	85,000 314,200
One hundred seventy-seventh series*	5% due 2018-2043	437,600	-	16,380	421,220
One hundred seventy-ninth series	4%-5% due 2018-2043	838,675	_	28,730	809,945
One hundred eightieth series	3%-5% due 2018-2021	62,620	_	7,250	55,370
One hundred eighty-first series**	4.96% due 2046	500,000	_	-,230	500,000
One hundred eighty-second series**	5.31% due 2046	500,000	_	_	500,000
One hundred eighty-third series	3%-5% due 2025-2044	400,000	_	_	400,000
One hundred eighty-fourth series	3%-5% due 2018-2039	346,420	_	295	346,125
One hundred eighty-fifth series*	4%-5% due 2018-2034	447,960	-	23,925	424,035
One hundred eighty-sixth series*	5% due 2017-2044	360,885	-	22,110	338,775
One hundred eighty-seventh series**	2.529%-4.426% due 2020-2034	250,000	-	-	250,000
One hundred eighty-eighth series*	3%-5% due 2018-2035	106,750	-	9,775	96,975
One hundred eighty-ninth series	3%-5% due 2018-2045	476,985	-	13,400	463,585
One hundred ninetieth series	5% due 2026-2038	160,000	-	-	160,000
One hundred ninety-first series**	4.823% due 2045	250,000	-	-	250,000
One hundred ninety-second series**	4.81% due 2065	500,000	-	-	500,000
One hundred ninety-third series*	4%-5% due 2018-2035	295,145	-	10,180	284,965
One hundred ninety-fourth series	4%-5.25% due 2018-2055	1,190,155	-	4,275	1,185,880
One hundred ninety-fifth series*	1.45%-5% due 2018-2036	303,530	-	13,590	289,940
One hundred ninety-sixth series* One hundred ninety-seventh series*	2.125%-2.625% due 2027-2034 4%-5% due 2018-2041	200,000	-	22 700	200,000
One hundred ninety-seventh series	5%-5.25% due 2017-2056	237,930 350,000		23,700	214,230 350,000
One hundred ninety-right series*	1.58%-3.05% due 2022-2031	236,405	-	-	236,405
Two hundredth series	5%-5.25% due 2027-2057	230,403	250,000	_	250,400
Two hundred-first series**	4.229% due 2057	_	300,000	-	300,000
Two hundred-second series*	2%-5% due 2017-2037	-	254,730	16,725	238,005
Two hundred-third series*	3% due 2032	_	50,000		50,000
Two hundred-fourth series*	1.91%-5% due 2023-2028	_	138,105	_	138,105
Two hundred-fifth series	5%-5.25% due 2018-2057	_	729,695	_	729,695
Two hundred-sixth series*	5% due 2028-2047	_	100,000	_	100,000
Consolidated bonds and notes-at par v	alue	\$20,429,565	\$1,822,530	\$1,579,730	\$20,672,36
Add unamortized premium and (disco		856,307	225,719	58,016	1,024,01
Consolidated bonds and notes		\$21,285,872	\$2,048,249	\$1,637,746	\$21,696,37

⁽a) The One Hundred Seventieth series was acquired by the New York Liberty Development Corporation in connection with its issuance of Liberty Revenue Bonds, Series 1WTC 2011 (Secured by Port Authority Consolidated Bonds).

* Obligations are subject to the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended with respect to

individuals and corporations.

^{**} Obligations are subject to federal taxation.

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity for Consolidated Bonds and Notes outstanding at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Year	ending
------	--------

December 31:	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
		(In thousands)	
2018	\$ 360,580	\$ 982,922	\$ 1,343,502
2019	385,040	966,718	1,351,758
2020	422,745	946,560	1,369,305
2021	446,225	926,112	1,372,337
2022	462,490	905,049	1,367,539
2023-2027	2,626,345	4,179,857	6,806,202
2028-2032	3,385,310	3,491,298	6,876,608
2033-2037	3,589,455	2,637,162	6,226,617
2038-2042	2,828,470	1,849,042	4,677,512
2043-2047	2,035,890	1,212,860	3,248,750
2048-2052	1,231,770	820,456	2,052,226
2053-2057	1,591,025	502,669	2,093,694
2058-2062	1,120,185	190,783	1,310,968
2063-2067	86,835	38,239	125,074
2068-2094 ^(a)	100,000	136,996	236,996
	\$ 20,672,365	\$ 19,786,723	\$ 40,459,088

⁽a) Debt service for the years 2068-2094 reflects principal and interest payments associated with Consolidated Bonds, Ninety-third series.

Consolidated Bonds & Notes Outstanding as of December 31, 2016

Total Consolidated Bonds and Notes

	Dec. 31, 2015	2016 Issued/ Accreted	2016 Refunded/ Retired	Dec. 31, 2016
		(In thous	sands)	
Cumulative amounts – December 31	\$ 21,019,925	\$ -	\$ 1,918,225	\$ 19,101,700
2016 Issuances:				
One hundred ninety-fifth series*	_	312,620	9,090	303,530
One hundred ninety-sixth series*	_	200,000	, -	200,000
One hundred ninety-seventh series*	_	237,930	-	237,930
One hundred ninety-eighth series	_	350,000	-	350,000
One hundred ninety-ninth series*	-	236,405	-	236,405
Consolidated Bonds & Notes- at par value	21,019,925	1,336,955	1,927,315	20,429,565
Add: unamortized premium and (discount)	767,894	139,042	50,629	856,307

^{*} Obligations are subject to the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended with respect to individuals and corporations.

On July 23, 2015, the Board of Commissioners established Consolidated Bonds, One Hundred Ninety-second Series through Consolidated Bonds, Two Hundred Eleventh Series, and authorized the issuance and sale of each series at a true interest cost to the Authority not in excess of 8 percent, for a term to maturity not in excess of one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the weighted average reasonably expected economic life of the facilities to be provided with the proceeds of such series. The Board also established Consolidated

\$ 21,787,819

\$ 1,475,997

\$ 1,977,944

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations (Continued)

Notes, Series AAA, Series BBB, Series CCC, Series DDD and Series EEE, and authorized the issuance and sale of each series at a true interest cost to the Port Authority not in excess of 8 percent for a term not in excess of 3 years. The total aggregate principal amount of Consolidated Bonds, One Hundred Ninety-second Series through Consolidated Bonds, Two Hundred Eleventh Series, Consolidated Notes, Series AAA, Series BBB, Series CCC, Series DDD and Series EEE, and Versatile Structure Obligations issued and sold shall not exceed \$10 billion. The Committee on Finance would be authorized to sell and to deliver all or any part of each of such series with such terms and at such time or times as it deems appropriate, at public or private sale, and would also be authorized to take, and to delegate authority for, certain actions with respect to each of such series. An Authorized Officer of the Authority would be authorized to take any and all action that could be taken by the Committee on Finance in connection with each of such series, provided, however, that such actions in connection with the decision to sell such series shall be subject to prior approval of the Committee on Finance.

During 2017, the Port Authority allocated the proceeds from the sale of consolidated bonds, including bond issuance premiums, to refund \$894.2 million of outstanding consolidated bonds and commercial paper notes. As a result of these refundings, the Port Authority decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$177 million over the life of the refunded consolidated bonds. The economic gain resulting from the 2017 debt refundings (the difference between the present value of the cash flows required to service the old debt and the present value of the cash flows required to service the new debt) totaled approximately \$132.4 million in net present value savings.

On February 1, 2018, the Port Authority issued \$832.3 million in consolidated bonds and received \$115.8 million in bond premiums for purposes of refunding \$918 million of existing debt obligations and \$30 million to fund additional capital construction. The economic gain resulting from these 2018 debt refundings totaled approximately \$189.4 million in net present value savings.

B. Commercial Paper Obligations

Commercial paper obligations are special obligations of the Port Authority generally issued to provide interim financing for authorized capital projects. Commercial paper obligations may be outstanding until December 31, 2020 pursuant to the July 2015 resolution authorizing their issuance. In July 2015, the Port Authority authorized a taxable commercial paper program, Series C. For additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority, see *Note E – General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds*.

Under the current program, the maximum aggregate principal amount that may be outstanding at any one time is \$250 million for Series A, \$250 million for Series B and \$250 million for Series C. Commercial paper obligations are issued without third party provider support for payment at their maturity dates.

	Dec. 31,		Refunded/	Dec. 31,
	2016	Issued	Repaid	2017
		(In thous	sands)	
Series A*	\$ 205,200	\$ 917,895	\$ 902,340	\$ 220,755
Series B	183,115	978,355	937,610	223,860
Series C**	-	20,000	-	20,000
	\$ 388,315	\$ 1,916,250	\$ 1,839,950	\$ 464,615

^{*} Obligations are subject to the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended with respect to individuals and corporations.

^{**} Obligations are subject to federal taxation.

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations (Continued)

	Dec. 31,		Refunded/	Dec. 31,
	2015	Issued	Repaid	2016
		(In thousa	inds)	
Series A*	\$ 240,120	\$ 859,675	\$ 894,595	\$ 205,200
Series B	185,640	945,525	948,050	183,115
Series C**	-	-	-	-
	\$ 425,760	\$ 1,805,200	\$ 1,842,645	\$ 388,315

^{*} Obligations are subject to the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended with respect to individuals and comporations.

Interest rates for all commercial paper notes ranged from 0.70% to 1.50% in 2017.

C. Variable Rate Master Notes

Variable rate master notes are special obligations of the Port Authority and may be issued in aggregate principal amounts outstanding at any one time not to exceed \$400 million (see *Note E – General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds* for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority).

	Dec. 31,			Refun	ded/	Dec. 31,
	2016	Iss	sued	Re	paid	2017
			(In thousa	nds)		
Agreements 1989 -1995*	\$ 44,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 44,900
Agreements 1989 -1998	33,000		-		-	33,000
	\$ 77,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 77,900

^{*} Obligations are subject to the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended with respect to individuals and corporations.

	Dec. 31,			Refunde	ed/	Dec. 31,
	2015	Iss	ued	Repa	iid	2016
			(In thous	ands)		
Agreements 1989 -1995*	\$ 44,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 44,900
Agreements 1989 -1998	33,000		-		-	33,000
	\$ 77,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 77,900

^{*} Obligations are subject to the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended with respect to individuals and corporations.

Interest rates are determined weekly, based upon a spread added to a specific industry index (the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association rate) as stated in each master note agreement, and ranged from 0.67% to 1.79% in 2017.

Annual debt service requirements on outstanding variable rate master notes, determined for presentation purposes at the rate in effect at December 31, 2017, would be as follows:

^{**} Obligations are subject to federal taxation.

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations (Continued)

Year ending December 31:	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
	(In	thousands)	
2018	\$ -	\$ 1,385	\$ 1,385
2019	-	1,385	1,385
2020	-	1,388	1,388
2021	25,000	1,144	26,144
2022	33,000	434	33,434
2023-2025	19,900	969	20,869
	\$ 77,900	\$ 6,705	\$ 84,605

Variable rate master notes are subject to prepayment at the option of the Port Authority or upon demand of the holders.

D. Port Authority Equipment Notes

Port Authority equipment notes may be issued in aggregate principal amounts outstanding at any one time not to exceed \$250 million. Equipment notes are special obligations to the Port Authority and are payable in the same manner and from the same sources as operating expenses. For additional information related to the payment of obligations of the Port Authority, see *Note E - General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds*.

There are no outstanding Port Authority Equipment Notes as of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

E. Fund for Regional Development Buy-Out Obligation

In 1983, the Fund for Regional Development (the Fund) was established to sublease space in the WTC held by the State of New York as lessee. An agreement among the Port Authority and the States of New York and New Jersey with respect to the Fund provided that net revenues from subleasing activities were to be accumulated subject to disbursements to be made upon the concurrence of the Governors of New York and New Jersey. The assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Fund were not consolidated with those of the Port Authority. In 1990, the Port Authority and the States of New York and New Jersey agreed to terminate the Fund. In consideration for purchasing the State of New York and the State of New Jersey interests in the Fund, the Port Authority is obligated to pay approximately \$1.2 billion, equally divided between both states, in semi-annual payments through 2021. The aggregate cost to the Port Authority at the time of the Fund's termination of \$431 million, including the assumption of the Fund's net liabilities of \$101 million, \$3.5 million payment to the State of New York related to the termination agreement and the net present value of future payments to both states of \$326 million (at an implicit interest rate of 8.25% per annum) was recognized as a special obligation to the Port Authority in 1990. Payments related to the Fund obligation are payable in the same manner and from the same sources as operating expenses. For additional information related to the payment of obligations of the Port Authority, see Note E – General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds.

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations (Continued)

	Dec. 31, 2016	Accretion (In thousa	Amortization	Dec. 31, 2017
Obligation outstanding	\$ 221,393	\$ -	\$ 37,163	\$ 184,230
	Dec. 31, 2015	Accretion	Amortization	Dec. 31, 2016
		(In thousa	ands)	
Obligation outstanding	\$ 253,732	\$ -	\$ 32,339	\$ 221,393

Payment requirements related to the Port Authority's purchase of the Fund's interests at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

		Implicit	
Year ending December 31:	Amortization	Interest	Total
	(Iı	n thousands)	
2018	\$ 40,292	\$ 12,921	\$ 53,213
2019	43,682	9,529	53,211
2020	47,359	5,851	53,210
2021	52,897	709	53,606
	\$ 184,230	\$ 29,010	\$ 213,240

F. Marine Ocean Terminal at Bayonne Peninsula Obligation (MOTBY)

On August 3, 2010, the Port Authority acquired approximately 131 acres of the former MOTBY from the Bayonne Local Redevelopment Authority (BLRA) for \$235 million. The acquired property is comprised of three parcels on the southern side of the peninsula and has been incorporated into the Port Jersey – Port Authority Marine Terminal for future marine terminal purposes. The \$235 million total purchase price is payable to the BLRA in twenty-four annual installment payments through 2033.

The total purchase price of \$235 million was discounted to a present value of \$178.4 million at an implicit interest rate of 5.25% per annum and recognized as a special obligation of the Port Authority in 2010 (see *Note E - General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds*, for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority).

	Dec. 31, 2016	Accretion	Amortization	Dec. 31, 2017
		((In thousands)	
Obligation Outstanding	\$ 55,332	\$ -	\$ 2,095	\$ 53,237
	Dec. 31,	A4 :	A 42	Dec. 31,
	2015*	Accretion	Amortization	2016
			(In thousands)	
Obligation Outstanding	\$ 57,323	\$ -	\$ 1,991	\$ 55,332

^{*} Includes \$12.9 million related to the 2016 revaluation of the obligation.

Payment requirements for the MOTBY obligation outstanding, at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations (Continued)

		Implicit	
Year ending December 31:	Amortization	Interest	Total
		(In thousands)	
2018	\$ 2,205	\$ 2,795	\$ 5,000
2019	2,321	2,679	5,000
2020	2,443	2,557	5,000
2021	2,571	2,429	5,000
2022	2,706	2,294	5,000
2023-2027	15,815	9,185	25,000
2028-2032	20,426	4,574	25,000
2033	4,750	250	5,000
	\$ 53,237	\$ 26,763	\$ 80,000

G. Tower 4 Liberty Bonds

In connection with the issuance of the Tower 4 Liberty Bonds by the New York Liberty Development Corporation on November 15, 2011, the Port Authority entered into a Tower 4 Bond Payment Agreement with the Tower 4 bond trustee to make, as a co-borrower/obligor with respect to the New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 (4 World Trade Center Project), certain debt service payments of principal and interest on the bonds (net of fixed rent paid or payable under the City of New York's Tower 4 space lease, which has been assigned by the Tower 4 Silverstein net lessee directly to the Tower 4 bond trustee for the payment of a portion of the debt service on the Tower 4 Liberty Bonds) as a special obligation of the Port Authority to the trustee during the term of the agreement, from May 11, 2012 through November 15, 2051 (see *Note E – General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds*, for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority).

Port Authority debt service payments related to Tower 4 Liberty Bonds in whole or in part are reimbursable to the Port Authority from Tower 4 cash flow and to the extent Tower 4 cash flow is not sufficient, would accrue interest until reimbursed or paid with an overall term for such reimbursement or payment not in excess of 40 years (see *Note L – Information with Respect to the Redevelopment of the World Trade Center Site* for additional information related to the redevelopment of WTC Tower 4).

	Dec. 31,			R	epaid/	Dec. 31,
	2016	Iss	sued	Amo	rtized	2017
			(In t	housands	s)	
Series 2011	\$ 1,225,520	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,225,520
Add: unamortized premium	21,341		-		612	20,729
Total Tower 4 Liberty Bonds	\$ 1,246,861	\$	-	\$	612	\$ 1,246,249
-						

Dec. 31,			R	epaid/	Dec. 31,
2015	Is	sued	Amo	rtized	2016
		(In t	thousands	s)	
\$ 1,225,520	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,225,520
21,953		-		612	21,341
\$ 1,247,473	\$	-	\$	612	\$ 1,246,861
	\$ 1,225,520 21,953	2015 Is \$ 1,225,520 \$ 21,953	2015 Issued (In the state of th	2015 Issued Amo (In thousands \$ 1,225,520 \$ - \$ 21,953 -	2015 Issued Amortized (In thousands) \$ 1,225,520 \$ - \$ - 21,953 - 612

Annual debt service payment requirements on outstanding Tower 4 Liberty Bonds at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations (Continued)

December 31:	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	
		(In thousands)		
2018	\$ -	\$ 65,293	\$ 65,293	
2019	-	65,293	65,293	
2020	-	65,293	65,293	
2021	-	65,293	65,293	
2022	-	65,293	65,293	
2023-2027	25,370	326,467	351,837	
2028-2032	147,190	306,123	453,313	
2033-2037	188,030	265,277	453,307	
2038-2042	240,360	212,956	453,316	
2043-2047	308,605	144,705	453,310	
2048-2051	315,965	46,689	362,654	
Total	\$ 1,225,520	\$ 1,628,682	\$ 2,854,202	

H. Goethals Bridge Replacement Developer Financing Arrangement (DFA)

On August 30, 2013, the Port Authority and a private developer entered into an agreement (the Project Agreement) for the design, construction, financing and maintenance of a replacement Goethals Bridge (the Replacement Bridge). Pursuant to the Project Agreement, after the replacement bridge becomes operational, the private developer will perform certain operation and maintenance work. The Port Authority will retain control over all tolling activities, including the determination and approval of toll rates. Construction activities commenced in December 2013. On June 9, 2017, the existing Goethals Bridge was permanently taken out of service and on June 10, 2017, the first of two spans of the Replacement Bridge opened to traffic. Port Authority staff presently expects substantial completion of the Replacement Bridge to occur in the second quarter of 2018, and project completion, including the demolition of the existing bridge, to occur in the fourth quarter of 2018.

Pursuant to the Project Agreement, upon substantial completion of the Replacement Bridge, the Port Authority is required to make a payment to the private developer in the amount of \$1.02 billion, subject to certain adjustments for the construction of the Replacement Bridge. In lieu of a cash payment at that time, the developer will extend a loan in that principal amount to the Port Authority, to be repaid in monthly payments of amortization and interest (DFA payments) to the developer. DFA payments are a special obligation of the Port Authority, payable over the term of the Project Agreement, which has a scheduled expiration date on the thirty-fifth anniversary of the substantial completion date of the Replacement Bridge (see *Note E - General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds*, for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority). DFA payments are subject to certain deductions for non-compliance by the private developer with the terms of the Project Agreement.

The Port Authority, as owner and operator of the Replacement Bridge currently being constructed has accrued \$934 million of the total \$1.02 billion DFA obligation based on the percentage of construction completed as of December 31, 2017.

	Dec. 31,			Dec. 31,
	2016	Accretion	Amortization	2017
		(In the	ousands)	
Goethals Bridge Replacement				
Developer Financing Arrangement	\$ 744,401	\$ 189,797	\$ -	\$ 934,198

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations (Continued)

	Dec. 31,			Dec. 31,
	2015	Accretion	Amortization	2016
		(In the	ousands)	
Goethals Bridge Replacement				
Developer Financing Arrangement	\$ 430,800	\$ 313,601	\$ -	\$ 744,401

DFA payments expected to be made to the private developer after substantial completion of the Replacement Bridge, are as follows:

Year ending December 31:	Amortization	Interest	Total DFA Payments
		(In thousands)	
2018	\$ (1,155)	\$ 29,393	\$ 28,238
2019	(1,494)	58,394	56,900
2020	(880)	58,633	57,753
2021	112	58,507	58,619
2022	1,011	58,488	59,499
2023-2027	20,772	290,381	311,153
2028-2032	54,715	280,485	335,200
2033-2037	102,190	258,916	361,106
2038-2042	167,204	221,810	389,014
2043-2047	255,848	163,230	419,078
2048-2052	375,989	75,478	451,467
2053	45,555	1,292	46,847
Total	\$ 1,019,867	\$ 1,555,007	\$ 2,574,874

I. Amounts Payable - Special Project Bonds

Neither the full faith and credit of the Port Authority, nor the General Reserve Fund, nor the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund are pledged to the payment of the principal and interest on special project bonds. Principal and interest on each series of special project bonds are secured solely by a mortgage by the Port Authority of facility rental (to the extent received by the Port Authority from a lessee) as set forth in a lease with respect to a project to be financed with the proceeds of the bonds of such series, by a mortgage by the lessee of its leasehold interest under the lease and by a security interest granted by the lessee to the Port Authority and mortgaged by the Port Authority in certain items of the lessee's personal property to be located at the project, and such other security in addition to the foregoing as may be required by the Port Authority from time to time as appropriate to the particular project.

A summary of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 Special Project Bonds outstanding are as follows:

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations (Continued)

		Dec. 31,			Repaid/	Dec. 31,
		2016	I	ssued	Amortized	2017
				(In thousa	nds)	
Series 4, KIAC Partners Project (a)*						
6.75% due 2017-2019	\$	62,100	\$	-	\$ 16,700	\$ 45,400
Less: unamortized discount		528		-	191	337
Total - Series 4		61,572		-	16,509	45,063
Series 6, JFKIAT Project (b)*						
5.75%-6.25% due 2017-2025		532,790		-	46,790	486,000
Less: unamortized discount		2,991		-	336	2,655
Total - Series 6		529,799		-	46,454	483,345
Series 8, JFKIAT Project (c)						
5%-6.5% due 2018-2042		796,280		-	-	796,280
Less: unamortized discount		10,769		-	415	10,354
Total - Series 8		785,511		-	(415)	785,926
Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds	\$ 1	,376,882	\$	-	\$ 62,548	\$ 1,314,334

^{*} Obligations are subject to the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended with respect to individuals and corporations.

- (a) Special project bonds, Series 4, KIAC Partners Project, were issued in 1996 to refund special project bonds, Series 3, KIAC Partners Project, and in connection with a project at JFK, that included the construction of a cogeneration facility, the renovation and expansion of the central heating and refrigeration plant, and the renovation and expansion of the thermal distribution system.
- (b) Special project bonds, Series 6, JFKIAT Project, were issued in 1997 in connection with a project that included the development and construction of a new passenger terminal at JFK Terminal 4.
- (c) Special project bonds, Series 8, JFKIAT Project, were issued in 2010 in connection with a project that included the expansion of Terminal 4 at JFK.

Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations (Continued)

	Dec. 3		Tas		Repaid/	Dec. 31,
	20	15	188	sued	Amortized	2016
Carias A. VIAC Doutnous Duciact (a)*					(In thousands)	
Series 4, KIAC Partners Project (a)*			Φ.		* 1 7 0 0 0	.
6.75% due 2016-2019	\$ 77,9	000	\$	-	\$ 15,800	\$ 62,100
Less: unamortized discount	7	19		-	191	528
Total - Series 4	77,1	81		-	15,609	61,572
Series 6, JFKIAT Project (b)*						
5.75%-6.25% due 2016-2025	576,9	90		-	44,200	532,790
Less: unamortized discount	3,3	27		-	336	2,991
Total - Series 6	573,6	63		-	43,864	529,799
Series 8, JFKIAT Project (c)						
5%-6.5% due 2018-2042	796,2	80		-	-	796,280
Less: unamortized discount	11,1	84		-	415	10,769
Total - Series 8	785,0	96		-	(415)	785,511
Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds	\$ 1,435,9	40	\$	-	\$ 59,058	\$ 1,376,882

^{*} Obligations are subject to the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended with respect to individuals and corporations.

- (a) Special project bonds, Series 4, KIAC Partners Project, were issued in 1996 to refund special project bonds, Series 3, KIAC Partners Project, and in connection with a project at JFK, that included the construction of a cogeneration facility, the renovation and expansion of the central heating and refrigeration plant, and the renovation and expansion of the thermal distribution system.
- (b) Special project bonds, Series 6, JFKIAT Project, were issued in 1997 in connection with a project that included the development and construction of a new passenger terminal at JFK Terminal 4.
- (c) Special project bonds, Series 8, JFKIAT Project, were issued in 2010 in connection with a project that included the expansion of Terminal 4 at JFK.

Note E – General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds (pursuant to Port Authority bond resolutions)

The General Reserve Fund is pledged in support of Consolidated Bonds and Notes. Statutes which require the Port Authority to create and maintain the General Reserve Fund established the principle of pooling revenues from all facilities and require that the Port Authority apply surplus revenues from all of its existing facilities to maintain the General Reserve Fund in an amount equal to at least 10% of the par value of outstanding bonds legal for investment. At December 31, 2017, the General Reserve Fund balance was \$2,297,475,500 and met the prescribed statutory amount (see *Schedule C – Analysis of Reserve Funds*).

The balance remaining of all net revenues of the Port Authority's existing facilities after deducting payments for debt service upon all Consolidated Bonds and Notes and the amount necessary to maintain the General Reserve Fund at its statutorily required amount is to be paid into the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund, which is pledged as additional security for all outstanding Consolidated Bonds and Notes. Consolidated Bonds and Notes have a first lien upon the net revenues (as defined in the Consolidated Bond Resolution) of

all existing facilities of the Port Authority and any additional facility financed by Consolidated Bonds and Notes.

Commercial paper obligations, Variable rate master notes, MOTBY obligation, Tower 4 Liberty Bonds and the Goethals Bridge Replacement Developer Financing Arrangement (DFA) are special obligations of the Port Authority. The Port Authority is also a special limited co-obligor on the senior debt issued for WTC Tower 3, with a capped amount of debt service shortfalls payable as a special obligation of the Port Authority (see *Note L – Information with Respect to the Redevelopment of the World Trade Center Site*, for additional information related to certain contingent obligations of the Port Authority with respect to the development of WTC Tower 3).

Special obligations of the Port Authority are payable from the proceeds of obligations of the Port Authority issued for such purposes, including Consolidated Bonds issued in whole or in part for such purposes, or from net revenues (as defined below) deposited into the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund, and in the event such net revenues are insufficient therefore, from other moneys of the Port Authority legally available for such payments when due.

Net revenues for purposes of special obligations of the Port Authority are defined, with respect to any date of calculation, as the revenues of the Port Authority pledged under the Consolidated Bond Resolution, and remaining after, (i) payment or provision for payment of debt service on Consolidated Bonds as required by the applicable provisions of the Consolidated Bond Resolution; (ii) payment into the General Reserve Fund of the amount necessary to maintain the General Reserve Fund at the amount specified in the General Reserve Fund Statutes; and (iii) applications to the authorized purposes under Section 7 of the Consolidated Bond Resolution.

Special obligations of the Port Authority are subject in all respects to payment of debt service on Consolidated Bonds as required by the applicable provisions of the Consolidated Bond Resolution and payment into the General Reserve Fund of the amount necessary to maintain the General Reserve Fund at the amount specified in the General Reserve Fund statutes.

Special obligations of the Port Authority are not secured by or payable from the General Reserve Fund. Additionally, special obligations of the Port Authority do not create any lien on, pledge of or security interest in any revenues, reserve funds or other property of the Port Authority.

Equipment notes and the Fund for Regional Development Buy-Out obligation are special obligations to the Port Authority, payable in the same manner and from the same sources as operating expenses.

Special project bonds are not secured by or payable from the General Reserve Fund or the Consolidated Bond Reserve Fund.

The moneys in the reserve funds may be accumulated or applied only to purposes set forth in legislation and the agreements with the holders of the Port Authority's obligations pertaining thereto. At December 31, 2017, the Port Authority met the requirements of the Consolidated Bond Resolution to maintain total reserve funds in cash and certain specified securities.

In addition, the Port Authority has a long-standing policy of maintaining total reserve funds in an amount equal to at least the next two years' bonded debt service on outstanding debt secured by a pledge of the General Reserve Fund.

Note F - Grants and Contributions in Aid of Construction

During 2017 and 2016, the Port Authority received reimbursements related to certain policing activities as well as federal and state funding for operating and capital construction activities:

1. Policing programs

K-9 Program – The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) provide limited funding for operating costs associated with the training and care of explosive detection dogs. Amounts received in connection with this program were approximately \$1.4 million in 2017 and \$1.4 million in 2016.

Airport Screening Program – The TSA provided \$209,972 in 2016 to fund operating costs incurred by Port Authority police personnel involved with passenger screening at JFK and EWR. Federal funding relating to this program concluded in 2017.

U.S. Department of State (USDOS) – The Port Authority received \$1.2 million in 2017 and \$768,597 in 2016 from the USDOS to fund costs incurred by Port Authority police personnel for the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA).

Amounts received in connection with the Port Authority Police Department providing services to a third-party are exchange transactions and recognized as operating revenues on the Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

2. Grants, in connection with operating activities

Security Programs – In 2017 and 2016, the Port Authority recognized approximately \$26.8 million and \$42.5 million, respectively from the TSA for security related programs, including baggage screening at LGA, JFK and EWR and Urban Area Security Initiatives (UASI) programs.

Superstorm Sandy – In 2017, The Port Authority recognized \$13.6 million from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Superstorm Sandy immediate repair efforts. In 2016, The Port Authority recognized \$7.5 million from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and FEMA for Superstorm Sandy immediate repair efforts, primarily at PATH. In addition, in 2017 approximately \$15 million of Superstorm Sandy immediate repair grants were reallocated to fund future Superstorm Sandy permanent repair and resiliency projects.

Airport Improvement Program (AIP) – The Port Authority recognized \$4.7 million in 2017 and \$9.5 million in 2016 in AIP funding primarily related to certain capacity and planning studies at Port Authority Aviation facilities.

3. Contributions in Aid of Capital Construction

WTC Tower 3 – The Port Authority recognized \$14 million in 2017 and \$381 million in 2016 in required capital contributions due from the Silverstein net lessees for the continued construction of WTC Tower 3.

WTC Transportation Hub – The Port Authority recognized \$87 million in 2017 and \$178 million in 2016 from the FTA for the construction of the WTC Transportation Hub. As of December 31, 2017, the Port Authority has received the maximum amount of approximately \$2.9 billion from the FTA for the construction of the WTC Transportation Hub, which opened to the public in 2016.

AIP – The Port Authority recognized \$9.4 million in 2017 and \$22 million in 2016 in AIP funding primarily related to rehabilitation of runways at LGA and JFK and school soundproofing at EWR.

Superstorm Sandy – In 2017 and 2016, the Port Authority recognized \$50.2 million and \$29.7 million, respectively in FTA and FEMA funding related to Superstorm Sandy permanent repairs and resiliency capital projects, primarily at PATH.

Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) – In 2017 and 2016, the Port Authority recognized \$14 million and \$16 million, respectively, in FHWA funding for the Cross Harbor Freight Movement Program at Greenville Yard Port Authority Marine Terminal.

Other – In 2016, the Port Authority recognized \$27 million from the Metropolitan Transportation Authority (MTA) for the redevelopment of certain locations at the WTC site.

Note G - Lease Commitments

1. Operating lease revenues

Gross operating revenues attributable to fixed rentals associated with operating leases amounted to approximately \$1.2 billion in 2017 and \$1.1 billion in 2016, respectively.

2. Property held for lease

The Port Authority has entered into operating leases with tenants for the use of space at various Port Authority facilities including buildings, terminals, offices and consumer service areas at air terminals, marine terminals, bus terminals, rail facilities, industrial parks, the Teleport and the WTC site. Investments in such facilities, as of December 31, 2017, include property associated with minimum rentals derived from the leases. It is not reasonably practicable to segregate the value of assets associated with producing minimum rental revenue from the value of assets associated with an entire facility.

Future minimum rentals are predicated upon the ability of the lessees to meet their commitments. Future minimum rentals scheduled to be received on operating leases in effect on December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Year ending December 31:	Minimum Rentals
	(In thousands)
2018 (a)	\$ 1,066,498
2019 (a)	1,006,565
2020	946,903
2021	850,220
2022	833,599
2023-2100 (b)	24,230,033
Total future minimum rentals (c)	\$ 28,933,818

⁽a) Includes \$17 million related to the transfer of the Port Authority's interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture, expected to be received in 2018-2019.

3. Property leased from others

Rental payments include payments to the Cities of New York and Newark related to air and marine terminals and other leased premises, including rent related to the Port Authority's WTC Tower 4 corporate headquarters

⁽b) Includes future minimum rentals of approximately \$14.3 billion attributable to the Silverstein net leases for WTC Towers 2, 3 and 4.

⁽c) Future minimum rentals exclude approximately \$223 million attributable to the transfer of the Port Authority's interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture that are contingent upon the construction of retail space located within WTC Towers 2 and 3.

leased space. Rent payments totaled \$331 million in 2017 and \$300 million in 2016, respectively. Rental payments exclude PILOT payments to municipalities.

Future minimum rentals scheduled to be paid on operating leases in effect on December 31, 2017 are detailed below. Additional rents may be payable based on operating net revenues or gross operating revenues of specified facilities.

Year ending December 31:	Minimum Rentals
	(In thousands)
2018	\$ 319,718
2019	317,386
2020	324,809
2021	317,910
2022	314,537
2023-2027	1,571,332
2028-2032	1,587,842
2033-2037	1,602,530
2038-2042	1,576,959
2043-2047	1,392,722
2048-2099*	2,255,257
Total future minimum rent payments	\$ 11,581,002

^{*} Future minimum rent payments for the years 2048-2099 consist of expected rent payments relating to leased marine and air terminals, including the operating lease related to New York Stewart International Airport which expires in 2099.

Note H - Regional Facilities and Programs

At the request of the Governors of the States of New York and New Jersey, the Port Authority participates in certain programs that are deemed essential to the continued economic viability of the two states and the region. These programs, which are generally non-revenue producing to the Port Authority, are addressed by the Port Authority in its budget and business planning process in the context of the Port Authority's overall financial capacity. To the extent not otherwise associated with an existing Port Authority facility, these projects are effectuated through the certification of an additional Port Authority facility established solely for these purposes. The Port Authority does not expect to derive any revenues from regional development facilities and programs described below.

Regional Facilities

Port Authority Bus Program (certified in 1979 & 1982) – In 1979, the two States adopted legislation which, as amended in 1982, authorized the Port Authority to acquire, develop, finance and transfer, subject to appropriate certifications, up to \$440,000,000 of buses and ancillary bus facilities in the States of New York and New Jersey, with up to \$220,000,000 allocated in each State, for the purpose of leasing, selling, transferring or otherwise disposing of such buses and ancillary bus facilities to either State or to any public authority, agency, commission, city or county thereof. The Port Authority has provided 2,907 buses and related spare parts under the Port Authority Bus Programs in the States of New York and New Jersey. As of June 30, 1998, title to all buses leased under such programs in the States of New York and New Jersey was transferred to the respective lessees thereof. All costs related to this program have been fully amortized.

Regional Development Facility (certified in 1987) – This facility is a centralized program of certain economic development and infrastructure renewal projects. It was expected that \$250 million of capital funds would be made available in connection with the Governors' Program of June 1983. As of December 31, 2017, approximately \$249 million has been expended under this program.

Regional Economic Development Program (certified in 1989) – This facility is to be comprised of up to \$400 million for certain transportation, economic development and infrastructure renewal projects. Net expenditures on projects authorized under this program totaled approximately \$397 million as of December 31, 2017.

Oak Point Rail Freight Link (certified in 1981) – The Port Authority has participated with the New York State Department of Transportation in the development of the Oak Point Rail Freight Link. As of December 31, 2017, the Port Authority has provided approximately \$102 million for this rail project, of which approximately \$63 million was made available through the Regional Development Facility and the Regional Economic Development Program. All costs related to this program have been fully amortized.

New Jersey Marine Development Program (certified in 1989) – This program was undertaken to fund certain fishery, marine or port development projects in the State of New Jersey at a total cost not to exceed \$27 million. All funds under this program have been fully allocated and expended.

New York Transportation, Economic Development and Infrastructure Renewal Program (certified in 2002) – This facility was established to provide up to \$250 million for certain transportation, economic development and infrastructure renewal projects in the State of New York. As of December 31, 2017, \$250 million has been spent on projects associated with this program.

Regional Transportation Program (certified in 2002) – This facility was established in conjunction with a program to provide up to \$500 million for regional transportation initiatives. All funds under this program have been fully allocated and expended.

Hudson-Raritan Estuary Resources Programs (certified in 2002 and 2014) – These facilities were established to acquire certain real property in the Port District area of the Hudson-Raritan Estuary for environmental enhancement/ancillary economic development purposes, in support of the Port Authority's capital program. The cost of real property acquired under these programs are not to exceed \$120 million. As of December 31, 2017, approximately \$54 million has been expended under this program.

Regional Rail Freight Program (certified in 2002) – This facility provides for the Port Authority to participate, in consultation with other governmental entities in the States of New York and New Jersey, in the development of certain regional rail freight projects to provide for increased rail freight capacity. The Port Authority is authorized to provide up to \$50 million. All funds under this program have been fully allocated and expended.

Meadowlands Passenger Rail Facility (certified in 2006) – This facility, which links New Jersey Transit's (NJT) Pascack Valley Rail Line to the Meadowlands Sports Complex, encourages greater use of PATH service since NJT runs shuttle bus service at peak times to Hoboken. The improved level of passenger rail service provided by the facility also serves to ease traffic congestion on the Port Authority's interstate tunnel and bridge crossings. The Port Authority is authorized to provide up to \$150 million towards the project's capital costs. All funds under this program have been fully allocated and expended.

As of December 31, 2017, approximately \$2.2 billion has been expended under regional facilities. Costs for these programs, that are not otherwise recognized as part of an existing Port Authority facility, are deferred and amortized over the period benefited, up to a maximum of 15 years. The unamortized costs of the regional programs are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2016	Project Expenditures	Amortization	Dec. 31, 2017
		(In the	ousands)	
Port Authority Bus Program	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Regional Development Facility	1,992	-	343	1,649
Regional Economic Development Program	3,262	-	665	2,597
Oak Point Rail Freight Link	-	-	-	-
New Jersey Marine Development Program	24	-	12	12
New York Transportation, Economic				
Development and Infrastructure Renewal				
Program	40,975	115	9,544	31,546
Regional Transportation Program	76,719	-	16,667	60,052
Hudson-Raritan Estuary Resources Program	26,912	-	3,600	23,312
Regional Rail Freight Program	8,830	-	3,333	5,497
Meadowlands Passenger Rail Facility	57,395	-	10,000	47,395
Total unamortized costs of regional programs	\$ 216,109	\$ 115	\$ 44,164	\$172,060

Interstate Transportation Network Programs

Moynihan Station Transportation Program (certified in 2017) – This facility provides for the Port Authority to provide, at the request of the State of New York, a one-time financial contribution of \$150 million to the State of New York to advance the Moynihan Station Transportation Program, a project to redevelop the James A. Farley United States Post Office Building together with its Western Annex into a new transportation facility serving the New York and New Jersey region, to be known as Moynihan Station. As of December 31, 2017 all funds under this program have been fully allocated. See *Schedule F - Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities* for additional information on costs related to this program.

Note I - Pension Plans

Port Authority Employees

Generally, full-time employees of the Port Authority (but not its component units) are required to join one of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the New York State Comptroller's Office; the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) or the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS), collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System (NYSLRS). The New York State Constitution provides that membership in a pension plan or retirement system of the State or of a civil division thereof is a contractual relationship, the benefits of which may not be diminished or impaired.

NYSLRS Plan Benefits

Classes of employees covered under the NYSLRS range from Tiers 1–6. Date ranges determining tier membership follows:

	ERS Membership		PFRS Membership	
Tier	On or After:	Before:	On or After:	Before:
1	-	July 1, 1973	-	July 31, 1973
2	July 1, 1973	July 27, 1976	July 31, 1973	July 1, 2009
3	July 27, 1976	September 1, 1983	July 1, 2009	January 9, 2010
4	September 1, 1983	January 1, 2010	N/A	N/A
5	January 1, 2010	April 1, 2012	January 9, 2010	April 1, 2012
6	April 1, 2012	Present	April 1, 2012	Present

Members in Tiers 1–4 need five (5) years of service to be 100 percent vested. Tiers 5–6 members require ten (10) years of service credit to be 100 percent vested.

Participating employers are required under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL) to contribute to the NYSLRS at an actuarially determined rate adopted annually by the State Comptroller of New York. The average contribution rate for ERS for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 were approximately 15.5 percent and 18.2 percent of payroll, respectively. The average contribution rate for PFRS for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 were approximately 24.3 percent and 24.7 percent of payroll, respectively.

Generally, Tier 3, 4, and 5 members must contribute 3 percent of their salary to the respective NYSLRS plans. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tier 3 and 4 employees, with a membership date on or after July 27, 1976, who have ten (10) or more years of membership or credited service with the NYSLRS, are not required to contribute. Members cannot be required to begin making contributions or to make increased contributions beyond what was required when membership began. For Tier 6 members, the contribution rate varies from 3 percent to 6 percent depending on salary. Generally, Tier 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service.

Benefits for each NYSLRS plan are established and may be amended under the provisions contained in the New York State RSSL.

Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62. Generally, the benefit for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months. Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 20 percent greater than the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent greater than the average of the previous two years.

Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have ten years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62. Generally, the benefit for Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 members is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with ten or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years of employment. For ERS Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year used in the final average

salary calculation is limited to no more than 10 percent greater than the average of the previous two years. For PFRS Tier 5 (there are no Port Authority members enrolled in PFRS Tier 3 and 4), each year used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 20 percent greater than the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have ten years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members. Generally, the benefit for Tier 6 members is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with ten or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

Certain Port Authority PFRS members belong to 25-Year Plans, which allow for retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary or 20-Year Plans, which allow for retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary.

Port Authority contributions to NYSLRS in 2017 totaled \$117.5 million including, \$56.7 million to ERS and \$60.8 million to PFRS.

Detailed information about the fiduciary net position and valuation methods related to ERS and PFRS can be found in the NYSLRS Annual Report as of and for the years ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, which is publically available at the following web address:

http://www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about us/financial statements index.php

NYSLRS – Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

NYSLRS Net Pension Liability - 2017 and 2016

GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions," as amended, defines the Net Pension Liability (NPL) as the difference between the Total Pension Liability (TPL) and the pension plan's fiduciary net position determined as of a measurement date established by the employer. For purposes of measuring the NPL, the plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported for ERS and PFRS. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms and investments are measured at their fair value.

The Port Authority's proportionate share of the NYSLRS plans' NPLs totaled:

NPL	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
		(In thousands)
ERS	\$ 120,672	\$ 212,555
PFRS	152,806	236,004
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 273,478	\$ 448,559

The NPLs at December 31, 2017 and 2016 were measured as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, based on actuarial valuations as of April 1, 2016 and 2015, with update procedures used to roll forward the TPL to March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Port Authority's proportion of the NYSLRS plans' NPL totaled:

	2017	2016
ERS	1.3%	1.3%
PFRS	7.4%	8.0%

The Port Authority's proportionate share of the ERS and PFRS NPLs were actuarially determined based on the projection of the Port Authority's long-term share of contributions to each respective plan relative to the projected long-term contributions of all participating employers of each plan.

NYSLRS Pension Expense - 2017 and 2016

The Port Authority's proportionate share of the NYSLRS plans' actuarially determined pension expense totaled:

Pension Expense	2017	2016
	(In thousands)	
ERS	\$ 72,521	\$ 78,317
PFRS	85,462	83,485
Total Pension Expense	\$ 157,983	\$ 161,802

NYSLRS Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources - 2017 and 2016

GASB Statement No. 68, as amended, requires certain changes in the NPL to be recognized as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources. These deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are amortized as either an increase or decrease, respectively, to future years' pension expense, using a systematic and rational method over a closed period.

The Port Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to NYSLRS from the following sources at December 31, 2017:

		December 3	1, 2017
Deferred Outflows of Resources	ERS	PFRS	Total
		(In thousands)	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,024	\$ 20,046	\$ 23,070
Changes in actuarial assumptions	41,226	75,281	116,507
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	24,103	22,821	46,924
Changes in proportion and differences between Port Authority contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	11,361	-	11,361
Subtotal - Deferred Outflows of Resources	79,714	118,148	197,862
Port Authority contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date*	56,743	60,797	117,540
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 136,457	\$ 178,945	\$ 315,402

^{*}Contributions made by participating employers to pension plans after the measurement date to satisfy the pension plan's NPL, but before the end of the financial statement period for the employer, are recognized as deferred outflows of resources.

Deferred Inflows of Resources	ERS		PFRS	Total
		(In	thousands)	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$ 18,325	\$	26,402	\$ 44,727
Changes in proportion and differences between				
Port Authority contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions	1,383		17,299	18,682
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 19,708	\$	43,701	\$ 63,409

The amount of deferred outflows of resources associated with contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the ERS and PFRS NPL for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018. The remaining amount of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, net related to NYSLRS plans to be recognized in future years' pension expense are as follows:

Year ended December 31:	ERS	PFRS	Total
		(In thousands)	
2018	\$ 26,238	\$ 25,880	\$ 52,118
2019	26,238	25,880	52,118
2020	22,698	24,177	46,875
2021	(15,168)	(4,107)	(19,275)
2022	-	2,617	2,617
Total	\$ 60,006	\$74,447	\$ 134,453

The Port Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to NYSLRS from the following sources at December 31, 2016:

	December 31, 201		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	ERS	PFRS	Total
		(In thousands)	
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 1,074	\$ 2,117	\$ 3,191
Changes in actuarial assumptions	56,682	101,741	158,423
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	126,099	132,261	258,360
Changes in proportion and differences between			
Port Authority contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	8,326	-	8,326
Subtotal - Deferred Outflows of Resources	192,181	236,119	428,300
Port Authority contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date*	57,530	57,807	115,337
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 249,711	\$ 293,926	\$ 543,637

^{*}Contributions made by participating employers to pension plans after the measurement date to satisfy the pension plan's NPL, but before the end of the financial statement period for the employer, are recognized as deferred outflows of resources.

Deferred Inflows of Resources	ERS	PFRS	Total
		(In thousands)	
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 25,195	\$ 35,681	\$ 60,876
Changes in proportion and differences between			
Port Authority contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	107	15,136	15,243
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 25,302	\$ 50,817	\$ 76,119

NYSLRS Actuarial Assumptions - 2017 and 2016

The TPL for each plan was determined using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2016 for fiscal year 2017 and April 1, 2015 for fiscal year 2016, with update procedures used to roll forward the TPL to the measurement dates of March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 respectively. These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

ERS	2017	2016
Investment rate of return	7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Salary scale	3.8%, indexed by service	3.8%, indexed by service
Inflation	2.5%	2.5%
Cost of living adjustment	1.3%	1.3%
PFRS	2017	2016
Investment rate of return	7.0% compounded annually, net	7.0% compounded annually, net
	of investment expenses,	of investment expenses,
	including inflation	including inflation
Salary scale	4.5%, indexed by service	4.5%, indexed by service
Inflation	2.5%	2.5%
Cost of living adjustment	1.3%	1.3%

Mortality rates for both the fiscal year 2017 and 2016 actuarial valuation are based on each Plan's 2015 experience study of the period April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2015, with adjustments for mortality improvement based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for each actuarial valuation for ERS and PFRS was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the determination of the investment rate of return for each actuarial valuation are summarized in the following table:

	<u>20</u>) <u>17</u> *	<u>20</u>	<u>16</u>
		Long-Term		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Nominal
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	36%	4.55%	38%	7.30%
International equity	14%	6.35%	13%	8.55%
Private equity	10%	7.75%	10%	11.00%
Real estate	10%	5.80%	8%	8.25%
Absolute return strategies**	2%	4.00%	3%	6.75%
Opportunistic portfolio	3%	5.89%	3%	8.60%
Real assets	3%	5.54%	3%	8.65%
Bonds and mortgages	17%	1.31%	18%	4.00%
Cash	1%	(0.25)%	2%	2.25%
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	1.50%	2%	4.00%
Total	100%		100%	

^{*} The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%.

NYSLRS Discount Rate Analysis-2017 and 2016

The discount rate used to calculate the TPL for ERS and PFRS was 7.0% for both 2017 and 2016, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that employer contributions will be made at their contractually required rates, as actuarially determined.

Based upon these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members for both ERS and PFRS. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL for each plan.

The following tables present the Port Authority's proportionate share of the NPL for ERS and PFRS calculated for 2017 and 2016 using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the discount rate actually used.

	<u>2017</u>					
	1% Decrease (6.0%)		Discount Rate (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)	
	(In thousands)					
ERS - Port Authority's proportionate						
share of the NPL	\$	385,403	\$	120,672	\$	(103,157)
PFRS - Port Authority's proportionate						
share of the NPL		433,197		152,806		(82,372)
Total	\$	818,600	\$	273,478	\$	(185,529)

	<u>2016</u>				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase (8.0%)		
	(6.0%)	(7.0%)			
	(In thousands)				
ERS - Port Authority's proportionate					
share of the NPL	\$ 479,295	\$ 212,555	\$ (12,830)		
PFRS - Port Authority's proportionate					
share of the NPL	527,139	236,004	(8,031)		
Total	\$ 1,006,434	\$ 448,559	\$ (20,861)		

^{** 2017} excludes equity-oriented and long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity, respectively.

Additional information related to the Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for ERS and PFRS and the Port Authority's contributions to ERS and PFRS can be found in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section of this report following the appended notes.

New York State Voluntary Defined Contribution Program (VDC)

Non-represented New York State public employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 with annual wages of \$75,000 or more are eligible to participate in the VDC by electing out of the ERS defined benefit pension plan. The VDC plan is administered by TIAA-CREF. System benefits and contribution requirements are established and may be amended under provisions of the RSSL.

An electing VDC employee contributes up to six percent (6%) of their annual gross wages with an additional employer contribution of eight percent (8%) of the employee's annual gross wages.

As of December 2017 and 2016, 195 and 131 employees, respectively were enrolled in the VDC program since inception. The following table shows employee and employer contributions (reported as pension expense):

	2017	2016
	(In thousand	s)
Employer Contributions	\$ 1,389	\$ 901
Employee Contributions	1,016	664
Total	\$ 2,405	\$ 1,565

Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation (PATH) Employees

Federal Railroad Retirement Program

Employees of PATH are not eligible to participate in NYSLRS. In accordance with Federal Railroad Retirement legislation enacted in 1935, and amended thereafter, all PATH employees are members of a two tiered Federal Railroad Retirement Program administered by the United States Railroad Retirement Board. The Federal Railroad Retirement Program is a cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan, providing benefits to employees of governmental and private sector railroad entities. Program benefits are established and may be amended by federal legislation. Under the Federal Railroad Retirement Program, employees are entitled to retirement benefits related to years of railroad service, age and salary. Survivor and disability benefits are also available to members based on program eligibility requirements. Vesting of benefits is determined after a set period of credited railroad service. Funding of the Federal Railroad Retirement Program is legislatively determined through the collection of employer and employee Railroad Retirement Taxes. In 2017 and 2016, 1,235 and 1,242 PATH employees, respectively, participated in the Federal Railroad Retirement Program.

Employer and employee contributions to the Federal Railroad Retirement Program were as follows:

Railroad Retirement Tier I	Employee Tax Rate	Employee Taxes	Employer Tax Rate	Employer Taxes	Total Taxes
			(\$ In thousands)		
2017	7.65%	\$ 8,150	7.65%	\$ 8,150	\$ 16,300
2016	7.65%	8,086	7.65%	8,086	16,172
Railroad Retirement Tier II	Employee Tax Rate	Employee Taxes	Employer Tax Rate	Employer Taxes	Total Taxes
-			(\$ In thousands)		
2017	4.9%	\$ 4,659	13.1%	\$ 12,455	\$ 17,114
2016	4.9%	4,475	13.1%	11,964	16,439

Detailed information about the Federal Railroad Retirement Program can be found in the U.S. Federal Railroad Retirement Board Performance and Accountability Report, which is publically available at the following web address: http://www.rrb.gov/pdf/oig/reports/1601.pdf

PATH Employees Supplemental Pension Plans

In addition to pension benefits provided under the Federal Railroad Retirement Program, PATH employees are eligible to participate in certain supplemental pension plans.

PATH Represented Employees

For PATH employees covered under collective bargaining agreements, PATH makes defined contributions to supplemental pension plans administered exclusively by trustees comprised of and appointed by union members. Benefits are established and may be amended at the sole discretion of the trustees. PATH is not responsible for funding deficiencies or entitled to funding surpluses related to these supplemental pension plans. PATH's sole responsibility related to these supplemental pension plans are contributions defined in various collective bargaining agreements. Contributions by PATH to these supplemental pension plans totaled approximately \$6.8 million in 2017 and \$6.7 million in 2016.

PATH Exempt Employee Supplemental Pension Plan

Employees of PATH who are not covered by collective bargaining agreements (PATH Exempt Employees) are members of the PATH Exempt Employees Supplemental Pension Plan, amended and restated as of January 1, 2011 (the Plan). The Plan is a non-contributory, unfunded, single-employer, defined benefit, qualified governmental pension plan administered by PATH. The Plan provides retirement benefits related to years of service as a PATH Exempt Employee and final average salary, death benefits for active PATH Exempt Employees, vesting of retirement benefits after a set period of credited service as a PATH Exempt Employee, and optional methods of retirement benefit payment. Depending upon the date of membership, retirement benefits differ as to the qualifying age or years of service requirement and the benefit formula used in calculating retirement benefits.

On August 22, 2013, The Port Authority established the PATH Exempt Employees Supplemental Pension Plan Trust with Wells Fargo Institutional Retirement Trust services as Trustee. As of December 31, 2017, no amounts have been deposited into the trust to prefund future pension payments.

PATH Exempt Employee Supplemental Pension Plan – Total Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

PATH Exempt Employee Supplemental Pension Plan Total Pension Liability - 2017 and 2016

GASB Statement No. 68, as amended, defines the NPL as the difference between the TPL and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. As the Plan is unfunded and has no plan assets, the TPL and NPL are of equal amounts. Changes in the TPL from the previous measurement date are as follows:

Total Pension Liability	2017*	2016**
	(In thou	isands)
Beginning Balance	\$ 83,388	\$ 81,095
Changes recognized for the fiscal year:		
Service cost	1,323	1,280
Interest on the total pension liability	2,961	2,850
Differences between expected and actual experience	5,478	(945)
Changes in assumptions	(5,496)	3,809
Benefit payments (1/1/16 -12/31/16)	(3,563)	(4,701)
Net change in TPL	703	2,293
TPL recognized at December 31st	\$ 84,091	\$ 83,388

^{*} The Plan's TPL reported at December 31, 2017 was measured as of January 1, 2017 based on an actuarial valuation as of the same date.

PATH Exempt Employee Supplemental Pension Plan Pension Expense- 2017 and 2016

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, pension expense related to the Plan totaled:

	2017	2016
	(In thousa	nds)
Pension Expense	\$ 7,456	\$ 7,305

PATH Exempt Employee Supplemental Pension Plan Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - 2017 and 2016

GASB Statement No. 68, as amended, requires certain changes in the TPL to be recognized as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources. These deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are amortized as either an increase or decrease to future years' pension expense using a systematic and rational method over a closed period.

At December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Port Authority reported deferred outflows of resources totaling:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Ou	ıtflows
	12/31/2017	12/3	1/2016
		(In thousands)	
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 4,328	\$	27
Changes in actuarial assumptions	5,180		8,567
Subtotal - Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,508		8,594
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*	3,692		3,563
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 13,200	\$	12,157

^{*}Contributions made by participating employers to pension plans after the measurement date to satisfy the pension plan's NPL, but before the end of the financial statement period for the employer, are recognized as deferred outflows of resources.

At December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Port Authority reported deferred inflows of resources totaling:

^{**} The Plan's TPL reported at December 31, 2016 was measured as of January 1, 2016 based on an actuarial valuation as of the same date.

	Deferred Inflows	Deferred Inflows
	12/31/2017	12/31/2016
		(In thousands)
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 501	\$ 723
Changes in actuarial assumptions	4,327	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 4,828	\$ 723

The amounts of deferred outflows of resources at December 31, 2017 associated with contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the TPL for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. The remaining amount of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, net at December 31, 2017 related to the PATH Exempt Employee Supplemental Pension Plan to be recognized in future years' pension expense are as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Total Amortization
	(In thousands)
2018	\$ 3,171
2019	1,348
2020	164
2021	(3)
Total	\$ 4,680

PATH Exempt Employee Supplemental Pension Plan Actuarial Assumptions- 2017 and 2016

The TPL measured as of January 1, 2017 and January 1, 2016, based on an actuarial valuation as of the same date was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.0%
Investment rate of return	N/A

Actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016. Actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015. Mortality rates used in the 2017 valuation were based on RP-2014 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected on a generational basis with Scale MP-2016 from the central year. Mortality rates used in the 2016 valuation were based on RP-2014 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected on a generational basis with Scale MP-2015 from the central year. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the terms of the Plan as described by PATH to participants, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation.

As of the January 1, 2017 and January 1, 2016 valuation date, Plan participants comprised:

	2017	2016
Retired PATH Exempt Employees (or their beneficiaries)	110	104
Active PATH Exempt Employees	96	89
Terminated but vested employees who are not currently receiving benefits	19	21
Total participants	225	214

PATH Exempt Employee Supplemental Pension Plan Discount Rate Analysis- 2017 and 2016

Because the plan is unfunded, the discount rate used in the actuarial valuation is based on the 20-year municipal Bond Buyer Index for general obligations which equaled 3.78% as of the January 1, 2017 measurement date and 3.57% as of the January 1, 2016 measurement date.

The following tables present the 2017 and 2016 Plan's TPL calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the discount rate actually used.

		<u>2017</u>	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.78%)	(3.78%)	(4.78%)
		(In thousands)	
Total Pension Liability	\$ 95,529	\$ 84,091	\$ 74,586
		<u>2016</u>	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.57%)	(3.57%)	(4.57%)
		(In thousands)	
Total Pension Liability	\$ 94,940	\$ 83,388	\$ 73,845

Note J – Other Postemployment Employee Benefits (OPEB)

OPEB Plan Benefits

The Port Authority and PATH, pursuant to Board of Commissioners action or as contemplated thereby, administer a single-employer healthcare plan (the Plan) that provides certain group health care, prescription, dental, vision and term life insurance benefits to eligible retired employees of the Port Authority and PATH (includes eligible dependents and survivors of retired employees). Collectively, these covered individuals are referred to as "participants." Contributions toward the costs of these benefits are required of certain non-represented participants. Retiree contributions for certain non-represented participants generally range from 3% to 100% of the Port Authority's or PATH's cost of providing retiree benefits and are dependent on a number of factors including, type of benefit, hire date, years of service, pension earnings and retirement date. Benefits are provided through insurance companies whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year, or through plans under which benefits are paid by service providers on behalf of the Port Authority or PATH.

OPEB Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined valuation of OPEB is reviewed annually for the purpose of estimating the present value of postemployment benefits earned by plan participants as of the valuation.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the benefit plans as described by the Port Authority and PATH to participants, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future, including future employment with a salary scale at a rate of 3% per year, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

In the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation of the Port Authority and PATH OPEB obligation, the projected unit credit cost method was used for all 19,034 participants (7,584 active employees, 7,551 retirees and surviving spouses receiving benefits and 3,899 covered spouses of retired employees receiving benefits). The actuarial assumptions used to project future costs included a 7% investment rate of return (discount rate), representing the expected long-term rate of return on investments expected to be used for the payment of benefits; medical healthcare cost trend rates of 6.75% for Pre-65 year-old participants and 6.0% for Post-65 year-old participants, declining to an ultimate medical healthcare cost trend rate of 4.5% in 2025 (including 2.5% inflation factor), a pharmacy benefit cost trend rate of 9.5% decreasing to 4.5% in 2025; a dental benefit cost trend rate of 5.0% per year for all years; and an Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) savings of 9.5% decreasing to 4.5% in 2025. The unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) is being amortized as a level dollar amount over an open period of 30 years.

OPEB Costs and Obligations

OPEB benefit costs and obligations are actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The AAL, representing the amount of OPEB benefits earned by plan participants in prior periods, totaled \$2.8 billion as of January 1, 2017. The 2017 unfunded AAL, totaling \$1.7 billion represents the difference between the AAL of \$2.8 billion and the Plan's net position of \$1.1 billion.

The following reflects the components of the 2017 and 2016 annual OPEB costs, amounts paid, and changes to the net accrued OPEB obligation based on the January 1, 2017 and 2016 actuarial valuations:

The normal cost of \$30.7 million represents the amount of OPEB benefits earned by plan participants in the current period.

Amortization of the unfunded AAL totaling \$134.9 million represents the annual funding requirement that if paid quarterly over a thirty-year period at an interest rate of 7% would satisfy the unfunded AAL of \$1.7 billion.

	2017		2016
		(In millions)	
Annual OPEB cost:			
Annual required contribution (ARC):			
Normal cost	\$ 30.7	\$	43.8
Amortization cost	134.9		152.9
Total ARC	165.6		196.7
Adjustments to ARC	(21.7)		(27.7)
Annual OPEB cost	\$ 143.9	\$	169.0
	2017		2016
		(In millions)	
Net OPEB (Asset) Obligation:			
Net OPEB obligation at the beginning of fiscal year	\$ 0.6	\$	77.4
Annual OPEB cost	143.9		169.0
Employer contributions:			
OPEB payments	(143.5)		(145.8)
Trust contributions	(100.0)		(100.0)
Total employer contributions	 (243.5)		(245.8)
Net accrued OPEB (asset)/obligation as of December 31	\$ (99.0)	\$	0.6

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established a new prescription drug benefit commonly known as Medicare Part D. The Port Authority's application to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) within the Department of Health and Human Services to sponsor a Part D Plan for retirees was approved effective January 1, 2006. Effective January 1, 2009, the Port Authority contracted with Express Scripts, Inc. for an Employee Group Waiver Plan (CMS approved series 800 plan) covering its retirees. Under the contract, Express Scripts, Inc. assumed responsibility for the administrative and compliance obligations imposed by CMS. In 2017, CMS payments to Express Scripts, Inc., on behalf of the Port Authority, totaled approximately \$3.2 million. These amounts were considered in calculating the actuarial valuation of the OPEB liability.

The Port Authority and PATH's combined annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plans, and the net accrued OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years, were as follows:

Annual	OPEB Contributions	Net
_		Accrued OPEB Obligation (Asset)
	(\$ In millions)	(
\$ 143.9	170%	\$ (99.0)
169.0	145%	0.6
146.2	158%	77.4
	OPEB Cost \$ 143.9 169.0	OPEB as a % of Annual Cost OPEB Cost (\$ In millions) \$ 143.9 170% 169.0 145%

Funding Status

On December 14, 2006, the Port Authority established a restricted fund to provide funding for future postemployment employee benefit payments. Port Authority quarterly contributions to The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey Retiree Health Benefits Trust (the Trust), with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A-Institutional Trust Services serving as the Trustee currently total \$25 million. In 2017 and 2016, annual contributions to the Trust totaled \$100 million respectively.

OPEB Trust assets (at fair value), the AAL, the unfunded AAL for benefits, the annual payroll amounts for active employees covered by the plans and the ratio of the unfunded AAL to covered payroll for 2017 were as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	OPEB Trust Assets*	AAL	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Unfunded AAL as a % of Payroll
			(\$ In millions)			
1/1/2017	\$1,124	\$2,811	\$1,687	40%	\$773	218%

^{*}OPEB trust net position totaled \$1.4 billion as of December 31, 2017.

The schedule of funding progress for the current year and the two preceding years is presented as required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements, and presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Following are the Condensed Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position held in trust for OPEB for 2017. The activities of the trust are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting and all investments are recorded at their fair value. The financial activities of the Trust, including cash and investments are not consolidated on the Port Authority's Consolidated Statement of Net Position.

The audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2017 of the Trust, which provides additional information concerning trust assets, are available from the Comptroller's Department of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, 2 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, New Jersey 07302.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (In thousands)

	Dec	
Assets	_	,
Cash and deposits	\$	73,50
Receivables:		
Due from broker for investments sold		3,059
Investment income		2,149
Total receivables		5,208
Investments, (at fair value):		
Domestic equities		525,12
Fixed income		454,690
International equities		320,43
Real estate		42,33
Total investments		1,342,58
Total assets		1,421,29
Liabilities		-,,
Payables:		
Due to broker for investments purchased		21,19
Total liabilities		21,19
Total MacMales		21,17
NT / '4' / ' 1 P / 1		
Net position restricted for other postemployment benefits tement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (In thousands)	\$	
		Year Ended
		Year Ended
tement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (In thousands) Additions		Year Ended ember 31, 201
tement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (In thousands)	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income:	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201 243,52
Additions Employer contributions*	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201' 243,52 145,09
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201' 243,52 145,09
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201' 243,52 145,09 32,22
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends (Less) investment expense	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201 243,52 145,09 32,22 (1,52
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends (Less) investment expense Net investment income	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201' 243,52 145,09- 32,22 (1,52 175,79
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends (Less) investment expense Net investment income Total additions	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201' 243,52 145,09- 32,22 (1,52 175,79
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends (Less) investment expense Net investment income Total additions Deductions	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 2017 243,520 145,094 32,220 (1,52) 175,79 419,32
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends (Less) investment expense Net investment income Total additions Deductions Benefit payments*	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201' 243,52 145,09 32,22 (1,52 175,79 419,32 (143,52
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends (Less) investment expense Net investment income Total additions Deductions	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201' 243,52 145,09 32,22 (1,52 175,79 419,32 (143,52 (9
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends (Less) investment expense Net investment income Total additions Deductions Benefit payments* Administration expense	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201' 243,52 145,09 32,22 (1,52 175,79 419,32 (143,52 (9 (143,62)
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends (Less) investment expense Net investment income Total additions Deductions Benefit payments* Administration expense Total deductions Net increase in net position	Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 201' 243,52 145,09 32,22 (1,52 175,79 419,32 (143,52 (9 (143,62
Additions Employer contributions* Investment income: Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends (Less) investment expense Net investment income Total additions Deductions Benefit payments* Administration expense Total deductions	Dece	1,400,104 Year Ended ember 31, 2017 243,523 145,094 32,220 (1,52 175,79 419,32 (143,52 (94) (143,62 275,70

^{*}Includes Port Authority OPEB payments totaling \$143.5 million in 2017 from available Port Authority operating funds.

Note K- Commitments and Certain Charges to Operations

- 1. Approval of a budget by the Board of Commissioners does not in itself authorize any specific expenditures, which are authorized from time to time by or as contemplated by other actions by the Board of Commissioners of the Port Authority consistent with statutory, contractual and other commitments of the Port Authority, including agreements with the holders of its obligations.
- **2.** At December 31, 2017, the Port Authority had entered into various construction contracts totaling approximately \$5.8 billion, which are expected to be completed within the next three years.
- **3.** Other amounts receivable, net recognized on the Consolidated Statements of Net Position totaled \$113.7 million at December 31, 2017, and is comprised of the following:

	Dec. 31,				Dec. 31,
	2016	A	dditions	Deductions	2017
			(In tho	usands)	_
Long-term receivables from tenants	\$ 25,194	\$	5,135	\$ 8,538	\$ 21,791
WTC - MTA Connectors	3,921		22,017	12,800	13,138
Insurance receivable - Superstorm Sandy	1,371		18,323	8,829	10,865
Tower 4 Liberty Bonds debt service	10,882		65,405	55,315	20,972
Rent due from the WTC Tower 3 and 4					
net lessees	4,102		26,370	_	30,472
Other	16,619		99	230	16,488
Total other amounts receivable, net	\$ 62,089	\$	137,349	\$ 85,712	\$ 113,726

4. The 2017 balance of Other noncurrent liabilities consists of the following:

	Dec. 31,			Dec. 31,
	2016	Additions	Deductions	2017
		(In th	ousands)	
Self-Insured Worker's Compensation Claims	\$ 63,159	\$ 21,256	\$ 20,358	\$ 64,057
Self-Insured Public Liability Claims	68,031	7,463	9,323	66,171
Pollution remediation obligation	22,195	4,486	10,256	16,425
Asset forfeiture program	23,378	4,301	4,271	23,408
Surety and security deposits	4,903	183	323	4,763
WTC Joint Venture Preferred Returns	42,614	9,112	48,445	3,281
Goethals Bridge Replacement milestones	84,485	27,915	25,000	87,400
Deferred Gain/Loss on NLCC	4,761	-	-	4,761
Other	36,195	13,555	137	49,613
Total Liabilities	\$ 349,721	\$ 88,271	\$ 118,113	\$ 319,879
Less: Current worker's compensation liability	17,079			17,967
Current Goethals Bridge milestones	25,000			87,400
Total other non-current liabilities	\$ 307,642			\$ 214,512

Unearned income related to the transfer of the Port Authority's interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture is:

	Dec. 31,				Dec. 31,
	2016	Additi	ions	Deductions	2017
Unanimad Innorma valeted to			(In tho	usands)	
Unearned Income related to WTC Retail Joint Venture	\$ 773,998	\$	-	\$ 9,260	\$ 764,738

For additional information see Note L – Information with Respect to the Redevelopment of the World Trade Center Site.

5. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*, an operating expense provision and corresponding liability measured at its current value using the expected cash flow method is recognized when an obligating event occurs. In 2017, the Port Authority recognized an additional \$4.5 million in pollution remediation obligations, primarily related to asbestos abatement at certain Aviation and Port facilities. Cumulative operating expense remediation provisions through December 31, 2017 totaled \$73.8 million, net of \$2.1 million in expected recoveries.

As of December 31, 2017, the outstanding pollution remediation liability totaled \$16.4 million, primarily consisting of future remediation activities associated with asbestos removal, lead based paint abatement, ground water contamination, soil contamination, and arsenic contamination at Port Authority facilities.

Note L – Information with Respect to the Redevelopment of the World Trade Center Site

Conceptual Framework for the Redevelopment of the Office, Retail and Other Components of the World Trade Center

The terms of the original July 2001 net leases established both an obligation and concomitant right for the net lessees, at their sole cost and expense, to restore their net leased premises following a casualty whether or not the damage is covered by insurance proceeds in accordance, to the extent feasible, prudent and commercially reasonable, with the plans and specifications as they existed before the casualty or as otherwise agreed to with the Port Authority.

The redevelopment of the WTC provides for approximately 10 million square feet of above-grade office space with associated storage, mechanical, loading, below-grade parking, and other non-office space, and consists of One World Trade Center, Tower 2, Tower 3, Tower 4, Tower 5, approximately 450,000 square feet of retail space, a WTC Transportation Hub, a memorial and interpretive museum (Memorial/Museum) and cultural facilities and related infrastructure. A December 2010 World Trade Center Amended and Restated Master Development Agreement (MDA), among the Port Authority, PATH, 1 WTC LLC, WTC Retail LLC, and the Silverstein net lessees, sets forth the respective rights and obligations of the parties thereto with respect to construction on the WTC site, including the allocation of construction responsibilities and costs between the parties to the MDA.

Future minimum rentals (see *Note G – Lease Commitments*) include rentals of approximately \$14.3 billion, for the years 2021-2100, relating to the net leases for WTC Towers 2, 3 and 4. The inclusion of this amount in future rentals is predicated upon the assumption that the net lessees of various components of the WTC will continue to meet their contractual commitments pertaining to their net leased properties, including those with respect to the payment of rent and the restoration of their net leased properties.

One World Trade Center

In November 2006, as part of the continuing redevelopment of the WTC, the Port Authority acquired, from Silverstein Properties, 100% of the membership interests in 1 WTC LLC, the then-net lessee of One World Trade Center and Tower 5, which will comprise, in the aggregate, approximately 4.2 million square feet of office space. On June 13, 2011, the Port Authority and The Durst Organization entered into various agreements in connection with the establishment of a joint venture with respect to the construction, financing, leasing, management and operation of One World Trade Center. In June 2011, The Durst Organization contributed \$100 million for a minority equity interest in the joint venture related to One World Trade Center. One World Trade Center contains 3.0 million square feet of space, comprised of commercial office space and an indoor observation deck. As of December 31, 2017, the Port Authority

has leased, (i) approximately 2.24 million square feet of office space at One World Trade Center, representing approximately 74% of the leasable office space, (ii) certain portions of the One World Trade Center rooftop, together with ancillary space, for a broadcasting and communications facility, and (iii) the 100th through 102nd floors of One World Trade Center for an observation deck, which opened to the public in 2015.

World Trade Center Tower 3

To assist the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 3 in the construction of the Tower 3 office tower following satisfaction of certain private real estate and capital markets triggers, the Port Authority entered into a Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement in 2010 (as subsequently amended in 2014, the "Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement"). Under the Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement, the Port Authority is required to provide (x) \$210 million for the construction of Tower 3 as a landlord capital improvement, and (y) backstop funding of \$390 million for (i) construction overruns and certain leasing cost overruns, (ii) operating expense deficits and certain leasing cost overruns through the Tower 3 net lessee's right to defer payments of rent to the Port Authority under the net lease with respect to Tower 3, and (iii) senior debt service shortfalls, by the Port Authority as a special limited co-obligor on the senior debt issued for Tower 3, with such senior debt service shortfalls payable as a special obligation of the Port Authority, subject in each case to the overall limit of \$390 million for the backstop (See Note E- General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority). The State of New York and the City of New York have each agreed to reimburse the Port Authority for \$200 million of the \$600 million provided under the Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement for a combined reimbursement to the Port Authority from the State of New York and the City of New York of \$400 million. To date, the Port Authority has received \$93.4 million from the State of New York.

Under the Tower 3 Support Agreement, the Tower 3 Silverstein net lessee is responsible for the repayment of the \$390 million backstop on a subordinated basis, without interest, from Tower 3 revenues, with an overall term for such reimbursement or payment not to exceed the term of the Tower 4 support agreement described below. All repayments of the Tower 3 backstop received by the Port Authority would be distributed among the Port Authority, the State of New York and the City of New York in accordance with their respective shares of the \$390 million backstop payments. As security for such repayment, the Tower 3 Silverstein net lessee, the Port Authority and a third party banking institution entered into an account control agreement directing revenues derived from the operation of Tower 3 to be deposited into a segregated lockbox account and administered and disbursed by the banking institution in accordance with the Tower 3 Support Agreement. To provide additional security to the Port Authority, the Tower 3 Silverstein net lessee assigned to the Port Authority various contracts in connection with the development and construction of Tower 3, together with all licenses, permits, approvals, easements and other rights of the Tower 3 Silverstein net lessee, granted a first priority pledge of all of the ownership interests in the Tower 3 Silverstein net lessee to the Port Authority and granted a subordinated mortgage on the leasehold interest created under the Tower 3 net lease. The Tower 3 net lessee exercised its right to defer certain Tower 3 net lease rent payments due the Port Authority effective November 2017. As of December 31, 2017, deferred rent due from the Tower 3 net lessee totaled approximately \$2.2 million.

In December 2014, the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 3 net lessee issued Tower 3 Liberty bonds in the total aggregate principal amount of \$1.6 billion. In accordance with the amended Tower 3 Tenant Support Agreement, in December 2014, the Port Authority made a \$210 million landlord capital improvement payment towards the construction of Tower 3. The Port Authority applied \$80 million of the previously received funds from the State of New York as a capital contribution for the partial reimbursement of this landlord capital improvement. Additionally, under a Public Support Agreement with the City of New York, the Port Authority will receive \$130 million in future WTC PILOT credits as reimbursement for the remaining share of the Port Authority's landlord capital improvements.

World Trade Center Tower 4

With approximately 600,000 of Tower 4's 2 million square feet of office space preleased to the Port Authority, and approximately 580,000 square feet preleased to the City of New York, in December 2010, the Port Authority entered into certain agreements with the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 4, providing for the Port Authority's participation in the financing for Tower 4 construction.

Tower 4 Liberty Bonds were issued on November 15, 2011, in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.2 billion, by the New York Liberty Development Corporation to finance construction of WTC Tower 4. The Port Authority is a co-borrower/obligor for the Liberty Bonds, and is obligated to make certain debt service payments on the Tower 4 Liberty Bonds. The Port Authority's payment of debt service on the Tower 4 Liberty Bonds is a special obligation of the Port Authority, evidenced by a separate Tower 4 Bond Payment Agreement between the Port Authority and the Tower 4 Liberty Bond trustee (See *Note E-General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds* for additional information related to the payment of special obligations of the Port Authority).

Additionally, the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 4 has the right to defer payment of net lease rent payable to the Port Authority under the Tower 4 net lease and defer the application of certain free rent periods available to the Port Authority under its Tower 4 space lease, to provide cash flow to pay certain operating expense deficits, certain capital expenditures upon completion of Tower 4 and a limited amount of construction and leasing cost overruns. The Tower 4 net lessee exercised its right to defer certain Tower 4 net lease rent payments due the Port Authority effective November 2016. As of December 31, 2017, deferred rent due from the Tower 4 net lessee totaled approximately \$28.2 million. Port Authority debt service payments related to Tower 4 Liberty Bonds, deferred net lease rent payable to the Port Authority under the Tower 4 net lease, and amounts from deferred free rent periods under the Port Authority's Tower 4 space lease are required to be reimbursed or paid to the Port Authority from Tower 4 cash flow. Amounts required to be reimbursed or paid to the Port Authority (with the exception of deferred net lease rent held on deposit) accrue interest until reimbursed or paid, with an overall term for such reimbursement or payment not to exceed 40 years. As of December 31, 2017, Tower 4 Liberty Bond debt service payments due from the Tower 4 net lessee, including amounts assigned directly to the Tower 4 Liberty Bond trustee by the City of New York related to their Tower 4 leasehold, totaled approximately \$20.9 million.

WTC Tower 4 was substantially completed in October 2013 by the Silverstein net lessee of Tower 4 and was available for tenant fit-out. In November 2014, Port Authority corporate staff began occupying certain portions of its leased space in Tower 4, with remaining space being occupied in 2015.

The World Trade Center Transportation Hub

On July 28, 2005, the Board of Commissioners of the Port Authority authorized the WTC Transportation Hub project and construction of the WTC Transportation Hub commenced on September 6, 2005. On October 18, 2012, the Board of Commissioners reauthorized the WTC Transportation Hub project at an estimated total project cost range of approximately \$3.74 billion to \$3.995 billion. As of December 31, 2017, the Port Authority has received the maximum funding of \$2.872 billion from the FTA towards the construction of the WTC Transportation Hub. On March 3, 2016, the World Trade Center Transportation Hub Oculus and underground pedestrian connections to certain mass transit lines opened to the public and on August 16, 2016, the retail portions opened to the public.

World Trade Center Infrastructure Projects

In addition to the WTC Transportation Hub, the Port Authority continues to construct various WTC site infrastructure projects toward full build out of the WTC site. In 2014, certain portions of these infrastructure projects, including portions of the vehicular security center for cars, tour buses, and

delivery vehicles to access subgrade loading facilities became operational to support commercial activities throughout the WTC site. Other infrastructure work includes street configurations, utilities, a central chiller plant and related electrical distribution systems that support operations of the WTC site.

WTC Retail

Through a series of transactions between the Port Authority and Westfield, the Port Authority has been involved in the planning and construction of the retail components of the World Trade Center. A Westfield entity net leases such retail components from the Port Authority for a nominal annual amount. As a result of such transactions, the Port Authority presently expects, subject to the completion of construction of the premises covered by the retail net lease, to receive payments totaling up to \$1.4 billion from Westfield. In the event that retail space is built above grade in the Tower 2 podium, Westfield would have the option to pay an additional amount to be determined at such time to add such space to its net leased retail premises. The Port Authority continues to be responsible for the construction of the retail premises at the World Trade Center site, and is obligated to fund the remaining project costs for its construction.

As of December 31, 2017, excluding Westfield's initial joint venture membership capital contribution of \$100 million recognized in 2011, the Port Authority has received \$797 million for the transfer of its interests in the WTC retail joint venture to Westfield. The \$797 million is reported as Unearned income and subsequently recognized as rental income over the remaining term of the existing WTC Retail net lease. As of December 31, 2017, \$32 million has been cumulatively recognized as rental income.

WTC Memorial and Museum

The Port Authority does not have any responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the Memorial, the Memorial/Museum or the Visitor Orientation and Education Center (VOEC). The Memorial Plaza opened for public access on September 11, 2011. The museum opened to the public on May 21, 2014.

Note M – Risk Financing Activities

The Port Authority carries insurance or requires insurance to be carried (if available) on or in connection with its facilities and those under construction to protect against direct physical loss or damage and resulting loss of revenue and against liability in such amounts as it deems appropriate, considering deductibles, retentions, and exceptions or exclusions of portions of facilities and the scope of insurable hazards. A portion of the insurance under the programs described below is provided by the Port Authority's captive insurer, the Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC (PAICE), (see Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC in this Section).

1. Purchased Insurance

Property damage and loss of revenue insurance program

The property damage and loss of revenue insurance program on Port Authority facilities (renewed effective June 1, 2017 and expiring on June 1, 2018) applies to all Port Authority facilities, excluding the World Trade Center (except for the area of the PATH station inside the fare zone), with program limits of \$1.6 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductibles, retentions, and sub-limits for certain hazards. The property damage and loss of revenue insurance program on the operating portions of the World Trade Center* and related infrastructure is provided in a separate program (renewed June 1, 2017 and expiring on June 1, 2018) with program limits of \$500 million per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductibles, retentions, and sub-limits for certain hazards covering all Port

Authority assets at the site and excess limits of \$2 billion on One World Trade Center and \$1.5 billion on the World Trade Center Transportation Hub, Vehicular Security Center and other assets.

The Port Authority also purchased terrorism insurance with respect to its facilities (which was renewed effective June 1, 2016 and expires on June 1, 2018), excluding the World Trade Center, with limits of \$1.6 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductibles, and retentions for the operating portions of the World Trade Center (which was renewed effective March 31, 2017 and expires on June 1, 2018), with limits of \$5 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductible and retentions. The terrorism coverage is insured through PAICE and reinsured through the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2015 (TRIPRA)** and commercial reinsurance.

Public liability insurance program

The public liability insurance program for Port Authority aviation facilities (renewed effective October 27, 2017 and expiring October 27, 2018) applies to such facilities with program limits of \$1.25 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain retentions, and insurance for aviation war risk, which includes terrorism, and which has no deductible.

The public liability insurance program for "non-aviation" facilities (renewed effective October 27, 2017 and expiring October 27, 2018) applies to such facilities including components of the World Trade Center* with program limits of \$1.0 billion per occurrence and in the aggregate, subject to certain deductibles and retentions. Terrorism insurance with respect thereto totals \$300 million, which is insured through PAICE and reinsured through TRIPRA** and commercial reinsurance.

During each of the past three years, payments for public liability claims have not exceeded insurance coverage.

2. Construction Insurance Programs

The Port Authority's World Trade Center Owner Controlled Insurance Program applies to the portions of the World Trade Center under construction with program limits for construction liability of \$25 million per occurrence. Builder's Risk coverage for the remaining construction at the site is provided under the World Trade Center Operational Insurance program, with limits of \$2.5 billion.

The Port Authority maintains an ongoing wrap-up contractors' insurance program for all other Port Authority facilities under construction (which was renewed effective June 1, 2017 and expires June 1, 2020) with program limits for builders' risk of \$50 million per occurrence, subject to certain deductibles, retentions, and sub-limits on certain hazards, construction general liability insurance with program limits of \$50 million per occurrence, and statutory workers' compensation coverage, which do not have a deductible. PAICE provides portions of the construction general liability insurance. The Port Authority also maintains builders' risk and terrorism coverage, with respect to the Bayonne Bridge Navigational Clearance Program (which was renewed effective September 1, 2017 and expires June 1, 2019), with a program limit of \$75 million per occurrence for portions of the bridge that remain under construction, and comprehensive general liability insurance (which was purchased effective June 1, 2017 and expires June 1, 2020) with program limits of \$50 million per occurrence and in the aggregate in excess of \$50 million coverage described above.

^{*} See "*" footnote on page 81.

^{**}See "**" footnote on page 81.

3. Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC

On October 16, 2006, the District of Columbia approved the establishment of a Port Authority captive insurance company, known as the "Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC," for the purpose of insuring certain risk exposures of the Port Authority. Under its current Certificate of Authority issued by the District of Columbia, PAICE is authorized to transact insurance business in connection with workers' compensation, general liability, builders risk, and property and terrorism insurance coverage for the Port Authority. With the passage of TRIPRA**, PAICE assumed coverage for acts of terrorism with respect to the Port Authority's public liability, builder's risk, and property damage and loss of revenue insurance programs. PAICE also insures certain components of the Port Authority's workers' compensation and wrap-up contractors' insurance programs. Certain elements of PAICE's insurance portfolio are reinsured by TRIPRA and commercial insurers.

Any changes in the lines of insurance being provided by PAICE or its capitalization are subject to prior approval by the Port Authority Board of Commissioners.

The financial results for PAICE for the year ended December 31, 2017 are set forth on the subsequent page of this report. Restricted amounts associated with PAICE recorded on the Port Authority's consolidated financial statements have been adjusted to eliminate intercompany transfers related to insurance premiums paid to PAICE from the Port Authority.

^{*} The Port Authority's insurance programs do not provide coverage for World Trade Center Towers 2, 3, 4 (except for the Port Authority's Tower 4 leased space), Tower 5, the WTC Memorial/Museum and the net leased retail components (except for certain retail infrastructure) of the World Trade Center site. Coverage for these assets is the responsibility of the net lessees.

^{**} Under TRIPRA, the formula established in 2015 provides that the federal government reinsures 85% of certified terrorism losses in 2015 (and decreases its reinsurance incrementally by 1% per year for the next five (5) years), subject to aggregate industry insured losses of at least \$100 million in 2015 (which increases incrementally \$20 million per year for the next five (5) years) and a 20% insurance carrier/captive deductible, in an amount not to exceed an annual cap on all such losses payable under TRIPRA of \$100 billion. For calendar year 2018, under the formula established in 2015, no federal payments would be made under this program until the aggregate industry insured losses from acts of terrorism exceed \$160 million. In the event of a certified act of terrorism, the law allows the United States Treasury to recoup 140% of the amount of federal payments for insured losses during that calendar year.

	Amounts (In thousands)
Financial Position	
Total Assets	\$ 374,741
Total Liabilities	113,821
Net Position	\$ 260,920
Operating Results	
Revenues	\$ 46,827
Expenses	7,820
Change in Net Position	\$ 39,007
Changes in Net Position	
Net Position at January 1, 2017	\$ 221,913
Change in Net Position	39,007
Net Position at December 31, 2017	\$ 260,920

The audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 of PAICE, which provides additional information concerning PAICE assets and liabilities, are available from the Comptroller's Department of The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, 2 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, New Jersey 07302.

4. Self-Insured Loss Reserves

A liability is recognized when it is probable that the Port Authority has incurred an uninsured loss and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability for self-insured claims is based upon the estimated cost of settling the claim, which includes an actuarial review of estimated claims expenses, estimated recoveries, retention thresholds, and a provision for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims. Changes in the self-insured public liability self-insured loss reserves and self-insured worker's compensation loss reserves are as follows:

Self-insured public liability loss reserves:

	Beginning	Changes in		Year-End
Year	Balance	Loss Reserves	Payments	Balance*
		(In thousands)		
2017	\$ 68,031	\$ 7,463	\$ 9,323	\$ 66,171
2016	58,900	15,832	6,701	68,031

^{*} Loss reserves exclude loss adjustment expenditures.

Self-insured worker's compensation loss reserves:

	Beginning	Changes in		Year End
Year	Balance	Loss Reserves	Payments	Balance
		(In thousands)		
2017	\$ 63,159	\$ 21,256	\$ 20,358	\$ 64,057
2016	61,422	22,376	20,639	63,159

NEW YORK STATE AND LOCAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (ERS)

Schedule of Pro	portionate Share	e of Net Pension	Liability*

	2017	2016	2015
		(\$ In thousa	nds)
Port Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%
Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	\$ 120,672	\$ 212,555	\$ 44,906
Covered payroll (April 1 st – March 31 st)	\$ 395,378	\$ 392,529	\$ 390,571
Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability, as a percentage of its covered payroll	30.5%	54.2%	11.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	94.7%	90.7%	97.9%
pension liability	94.7%	90.7%	97.9

Schedule of Employer Contributions*

Fig. 1	2017	2016	2015
		(\$ In thousa	nds)
Contractually required contribution	\$ 56,743	\$ 57,530	\$ 63,072
Contributions in relation to the contractually			
required contribution	\$ 56,743	\$ 57,530	\$ 63,072
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Port Authority's covered payroll (January 1st –			
December 31 st)	\$ 404,701	\$ 395,725	\$ 409,234
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.0%	14.5%	15.4%

NEW YORK STATE AND LOCAL POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PFRS)

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability*

	2017	2016	2015
		(\$ In thous	sands)
Port Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	7.4%	8.0%	8.9%
Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	\$ 152,806	\$ 236,004	\$ 24,490
Covered payroll (April 1 st – March 31 st)	\$ 256,168	\$ 246,060	\$ 248,631
Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability, as a percentage of its covered payroll	59.7%	95.9%	9.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	93.5%	90.2%	99.0%

Schedule of Employer Contributions*

Semential of Employer Commissions			
	2017	2016	2015
		(\$ In thousa	inds)
Contractually required contribution	\$ 60,797	\$ 57,807	\$ 53,652
Contributions in relation to the contractually			
required contribution	\$ 60,797	\$ 57,807	\$ 53,652
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-
Port Authority's covered payroll (January 1st –			
December 31 st)	\$ 260,867	\$ 253,096	\$ 253,597
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.3%	22.8%	21.2%

^{*}Information provided for Required Supplementary Information will be provided for ten (10) years, as the information becomes available in subsequent years.

FEDERAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT PROGRAM

Schedule of Employee and Employer Railroad Contributions*

Railroad Retirement Tier I	Employee Tax Rate	Employee Taxes	Employer Tax Rate	Employer Taxes	Total Taxes
			(\$ In thousands)		
2017	7.65%	\$ 8,150	7.65%	\$ 8,150	\$ 16,300
2016	7.65%	8,086	7.65%	8,086	16,172
2015	7.65%	7,747	7.65%	7,747	15,494
2014	7.65%	8,119	7.65%	8,119	16,238
2013	7.65%	7,551	7.65%	7,551	15,102
Total Taxes		\$ 39,653		\$ 39,653	\$ 79,306

Railroad Retirement Tier II	Employee Tax Rate	Employee Taxes	Employer Tax Rate	Employer Taxes	Total Taxes
			(\$ In thousands)		
2017	4.9%	\$ 4,659	13.1%	\$ 12,455	\$ 17,114
2016	4.9%	4,475	13.1%	11,964	16,439
2015	4.9%	4,379	13.1%	11,707	16,086
2014	4.4%	3,971	12.6%	11,371	15,342
2013	4.4%	3,714	12.6%	10,636	14,350
Total Taxes		\$ 21,198		\$ 58,133	\$ 79,331

^{*}Information provided for Required Supplementary Information will be provided for ten (10) years, as the information becomes available in subsequent years.

PATH EXEMPT EMPLOYEES SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION PLAN

Schedule of Changes to Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios*

	2017	2016	2015
		(\$ In thousa	ands)
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost	\$ 1,323	\$ 1,280	\$ 900
Interest cost	2,961	2,850	3,271
Differences between expected and actual experience	5,478	(945)	51
Changes of assumptions	(5,496)	3,809	10,632
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(3,563)	(4,701)	(3,389)
Net change in total pension liability	703	2,293	11,465
Total Pension Liability (Beginning)	83,388	81,095	69,630
Total Pension Liability (Ending)	\$ 84,091	\$ 83,388	\$ 81,095
Covered Payroll	\$ 13,590	\$ 13,187	\$ 12,356
Total Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	618.8%	632.4%	656.3%

^{*}Information provided for Required Supplementary Information will be provided for ten (10) years, as the information becomes available in subsequent years.

Note: As of December 31, 2017, there are no plan assets accumulated in a trust for purposes of making future pension payments to members.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	OPEB Trust Assets* (a)	AAL** (b)	Unfunded AAL (c) = (b–a)	Funded Ratio (a) / (b)	Covered Payroll (d)	Unfunded AAL as a % of Payroll (c) / (d)
			(\$ In millions)			
1/1/17	\$ 1,124	\$ 2,811	\$ 1,687	40%	\$ 773	218%
1/1/16	956	2,868	1,912	33%	756	253%
1/1/15	859	2,642	1,783	33%	739	241%

^{*} As of December 31, 2017 OPEB trust net position totaled \$1.4 billion. ** Actuarial Accrued Liability.

		r end	led December 3	1, 2017	2016
	Operating		Reserve	Combined	Combined
	Fund		Funds	Total	Total
			(In tho	usands)	
Gross operating revenues:	h 1050 r	• •	4	1.000	.
Tolls and fares	\$ 1,873,62		- \$		\$ 1,865,481
Rentals	1,609,17		-	1,609,179	1,555,958
Aviation fees	1,128,35		-	1,128,352	1,112,436
Parking and other	377,42		-	377,421	399,178
Utilities	139,50		-	139,502	138,987
Rentals - Special Project Bonds Projects	83,05		-	83,053	86,755
Total gross operating revenues	5,211,12	9	-	5,211,129	5,158,795
Operating expenses:					
Employee compensation, including benefits	1,342,94	3	-	1,342,943	1,290,334
Contract services	880,33	1	-	880,331	852,926
Rents and payments in-lieu-of taxes (PILOT)	390,57	6	-	390,576	352,293
Materials, equipment and other	252,53	3	-	252,533	264,977
Utilities	183,48	2	-	183,482	165,802
Interest on Special Project Bonds	83,05	3	-	83,053	86,755
Total operating expenses	3,132,91	8	-	3,132,918	3,013,087
Operating and maintenance contingencies		_	_	_	_
Amounts in connection with operating asset obligations	16,05	0		16,050	18,871
Net (revenue)/expense related to Superstorm Sandy	(18,32		_	(18,323)	10,071
The (to remar), empones remark to superstant summy	(10,52	<i></i>		(10,020)	
Net operating revenues	2,080,48	4	-	2,080,484	2,126,837
Financial income:					
Interest income	6,23	4	41,477	47,711	6,746
Net (decrease) in fair value of investments	(38	0)	(13,757)	(14,137)	(11,530
Contributions in aid of construction	173,25	3	-	173,253	293,770
Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments		-	-	-	77,869
Application of Passenger Facility Charges	285,33	5	-	285,335	229,921
Application of 4 WTC associated payments	65,29	3	-	65,293	41,520
Grants, in connection with operating activities	39,84	5	-	39,845	64,315
Pass-through grant program payments	(19,71	7)	-	(19,717)	(10,695
Net revenues available for debt service and reserves	2,630,34	7	27,720	2,658,067	2,818,753
Debt service:					
Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations	858,69	4	69,570	928,264	906,187
Debt maturities and retirements	300,90		-	300,905	268,520
Repayment of asset financing obligations		_	1,276	1,276	(6,669
Total debt service	1,159,59	9	70,846	1,230,445	1,168,038
Transfers to reserves	\$ (1,470,74	8)	1,470,748	-	-
		_			
Revenues after debt service and transfers to reserves			1,427,622	1,427,622	1,650,715
Direct investment in facilities			(1,623,347)	(1,623,347)	(1,132,915
Increase/(Decrease) in reserves			(195,725)	(195,725)	517,800
Reserve balances, January 1			4,357,647	4,357,647	3,839,847
Reserve balances, December 31		\$	4,161,922 \$		\$ 4,357,647

				Decem	ber 31, 2	017				2016
	(perating		Capital	Res	erve		Combined	C	Combined
		Fund		Fund	-	nds		Total		Total
					(In t	housands)	1			
ASSETS										
Current assets:			_		_		_		_	
Cash	\$	140,553	\$	569,705	\$	27,374	\$	737,632	\$	390,809
Restricted cash:										
Passenger Facility Charges		30,825		-		-		30,825		262,238
Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC		85,622		-		-		85,622		80,024
Investments		-		208,293		700,937		909,230		1,231,301
Restricted investments - PFC		285,487		-		-		285,487		72,275
Interfund balances		(830,061)		208,502		621,559		-		-
Current receivables, net		492,131		-		-		492,131		460,145
Other current assets		92,142		66,169		-		158,311		116,955
Restricted receivables and other assets		68,459		-		-		68,459		69,559
Total current assets		365,158		1,052,669	1,	349,870		2,767,697		2,683,306
N										
Noncurrent assets:		4.017						4.017		1.061
Restricted cash		4,817		-	2	-		4,817		4,964
Investments		64,112		737	2,	812,052		2,876,901		3,245,288
Restricted investments - PAICE		238,927		-		-		238,927		220,462
Other amounts receivable, net		97,405		16,321		-		113,726		62,089
Other noncurrent assets		1,617,168		2,521		-		1,619,689		1,518,551
Restricted other noncurrent assets - PAICE		9,669		-		-		9,669		1,932
Amounts receivable - Special Project Bonds Projects		-		1,327,680		-		1,327,680		1,391,170
Amounts receivable - Tower 4 Liberty Bonds		-		1,225,520		-		1,225,520		1,225,520
Net OPEB asset		98,948		-		-		98,948		-
Invested in facilities		-		56,494,218		-		56,494,218		53,830,211
Total noncurrent assets		2,131,046		59,066,997	2,	812,052		64,010,095		61,500,187
Total assets		2,496,204		60,119,666	4,	161,922		66,777,792		64,183,493
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension related amounts		328,602		-		-		328,602		555,794
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		291,218		938,645		-		1,229,863		1,072,412
Accrued interest and other current liabilities		496,542		87,397		-		583,939		589,966
Restricted other liabilities - PAICE		6,887		-		-		6,887		12,492
Accrued payroll and other employee benefits		659,420		-		-		659,420		527,897
Unapplied Passenger Facility Charges		196,257		-		-		196,257		204,053
Current portion bonds and other asset financing obligations		74,774		870,818		-		945,592		1,240,142
Total current liabilities		1,725,098		1,896,860		-		3,621,958		3,646,962
Noncurrent liabilities:		250.070						250.050		522.025
Accrued pension and other postemployment employee benefits		359,078		-		-		359,078		533,835
Other noncurrent liabilities		196,176		13,576		-		209,752		302,881
Restricted other noncurrent liabilities - PAICE		47,332		-		-		47,332		49,171
Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds		-		1,327,680		-		1,327,680		1,391,170
Amounts payable - Tower 4 Liberty Bonds		-		1,225,520		-		1,225,520		1,225,520
Bonds and other asset financing obligations		453,655		20,987,298		-		21,440,953		20,676,764
T-t-1 li-liliti		1,056,241		23,554,074		-		24,610,315		24,179,341
Total noncurrent liabilities				25,450,934		_		28,232,273		27,826,303
Total liabilities		2,781,339						20,202,270		
Total liabilities		2,781,339						20,202,270		
Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										76 942
Total liabilities		2,781,339		-		-		68,237		76,842
Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$			34,668,732	\$ 4,	161,922	\$		\$	
Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related amounts NET POSITION	\$	68,237		-	\$ 4,	-	\$	68,237	\$	
Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related amounts NET POSITION Net position is comprised of:	\$	68,237	\$	34,668,732	\$ 4,	-		68,237 38,805,884		36,836,142
Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related amounts NET POSITION Net position is comprised of: Facility infrastructure investment	\$	68,237 (24,770)	\$	-	\$ 4,	-	\$	68,237 38,805,884 34,668,732		36,836,142 32,503,265
Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related amounts NET POSITION Net position is comprised of:	\$	68,237	\$	34,668,732		-		68,237 38,805,884		76,842 36,836,142 32,503,265 (24,770) 4,357,647

(pursuant to Port Authority bond resolutions)

	Year	Year ended December 31, 2017						
	General Reserve Fund		onsolidated and Reserve Fund	(Combined Total	•	Combined Total	
			(In the	ousan	ds)			
Balance, January 1	\$ 2,297,475	\$	2,060,172	\$	4,357,647	\$	3,839,847	
Increase in reserve funds *	-		1,498,468		1,498,468		1,725,647	
	2,297,475		3,558,640		5,856,115		5,565,494	
Applications:								
Repayment of asset financing obligations	-		1,276		1,276		(6,669)	
Interest on asset financing obligations	-		69,570		69,570		81,601	
Direct investment in facilities	-		1,623,347		1,623,347		1,132,915	
Total applications	-		1,694,193		1,694,193		1,207,847	
Balance, December 31	\$ 2,297,475	\$	1,864,447	\$	4,161,922	\$	4,357,647	

^{*}Combined increase in reserve funds consists of "Transfers to reserves" from the operating fund totaling \$1.47 billion, plus financial income generated on reserve funds of \$27.7 million in 2017.

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STATISTICAL AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

For the year ended December 31, 2017

The Statistical and Other Supplemental Information section presents additional information as a means to provide context to the information contained in the financial statements, note disclosures and schedules.

Selected Statistical Financial Trends Data – Schedule D-1 (Pursuant to GAAP)

Trend information is provided to help the reader understand how the Port Authority's financial performance and fiscal health has changed over time.

<u>Selected Statistical Debt Service – Schedule D-2 (Pursuant to Port Authority bond resolutions)</u>

The Port Authority has several forms of outstanding obligations.

Information on Port Authority revenues, outstanding obligations, debt service, and reserves is included here for statistical purposes (more detailed information about the various kinds of debt instruments used by the Port Authority can be found in *Note D - Outstanding Financing Obligations*, and reserve funds are described in *Note E - General and Consolidated Bond Reserve Funds* to the consolidated financial statements). Debt limitations, including in some cases, limits on total authorized amounts or requirements for the issuance of additional bonds, may be found in the various resolutions establishing and authorizing such obligations.

<u>Selected Statistical Financial Data by Business Segment – Schedule D-3</u>

Schedule provides information on gross operating revenues, operating expenses and capital investment, summarized by Port Authority business segments.

Information on Port Authority Operations – Schedule E

Detailed information on Port Authority's operating results including income from operations, non-operating expenses and contributions, and net income is provided on a Port Authority operating facility level.

Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities – Schedule F

Schedule provides information on capital investment, summarized by Port Authority operating facilities, including current year capital investment and depreciation.

Port Authority Facility Traffic – Schedule G (Unaudited)

This schedule provides comparative information on Port Authority facility traffic relative to vehicles, passengers, containers, cargo, waterborne vehicles and plane movements.

Schedule D-1 - Selected Statistical Financial Trends Data (pursuant to GAAP)

		2017		2016		2015	2014	
						(In the	iousa	inds)
Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position:								
Gross operating revenues:								
Tolls and fares	\$	1,873,622	\$	1,865,481	\$	1,718,770	\$	1,553,625
Rentals (a)	·	1,618,439		1,564,527		1,446,980		1,300,818
Aviation fees		1,128,352		1,112,436		1,063,902		1,058,416
Parking and other		377,421		399,178		359,631		321,760
Utilities		139,502		138,987		144,580		149,052
Rentals - Special Project Bonds Projects		83,053		86,755		92,719		98,141
Gross operating revenues		5,220,389		5,167,364		4,826,582		4,481,812
Operating expenses:								
Employee compensation, including benefits		1,342,943		1,290,334		1,178,967		1,187,877
Contract services		880,331		852,926		833,903		797,516
Rents and amounts in-lieu-of taxes (PILOT)		390,576		352,293		356,162		362,627
Materials, equipment and other		252,533		264,977		252,071		277,174
Utilities		183,482		165,802		186,830		199,919
Interest on Special Project Bonds		83,053		86,755		92,719		98,141
Operating expenses		3,132,918		3,013,087		2,900,652		2,923,254
Net revenue/(expense) related to the events								
of September 11, 2001		_		_		_		_
Net revenue/(expense) related to the events								
of Superstorm Sandy		18,323		_		123		53,530
Depreciation of facilities		(1,231,139)		(1,173,747)		(1,124,383)		(932,149)
Amortization of costs for regional programs		(44,164)		(64,765)		(64,665)		(64,484)
Income from operations		830,491		915,765		737,005		615,455
nicome from operations		030,491		913,703		757,005		013,433
Income on investments (including fair value adjustment) ^(b)		35,326		(3,974)		4,215		20,060
Interest expense on bonds and other asset financing ^(b)		(908,343)		(900,914)		(882,840)		(648,204)
Net gain/(loss) on disposition of assets		(>00,010)		(>00,>1.)		(002,0.0)		19,043
Pass-through grant program payments		(19,717)		(10,695)		(51,429)		(107,606)
4 WTC associated payments		65,293		41,521		36,766		6,128
Grants in connection with operating activities		39,845		64,315		101,074		207,898
Contributions in aid of construction		187,473		674,950		586,295		700,267
Passenger facility charges		275,785		264,363		248,707		233,172
1 WTC LLC/WTC Retail LLC insurance proceeds				201,505		2.0,707		200,172
Increase in net position December 31,	\$	506,153	\$	1,045,331	\$	779,793	\$	1,046,213
increase in not position becomes: 31,	Ψ	200,122	Ψ	1,010,001	Ψ	777,773	Ψ	1,010,213
Net position is comprised of	_	10.1=0.40=		10.545	•	11.010.772	•	10.402.00
Net investment in capital assets	\$	13,179,105	\$	12,746,144	\$	11,810,573	\$	10,402,894
		7/0 013		567,443		456,429		470,857
Restricted Unrestricted		760,912 3,141,030		3,261,307		3,262,561		3,900,789

⁽a) Commencing in 2014, Rentals include the recognition of unearned income related to the March 2014 transfer of the Port Authority's interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture.

⁽b) For presentation purposes, amortization of bond premiums received at issuance for the years ended 2008 through 2016 have been reclassified from Income on investments to Interest expense on bonds and other asset financing.

⁽c) 2012 Net position includes the cumulative impact of adopting GASB Statement No. 65 "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities" of approximately \$160 million and the reclassification of certain accounts payable from unrestricted Net position to Net investment in capital assets.

									=		2000
\$	1,462,957	\$	1,337,372	\$	1,148,061	\$	1,069,785	\$	1,068,105	\$	1,054,801
	1,228,491		1,208,730		1,150,569		1,144,709		1,115,652		1,079,634
	934,459		904,666		895,356		872,774		839,327		816,628
	315,111		338,178		339,131		321,257		316,005		328,220
	139,835		152,945		154,810		154,041		140,817		169,576
	103,186		108,125		112,553		71,457		72,337		78,693
	4,184,039		4,050,016		3,800,480		3,634,023		3,552,243		3,527,552
	1,114,397		1,038,243		1,037,681		1,022,195		974,154		941,289
	684,411		749,106		726,883		630,438		683,418		670,489
	301,582		304,020		280,237		272,002		276,830		274,916
	220,859		215,937		219,183		418,639		263,682		314,722
	171,833		174,016		188,432		183,826		168,249		183,583
	103,186		108,125		112,553		71,457		72,337		78,693
	2,596,268		2,589,447		2,564,969		2,598,557		2,438,670		2,463,692
	-		-		-		53,051		202,978		457,918
	28,229		(30,000)		- (0.52.525)		-		-		-
	(875,979)		(884,239)		(852,727)		(789,011)		(712,331)		(644,620)
	(64,275)		(77,719)		(77,537)		(76,504)		(74,617)		(70,840)
	675,746		468,611		305,247		223,002		529,603		806,318
	(2,714)		29,161		(53,227)		(762)		141,779		(9,627)
	(612,031)		(647,813)		(552,781)		(496,410)		(497,110)		(483,812)
	4,423		(4)		-		-		27,125		7
	(176,848)		(56,446)		(11,507)		(2,166)		(1,120)		(3,130)
	36,660		65,293		8,343		-		-		-
	188,409		52,161		23,727		11,708		10,613		9,811
	689,898		997,441		767,010		358,268		382,978		313,078
	224,301		222,614		214,456		210,387		201,737		211,667
	-		3,525		-		42,814		50,813		49,771
\$	1,027,844	\$	1,134,543	\$	701,268	\$	346,841	\$	846,418	\$	894,083
¢	0 442 120	ď	0 272 212	¢	10,020,306	¢	0.200.077	¢	9.415.002	¢	7 526 116
\$	9,442,138	\$	9,273,213	\$	294,460	\$	9,200,077	\$	8,415,993 211,725	\$	7,526,446
	454,467 3,831,722		392,389				222,871				409,800
\$	13,728,327	\$	3,034,881 12,700,483	\$	1,411,125 11,725,891	\$	1,601,675 11,024,623	\$	2,050,064 10,677,782	\$	1,895,118 9,831,364
φ	13,140,341	Ф	14,700,403	φ	11,745,071	Ф	11,024,023	φ	10,077,702	φ	2,031,304

		2017	2016	2015	2014
				(In thou	
Gross Operating Revenues*	\$	5,211,129 \$	5.158.795 \$	4,818,831	§ 4,475,193
Operating expenses	Ψ	(3,132,918)	(3,013,087)	(2,900,652)	(2,923,254)
Net revenue/(expense) related to the events of September 11, 2001		(5,152,515)	(3,013,007)	(2,700,032)	(2,723,231)
Operating and maintenance contingencies		-	_	(50,000)	_
Net revenue/(expense) related to Superstorm Sandy		18,323	_	123	53,530
Amounts in connection with operating asset obligations		(16,050)	(18,871)	(21,387)	(23,734)
Net operating revenues		2,080,484	2,126,837	1,846,915	1,581,735
Financial income		33,574	(4,784)	4,080	14,687
Grants and contributions in aid of construction, net		193,381	347,390	321,980	565,444
Application of WTC Retail Joint Venture Payments*		-	77,869	66,963	652,104
Application of Passenger Facility Charges		285,335	229,921	273,721	221,156
Application of 4 WTC associated payments		65,293	41,520	36,766	6,128
Application of 1WTC LLC/WTC LLC Retail insurance proceeds		-	-	-	-
Restricted Net Revenues - PAICE		-	-	-	-
Net revenues available for debt service and reserves (a)		2,658,067	2,818,753	2,550,425	3,041,254
DEBT SERVICE - OPERATIONS		(0.50.00.0)	(02.4.70.7)	(010.22.0)	
Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations (b)		(858,694)	(824,586)	(810,356)	(635,262)
Times, interest earned (a/b)		3.10	3.42	3.15	4.79
Debt maturities and retirements (c)		(300,905)	(268,520)	(259,315)	(226,205)
Times, debt service earned [a/(b+c)]		2.29	2.58	2.38	3.53
APPLICATION OF RESERVES		(4 < 22 2 4 5)	(1.122.015)	(1.0.40.505)	(1.450.400)
Direct investment in facilities		(1,623,347)	(1,132,915)	(1,949,785)	(1,473,432)
Debt retirement acceleration		-	-	-	-
Change in appropriations for self-insurance		((0.550)	(01 (01)	- (66.461)	28,100
Interest on bonds and other asset financing obligations		(69,570)	(81,601)	(66,461)	(11,542)
Repayment of asset financing obligations Acceleration of unamortized brokerage commissions		(1,276)	6,669	(51,928)	(105,562)
Net increase/(decrease) in reserves		(195,725)	517,800	(587,420)	617,351
RESERVE BALANCES					
January 1		4,357,647	3,839,847	4,427,267	3,809,916
December 31		4,161,922	4,357,647	3,839,847	4,427,267
B. () 1 1		,			
Reserve funds balances represented by: General Reserve		2,297,475	2,297,475	2,297,475	2,131,711
Consolidated Bond Reserve		1,864,447	2,060,172	1,542,372	2,295,556
Total	\$	4,161,922 \$	4,357,647 \$	3,839,847 \$	4,427,267
FINANCING OBLIGATIONS AT DECEMBER 31 (at par value)					
Consolidated Bonds and Notes	\$	20,672,365 \$	20,429,565 \$	21,019,925	19.229.020
Fund for regional development buy-out obligation	Ψ	184,230	221,393	253,732	283,562
MOTBY obligation		53,237	55,332	44,383	48,254
Amounts payable - Special Project Bonds		1,327,680	1,391,170	1,451,170	1,530,510
Variable rate master notes		77,900	77,900	77,900	77,900
Commercial paper obligations		464,615	388,315	425,760	448,185
Versatile structure obligations		-	-	-	-
Port Authority equipment notes		-	-	-	31,500
Tower 4 Liberty Bonds		1,225,520	1,225,520	1,225,520	1,225,520
Goethals Bridge Replacement Developer Financing Arrangement		934,198	744,401	430,800	210,316
Total financing obligations	\$	24,939,745 \$	24,533,596 \$	24,929,190	\$ 23,084,767

^{*}Commencing in 2014, Gross operating revenues exclude the recognition of unearned income related to the March 2014 transfer of the Port Authority interests in the WTC Retail Joint Venture. Amounts related to this transfer are recognized in their entirety in the year in which they are received.

Note: This selected financial data is prepared primarily from information contained in Schedules A, B and C and is presented for general information only and is not intended to reflect the specific applications of the revenues and reserves of the Port Authority, which are governed by statutes and its bond resolutions.

	2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008
\$	4,184,039	\$	4,050,016	\$	3,800,480	\$	3,634,023	\$	3,552,243	\$	3,527,552
Ψ	(2,596,268)	Ψ	(2,589,447)	Ψ	(2,564,969)	Ψ	(2,598,557)	Ψ	(2,438,670)	Ψ	(2,463,692)
	(2,570,200)		(2,30),117)		(2,301,707)		53,051		202,978		457,918
	_		_		_		-		202,770		-
	28,229		(30,000)		-		-		-		_
	(25,908)		(27,956)		(29,580)		(46,561)		(55,058)		(41,301)
	1,590,092		1,402,613		1,205,931		1,041,956		1,261,493		1,480,477
	(2,964)		29,121		(53,270)		(900)		141,136		(19,537)
	540,746		565,976		499,516		367,810		392,471		319,759
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	175,421		110,015		215,645		207,122		205,164		215,407
	36,660		65,293		8,343		-		-		-
	-		17,962		57,340		61,468		266,676		411,278
	4,305		2,710		644		(102)		3,177		(4,311)
	2,344,260		2,193,690		1,934,149		1,677,354		2,270,117		2,403,073
	(556,824)		(539,436)		(480,623)		(436,622)		(427,384)		(409,175)
	4.21		4.07		4.02		3.84		5.31		5.87
	(204,000)		(169,770)		(140,390)		(178,095)		(147,370)		(152,275)
	3.08		3.09		3.11		2.73		3.95		4.28
	(1,059,756)		(691,079)		(742,001)		(1,375,008)		(1,522,096)		(1,514,369)
	-		(54,635)		(6,100)		-		-		-
	10,414		37,547		1,949		(3,971)		6,463		2,123
	(38,689)		(87,764)		(37,702)		(7,580)		(8,938)		(28,797)
	(15,701)		(16,514)		(20,258)		(30,062)		(13,525)		(80,775)
	(46,863)		-		-		-		-		-
	432,841		672,039		509,024		(353,984)		157,267		219,805
	3,377,075		2,705,036		2,196,012		2,549,996		2,392,729		2,172,924
	3,809,916		3,377,075	\$	2,705,036	\$	2,196,012	\$	2,549,996	\$	2,392,729
	2,029,051		2,026,605		1,783,370		1,584,955		1,412,221		1,270,215
	1,780,865		1,350,470		921,666		611,057		1,137,775		1,122,514
\$	3,809,916	\$	3,377,075	\$	2,705,036	\$	2,196,012	\$	2,549,996	\$	2,392,729
\$	18,212,063	\$	18,076,497	\$	15,550,039	\$	13,340,378	\$	12,284,449	\$	10,794,831
	311,077		336,453		359,859		373,707		386,480		398,262
	52,329		78,060		105,141		138,396		-		, -
	1,605,515		1,675,825		1,741,440		1,803,145		1,064,380		1,118,105
	77,900		77,900		77,900		77,900		90,990		90,990
	348,110		384,625		396,155		354,280		321,010		186,040
	-		-		-		175,200		250,900		399,700
	46,925		49,565		68,160		98,645		110,485		112,485
	1,225,520		1,225,520		1,225,520		-		-		-
\$	21,879,439	\$	21,904,445	\$	19,524,214	\$	16,361,651	\$	14,508,694	\$	13,100,413
	,,	_	, , , ,	_	, , ,	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	,,		

Schedule D-3 Selected Statistical Financial Data by Business Segment (pursuant to GAAP)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
			(In thousands)	
Gross Operating Revenues:				
Tunnels, Bridges and Terminals	\$ 1,739,552	\$ 1,742,028	\$ 1,599,575	\$ 1,447,896
PATH	202,880	191,261	184,560	168,668
Port Department	295,651	300,569	270,263	248,443
Aviation	2,682,523	2,646,213	2,537,233	2,479,106
Development	24,967	25,956	26,561	51,077
World Trade Center	274,029	260,655	207,634	85,942
Other (a)	787	682	756	680
Total	\$ 5,220,389	\$ 5,167,364	\$ 4,826,582	\$ 4,481,812
A)				
Operating Expenses: (b)	Ф. 525.072	ф. 500 530	Ф. 400.073	Φ 510.202
Tunnels, Bridges and Terminals	\$ 525,862	\$ 509,529	\$ 499,873	\$ 510,383
PATH	423,384	415,251	389,276	401,273
Port Department	160,495	167,724	175,976	172,545
Aviation	1,693,563	1,612,470	1,557,926	1,623,190
Development	12,399	10,853	13,659	15,737
World Trade Center	312,242	293,864	258,748	192,789
Other (c)	4,973	3,396	5,194	7,337
Total	\$ 3,132,918	\$ 3,013,087	\$ 2,900,652	\$ 2,923,254
Capital Investment: (d)				
Tunnels, Bridges and Terminals	\$ 885,311	\$ 1,179,307	\$ 956,231	\$ 961,854
PATH (including WTC Transportation Hub)	274,429	454,031	268,428	512,415
Port Department	106,455	133,874	93,729	210,496
Aviation	772,520	584,996	791,805	715,456
Development	893	1,569	2,110	1,977
World Trade Center	311,122	846,597	904,787	1,674,030
Other (e)	150,409	290	3,144	3,822
Total	\$ 2,501,139	\$ 3,200,664	\$ 3,020,234	\$ 4,080,050

⁽a) Includes Ferry Transportation, Access to the Regions Core, and Regional Facilities and Programs.

⁽b) Amounts include all direct and allocated operating expenses.

^(c) Includes Ferry Transportation, Access to the Regions Core, Regional Facilities and Programs, and administrative expenses related to PAICE.

⁽d) Capital investment includes contributed capital amounts and write-offs related to capital construction.

^(e) Includes Ferry Transportation, Access to the Regions Core, Regional Facilities and Programs, and Moynihan Station Transportation Program.

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$ 1,369,559	\$ 1,258,125	\$ 1,078,977	\$ 1,009,891	\$ 1,009,313	\$ 991,364
150,604	134,382	121,102	109,704	106,063	111,119
262,526	249,609	236,461	223,095	205,861	201,269
2,321,300	2,276,018	2,221,157	2,124,955	2,043,091	2,025,881
29,492	87,521	100,800	89,457	98,603	108,594
50,087	44,107	41,816	76,704	89,189	89,152
471	254	167	217	123	173
\$ 4,184,039	\$ 4,050,016	\$ 3,800,480	\$ 3,634,023	\$ 3,552,243	\$ 3,527,552
\$ 493,429	\$ 468,263	\$ 460,960	\$ 437,775	\$ 436,796	\$ 436,565
338,926	329,663	322,133	385,686	300,874	290,309
176,459	190,043	185,053	163,424	127,240	143,523
1,466,692	1,410,070	1,385,582	1,317,749	1,306,078	1,346,197
15,497	79,620	82,637	77,200	85,246	83,024
94,312	76,149	106,277	116,797	158,348	144,470
10,953	35,639	22,327	99,926	24,088	19,604
\$ 2,596,268	\$ 2,589,447	\$ 2,564,969	\$ 2,598,557	\$ 2,438,670	\$ 2,463,692
\$ 413,946	\$ 233,637	\$ 168,759	\$ 149,803	\$ 175,392	\$ 174,680
559,104	743,136	720,797	752,486	741,002	609,464
180,760	184,750	228,747	302,858	174,459	181,772
468,319	351,535	243,995	518,545	658,292	624,700
527	140	(26,556)	29,297	23,237	22,037
1,373,328	1,802,009	2,087,741	1,091,464	903,220	602,042
3,221	6,767	9,464	133,229	44,953	145,792
\$ 2,999,205	\$ 3,321,974	\$ 3,432,947	\$ 2,977,682	\$ 2,720,555	\$ 2,360,487

Schedule E - Information on Port Authority Operations

	Year ended December 31, 2017						2016	
	Gross		Depreciation	Income (Loss)	Interest,	Capital	Increase/	Increase/
	Operating	Operating	&	from	Grants & Other			(Decrease) in
	Revenues	Expenses ^(a)	Amortization	Operations (In thou	Expenses ^(b)	& PFCs	Net Position	Net Position
INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION NETWORK				(
George Washington Bridge & Bus Station	\$ 801,068						\$ 597,928	\$ 610,437
Holland Tunnel	191,498	80,129	17,474	93,895	9,035	993	85,853	92,513
Lincoln Tunnel	270,624	111,550	61,426	97,648	46,499	221	51,370	77,660
Bayonne Bridge	27,167	21,844	29,279	(23,956)	31,631	-	(55,587)	(32,234)
Goethals Bridge	220,749	25,650	23,399	171,700	9,136	-	162,564	152,221
Outerbridge Crossing	182,769	29,067	4,916	148,786	2,234	-	146,552	145,728
Port Authority Bus Terminal Subtotal - Tunnels, Bridges & Terminals	45,677 1,739,552	124,804 525,862	25,707 203,281	(104,834) 1,010,409	12,686 140,463	1,214	(117,520) 871,160	940,083
Jacoba Tamos, Briages & Terminas	1,733,002	020,002	203,201	1,010,109	110,103	1,211	0.1,100	7.10,000
PATH	197,640	393,627	124,428	(320,415)	209,010	37,480	(491,945)	(475,591)
WTC Transportation Hub	-	13,785	73,051	(86,836)	-	93,110	6,274	113,197
Journal Square Transportation Center	5,240	15,972	6,238	(16,970)	2,854	-	(19,824)	(25,704)
Subtotal - PATH	202,880	423,384	203,717	(424,221)	211,864	130,590	(505,495)	(388,098)
Ferry Transportation	240	546	5,289	(5,595)	4,004	-	(9,599)	(9,875)
Access to the Regions Core (ARC)	-	1,879	10,115	(11,994)	2,361	-	(14,355)	(14,745)
Moynihan Station Transportation Program	-	-	1,500	(1,500)	817	-	(2,317)	-
Total Interstate Transportation Network	1,942,672	951,671	423,902	567,099	359,509	131,804	339,394	527,365
AVIATION								
LaGuardia (c)	381,624	328,083	84,688	(31,147)	34,129	69,159	3,883	52,834
JFK International (c)	1,293,605	783,394	193,617	316,594	77,212	138,505	377,887	353,148
Newark Liberty International (c)								
Teterboro	947,871 49,479	524,651 32,520	149,853 14,683	273,367 2,276	57,536 6,845	88,385 105	304,216	320,917 (6,130)
							(4,464)	
New York Stewart International (c) Total Aviation	9,944 2,682,523	24,915 1,693,563	9,273 452,114	(24,244) 536,846	4,393 180,115	2,665 298,819	(25,972) 655,550	(22,962)
Total Aviation	2,062,323	1,093,303	432,114	330,840	100,113	290,019	055,550	097,007
PORT DEPARTMENT								
Port Newark	92,278	83,708	33,513	(24,943)	26,242	703	(50,482)	(67,324)
Elizabeth Marine Terminal	146,123	20,764	34,219	91,140	36,408	19	54,751	64,302
Brooklyn Port Authority Marine Terminal	6,088	11,994	1,922	(7,828)	2,313	94	(10,047)	(8,079)
Red Hook Terminal	1,879	5,565	62	(3,748)	-	-	(3,748)	(3,719)
Howland Hook Marine Terminal	15,593	9,373	16,611	(10,391)	13,424	270	(23,545)	(26,439)
Greenville Yard Port Authority Marine Terminal	896	9	-	887	-	-	887	902
NYNJ Rail LLC	4,767	6,631	498	(2,362)	617	17,123	14,144	14,922
Port Jersey - Port Authority Marine Terminal	28,027	22,451	7,313	(1,737)	7,480	111	(9,106)	(23,168)
Total Port Department	295,651	160,495	94,138	41,018	86,484	18,320	(27,146)	(48,603)
DEVELOPMENT								
Essex County Resource Recovery	35	247	2	(214)	280	-	(494)	(471)
Industrial Park at Elizabeth	1,214	10	275	929	246	-	683	599
Bathgate Industrial Park	3,883	1,693	1,337	853	114	-	739	297
Teleport	10,300	9,891	2,116	(1,707)	(1,746)	-	39	(152)
Newark Legal & Communications Center	3	46	-	(43)	-	-	(43)	-
Queens West Waterfront Development	1,368	-	605	763	1,356	-	(593)	(966)
Hoboken South Waterfront Development	8,164	512	2,569	5,083	2,399	-	2,684	3,535
Total Development	24,967	12,399	6,904	5,664	2,649	-	3,015	2,842
WORLD TRADE CENTER								
WTC Site	3,125	138,977	81,757	(217,609)	(986)	-	(216,623)	(180,427)
One World Trade Center	184,295	118,299	91,925	(25,929)	138,361	96	(164,194)	(173,822)
WTC Towers 2, 3 & 4	42,829	27,147	41,974	(26,292)	-	14,219	(12,073)	363,839
WTC Tower 7	21,490	19,394	-	2,096	-	-	2,096	2,508
WTC Retail LLC	22,290	8,425	38,425	(24,560)	1,410	14 215	(25,970)	(51,318)
Total World Trade Center	274,029	312,242	254,081	(292,294)	138,785	14,315	(416,764)	(39,220)
Port Authority Insurance Captive Entity, LLC		504	-	(504)	(4,327)	-	3,823	744
Regional Facilities and Programs	547	2,044	44,164	(45,661)	24,381	-	(70,042)	(95,604)
Net Revenues related to Superstorm Sandy	-	-	-	18,323	-	-	18,323	
Total Port Authority								

⁽a) Amounts include all direct and allocated operating expenses.
(b) Amounts include net interest expense (interest expense less financial income), Tower 4 Liberty Bond debt service reimbursements, Pass-through grant program payments, Grants in connection with operating activities and gains or losses generated by the disposition of assets, if any.
(c) Facility amounts include Passenger Facility Charge activities.

Schedule F - Information on Capital Investment in Port Authority Facilities

	Facilitie	es, net	Capital					Fa	cilities, net
	Dec. 31		vestment (a)	De	preciation	Dispo	sitions	D	ec. 31, 2017
	200,01	, 2020			thousands)	2 lope	51010115		
INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION NETWORK									
George Washington Bridge & Bus Station	\$ 99	93,480	\$ 124,782	\$	41,080	\$	-	\$	1,077,182
Holland Tunnel	40	06,973	44,554		17,474		-		434,053
Lincoln Tunnel	1,25	55,679	208,530		61,426		-		1,402,783
Bayonne Bridge	1,10	68,505	207,099		29,279		_		1,346,325
Goethals Bridge		66,196	268,717		23,399		_		1,411,514
Outerbridge Crossing		88,575	2,745		4,916		_		86,404
Port Authority Bus Terminal		91,034	28,884		25,707		_		494,211
Subtotal - Tunnels, Bridges & Terminals		70,442	885,311		203,281		-		6,252,472
PATH	2.49	92,053	220,773		124,428		_		2,588,398
WTC Transportation HUB		35,074	53,382		73,051		_		3,515,405
Journal Square Transportation Center		74,824	274		6,238		_		68,860
Subtotal - PATH		01,951	274,429		203,717		-		6,172,663
Ferry Transportation	1/	01,730	294		5,289				96,735
Access to the Region's Core (ARC)		68,158	2)4		10,115		_		58,043
Moynihan Station Transportation Program	,	06,136	150,000				-		
Total Interstate Transportation Network	11.0	42,281	150,000 1,310,034		1,500 423,902				148,500 12,728,413
Total interstate Transportation Network	11,02	+2,201	1,510,054		423,902		-		12,720,413
AVIATION (b)									
LaGuardia		41,091	443,801		84,687		-		2,100,205
JFK International	3,63	37,109	165,717		193,617		-		3,609,209
Newark Liberty International	2,34	45,304	155,234		149,854		-		2,350,684
Teterboro	22	27,647	4,007		14,683		-		216,971
New York Stewart International	10	63,457	3,761		9,273		-		157,945
Total Aviation	8,1	14,608	772,520		452,114		-		8,435,014
PORT DEPARTMENT									
Port Newark	82	23,252	29,076		33,513		-		818,815
Elizabeth Port Authority Marine Terminal	1,02	24,793	1,536		34,219		-		992,110
Brooklyn Port Authority Marine Terminal / Red Hook Terminal	(62,203	2,518		1,984		-		62,737
Howland Hook Marine Terminal	49	90,119	1,530		16,611		_		475,038
Greenville Yard / NYNJ Rail LLC	(61,798	41,330		498		-		102,630
Port Jersey-Port Authority Marine Terminal	39	92,888	30,465		7,313		-		416,040
Total Port Department	2,85	55,053	106,455		94,138		-		2,867,370
DEVELOPMENT									
Essex County Resource Recovery Facility		5,808	-		2		_		5,806
Industrial Park at Elizabeth		5,816	-		275		-		5,541
Bathgate Industrial Park		2,900	-		1,337		-		1,563
Teleport		11,142	893		2,116		-		9,919
Queens West Waterfront Development	8	85,406	-		605		-		84,801
Hoboken South Waterfront Development	(66,244	-		2,569		-		63,675
Total Development	17	77,316	893		6,904		-		171,305
WORLD TRADE CENTER									
WTC Site ^(c)	3,75	51,219	146,572		81,757		-		3,816,034
One World Trade Center	3,38	86,611	69,675		91,925		_		3,364,361
WTC Towers 2, 3 & 4 ^(d)		08,836	11,905		41,974		-		2,878,767
WTC Retail LLC	1,65	57,767	82,970		38,425		-		1,702,312
Total World Trade Center		04,433	311,122		254,081		_		11,761,474
FACILITIES, net	\$ 34,69	93,691	\$ 2,501,024	\$	1,231,139	\$	-	\$	35,963,576
		16,109	\$ 115	\$	44,164	\$		\$	172,060

^(a) Capital investment includes contributed capital amounts and write-offs related to capital construction.

⁽b) Facility capital investment amounts include projects funded with Passenger Facility Charges.

⁽c) Capital investment includes site infrastructure primarily related to the WTC Memorial, WTC Vehicular Security Center and the WTC Chiller Plant.

 $^{^{(}d)}$ Includes WTC net lessee contributed capital amounts related to the construction of WTC Tower 2, 3 and 4.

Schedule G - Port Authority Facility Traffic (Unaudited)*

		2017	2016	2015	2014
	AUTOMOBILES				
	George Washington Bridge	47,594,000	47,497,000	46,361,000	45,136,000
	Lincoln Tunnel	15,841,000	15,993,000	15,706,000	15,597,000
	Holland Tunnel	14,247,000	14,727,000	14,763,000	14,915,000
	Staten Island Bridges	31,430,000	30,303,000	28,883,000	28,317,000
	Subtotal Automobiles BUSES	109,112,000	108,520,000	105,713,000	103,965,000
	George Washington Bridge	442,000	440,000	429,000	426,000
S	Lincoln Tunnel	2,161,000	2,164,000	2,165,000	2,151,000
GE	Holland Tunnel	179,000	191,000	199,000	209,000
ZE SE	Staten Island Bridges	180,000	177,000	176,000	172,000
TUNNELS AND BRIDGES (Eastbound Traffic)	Subtotal Buses	2,962,000	2,972,000	2,969,000	2,958,000
AN M	TRUCKS	2 504 000	2 502 000	2.555.000	2 475 000
ILS stbo	George Washington Bridge Lincoln Tunnel	3,684,000 1,037,000	3,692,000 1,055,000	3,666,000 1,061,000	3,475,000 1,043,000
Ea (Ea	Holland Tunnel	446,000	447,000	447,000	446,000
É	Staten Island Bridges	2,153,000	2,085,000	2,091,000	2,131,000
	Subtotal Trucks	7,320,000	7,279,000	7,265,000	7,095,000
	TOTAL VEHICLES				
	George Washington Bridge	51,720,000	51,629,000	50,456,000	49,037,000
	Lincoln Tunnel	19,039,000	19,212,000	18,932,000	18,791,000
	Holland Tunnel	14,872,000	15,365,000	15,409,000	15,570,000
	Staten Island Bridges	33,763,000	32,565,000	31,150,000	30,620,000
	Subtotal Vehicles	119,394,000	118,771,000	115,947,000	114,018,000
H	T ()	82,812,915	78,553,560	76,541,453	73,679,425
PATH	Total passengers Passenger weekday average	283,719	269,081	258,425	250,071
	rassenger weekday average	263,717	207,001	230,423	230,071
S	General cargo (a) (Metric tons)	35,450,000	32,556,203	36,781,069	35,370,355
Æ	Containers (in twenty foot equivalent units)	6,710,817	6,251,953	6,371,720	5,772,303
€	International waterborne vehicles	577,223	505,150	477,170	393,391
ER	Waterborne bulk commodities (in metric tons)	3,975,000	3,212,603	5,050,519	5,042,690
ET	CONTAINERS	2.500.514	2.416.144	2 427 22 5	2,000,040
MARINE TERMINALS	New Jersey Marine Terminals New York Marine Terminals	3,599,514 246,910	3,416,144 186,364	3,427,226 236,787	3,098,049 244,237
	Subtotal Containers	3,846,424	3,602,508	3,664,013	3,342,286
		2,0 .0, .2 .	-,,	-,,	
	PASSENGERS	75 400 000	77 000 000	74.500.000	55,000,000
S	Port Authority Bus Terminal	76,400,000	75,800,000	74,500,000	66,000,000
ALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station	5,000,000	5,000,000	4,900,000	4,700,000
AINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station	5,000,000 11,972,500	5,000,000 11,966,000	4,900,000 11,940,000	4,700,000 11,751,500
ERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers	5,000,000	5,000,000	4,900,000	4,700,000
S TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station	5,000,000 11,972,500	5,000,000 11,966,000	4,900,000 11,940,000	4,700,000 11,751,500
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Remark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627
BUS TERMINALS	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Pomestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261
AVIATION BUS TERMINAL.S	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229 12,873,574	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006 12,324,428	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 2,350,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745 11,805,317	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893 11,848,060
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229 12,873,574 47,404,664	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006 12,324,428 45,807,618	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 91,340,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745 11,805,317 43,637,960	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893 11,848,060 41,861,947
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Remark Liberty International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229 12,873,574 47,404,664 59,344,060 29,502,219	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006 12,324,428 45,807,618 58,938,647 29,786,769	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 91,340,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745 11,805,317 43,637,960 56,886,752 28,437,668	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893 11,848,060 41,861,947 53,220,426 26,972,095
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal International Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport LaGuardia Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229 12,873,574 47,404,664 59,344,060 29,502,219 43,386,857	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006 12,324,428 45,807,618 58,938,647 29,786,769 40,319,781	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 91,340,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745 11,805,317 43,637,960 56,886,752 28,437,668 37,498,445	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893 11,848,060 41,861,947 53,220,426 26,972,095 35,610,687
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Passengers	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229 12,873,574 47,404,664 59,344,060 29,502,219	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006 12,324,428 45,807,618 58,938,647 29,786,769	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 91,340,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745 11,805,317 43,637,960 56,886,752 28,437,668	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893 11,848,060 41,861,947 53,220,426 26,972,095
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229 12,873,574 47,404,664 59,344,060 29,502,219 43,386,857 132,233,136	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006 12,324,428 45,807,618 58,938,647 29,786,769 40,319,781 129,045,197	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 91,340,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745 11,805,317 43,637,960 56,886,752 28,437,668 37,498,445 122,822,865	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893 11,848,060 41,861,947 53,220,426 26,972,095 35,610,687 115,803,208
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal Passengers CARGO-TONS John F. Kennedy International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229 12,873,574 47,404,664 59,344,060 29,502,219 43,386,857 132,233,136	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006 12,324,428 45,807,618 58,938,647 29,786,769 40,319,781 129,045,197	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 91,340,000 340,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745 11,805,317 43,637,960 56,886,752 28,437,668 37,498,445 122,822,865	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893 11,848,060 41,861,947 53,220,426 26,972,095 35,610,687 115,803,208
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229 12,873,574 47,404,664 59,344,060 29,502,219 43,386,857 132,233,136	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006 12,324,428 45,807,618 58,938,647 29,786,769 40,319,781 129,045,197	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 91,340,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745 11,805,317 43,637,960 56,886,752 28,437,668 37,498,445 122,822,865	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893 11,848,060 41,861,947 53,220,426 26,972,095 35,610,687 115,803,208
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229 12,873,574 47,404,664 59,344,060 29,502,219 43,386,857 132,233,136 1,254,513 6,240	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006 12,324,428 45,807,618 58,938,647 29,786,769 40,319,781 129,045,197	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 91,340,000 340,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745 11,805,317 43,637,960 56,886,752 28,437,668 37,498,445 122,822,865 1,332,091 7,721	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893 11,848,060 41,861,947 53,220,426 26,972,095 35,610,687 115,803,208
	Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Passengers BUS MOVEMENTS Port Authority Bus Terminal George Washington Bridge Bus Station PATH Journal Square Transportation Center Bus Station Subtotal Bus Movements PLANE MOVEMENTS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Plane Movements DOMESTIC PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Domestic Passengers INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport Subtotal International Passengers TOTAL PASSENGERS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport Subtotal Passengers CARGO-TONS John F. Kennedy International Airport LaGuardia Airport Newark Liberty International Airport	5,000,000 11,972,500 93,372,500 2,400,000 343,000 957,800 3,700,800 446,349 379,911 443,220 1,269,480 26,920,199 27,394,990 30,513,283 84,828,472 32,423,861 2,107,229 12,873,574 47,404,664 59,344,060 29,502,219 43,386,857 132,233,136 1,254,513 6,240 749,540	5,000,000 11,966,000 92,766,000 92,766,000 2,380,000 345,000 957,280 3,682,280 448,753 369,987 431,594 1,250,334 27,245,463 27,996,763 27,996,763 27,995,353 83,237,579 31,693,184 1,790,006 12,324,428 45,807,618 58,938,647 29,786,769 40,319,781 129,045,197 1,311,191 7,586 746,770	4,900,000 11,940,000 91,340,000 91,340,000 340,000 957,120 3,647,120 439,298 358,609 413,873 1,211,780 26,806,854 26,684,923 25,693,128 79,184,905 30,079,898 1,752,745 11,805,317 43,637,960 56,886,752 28,437,668 37,498,445 122,822,865 1,332,091 7,721 405,214	4,700,000 11,751,500 82,451,500 82,451,500 2,320,000 337,000 940,120 3,597,120 423,421 360,834 396,386 1,180,641 25,021,432 25,157,202 23,762,627 73,941,261 28,198,994 1,814,893 11,848,060 41,861,947 53,220,426 26,972,095 35,610,687 115,803,208

 $^{*\} Certain\ 2017\ and\ 2016\ numbers\ reflect\ estimated\ data\ based\ on\ available\ year-end\ information\ and\ are\ subject\ to\ revision.$

⁽a) International oceanborne general and bulk cargo as recorded in the New York - New Jersey Customs District.

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
45.264.000	45.042.000	46.116.000	46.054.000	47.606.000	40 112 000
45,364,000	45,042,000	46,116,000	46,954,000	47,686,000	48,112,000
15,580,000	15,909,000	16,644,000	17,034,000	16,879,000	17,402,000
15,511,000	15,489,000	15,968,000	16,460,000	16,269,000	16,521,000
28,997,000	29,455,000	29,700,000	30,034,000	29,921,000	30,141,000
105,452,000	105,895,000	108,428,000	110,482,000	110,755,000	112,176,000
429,000	430,000	487,000	514,000	520,000	550,000
2,128,000	2,106,000	2,156,000	2,139,000	2,128,000	2,122,000
220,000	234,000	268,000	265,000	254,000	253,000
171,000	187,000	200,000	204,000	217,000	233,000
2,948,000	2,957,000	3,111,000	3,122,000	3,119,000	3,158,000
3,609,000	3,639,000	3,794,000	3,763,000	3,920,000	4,285,000
1,038,000	1,000,000	1,029,000	1,041,000	1,241,000	1,413,000
427,000	395,000	354,000	312,000	86,000	97,000
2,214,000 7,288,000	2,367,000 7,401,000	2,434,000 7,611,000	2,486,000 7,602,000	2,379,000 7,626,000	2,596,000 8,391,000
7,288,000	7,401,000	7,011,000	7,002,000	7,020,000	8,391,000
49,402,000	49,111,000	50,397,000	51,231,000	52,126,000	52,947,000
18,746,000	19,015,000	19,829,000	20,214,000	20,248,000	20,937,000
16,158,000	16,118,000	16,590,000	17,037,000	16,609,000	16,871,000
31,382,000	32,009,000	32,334,000	32,724,000	32,517,000	32,970,000
115,688,000	116,253,000	119,150,000	121,206,000	121,500,000	123,725,000
70 749 720	72.562.052	76 555 644	72.011.000	72,277,000	74.056.000
72,748,729 244,484	72,563,052 241,725	76,555,644 256,186	73,911,000 246,890	243,413	74,956,000 253,000
277,707	241,723	250,100	240,070	243,413	255,000
34,059,540	34,322,209	33,896,217	32,170,041	28,240,770	33,633,613
5,467,347	5,529,908	5,503,485	5,292,020	4,561,527	5,265,053
452,778	426,943	387,656	493,245	440,463	723,550
3,732,292	3,240,189	3,885,614	3,192,132	4,605,609	4,549,572
2,895,769	2,782,059	2,652,744	2,500,503	2,156,961	2,499,054
274,066	428,750	544,272	575,892	495,248	569,881
3,169,835	3,210,809	3,197,016	3,076,395	2,652,209	3,068,935
65,000,000	65,000,000	64,550,000	63,585,000	64,585,000	64,390,000
4,750,000	4,700,000	4,605,000	4,510,000	4,425,000	5,288,000
11,747,500	11,732,600	7,248,160	7,282,900	6,758,800	6,558,000
81,497,500	81,432,600	76,403,160	75,377,900	75,768,800	76,236,000
2,288,000	2,255,000	2,263,500	2,220,000	2,240,000	2,225,000
335,000	327,000	307,000	300,000	2,240,000	324,000
939,800 3,562,800	938,608 3,520,608	814,400 3,384,900	818,300 3,338,300	850,800 3,385,800	825,590 3,374,590
3,302,000	3,320,000	3,304,700	3,330,300	3,363,666	3,374,370
406,181	401,728	408,730	396,912	415,044	437,969
370,861	369,989	365,870	361,616	354,008	378,402
413,774	414,127	410,024	409,321	412,041	432,941
1,190,816	1,185,844	1,184,624	1,167,849	1,181,093	1,249,312
23,913,096	24,217,083	23,757,976	23,404,277	24,021,233	25,405,948
24,953,572	24,274,029	23,086,756	22,950,115	22,153,236	21,945,239
23,716,837	22,836,683	22,189,669	21,716,886	22,782,126	24,227,815
72,583,505	71,327,795	69,034,401	68,071,278	68,956,595	71,579,002
26,541,183	25,057,093	23,886,084	23,109,877	21,856,709	22,383,907
1,727,528	1,433,755	1,035,722	1,032,967	1,010,223	1,131,664
11,299,399	11,147,344	11,509,823	11,477,304	10,646,771	11,119,078
39,568,110	37,638,192	36,431,629	35,620,148	33,513,703	34,634,649
E0 454 070	40 274 176	47 644 060	16 51 4 15 4	45,877,942	47 700 055
50,454,279	49,274,176	47,644,060	46,514,154		47,789,855
26,681,100	25,707,784	24,122,478	23,983,082	23,163,459	23,076,903
35,016,236	33,984,027	33,699,492	33,194,190	33,428,897	35,346,893
112,151,615	108,965,987	105,466,030	103,691,426	102,470,298	106,213,651
1,321,035	1,319,226	1,382,949	1,392,866	1,156,040	1,473,809
6,720	7,009	7,390	7,516	6,712	8,889
663,155	742,898	812,341	860,970	761,920	860,717
1,990,910	2,069,133	2,202,680	2,261,352	1,924,672	2,343,415
158,778	174,242	184,696	185,681	204,511	237,087