MONTHLY ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Planning and Regional Development Department

	Actual		Annual Forecast	
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	FEB 2017	FEB 2016	2017	
U.S.	4.7%	4.9%	4.6%	
REGION	NA	NA	-	
NON-FARM EMPLOYMENT	FEB 2017	FEB '17/ FEB '16	2017	
U.S.	145.80M	1.6%	1.3%	
REGION	9.04M	1.3%	1.2%	
REAL GDP	2016Q4	2016Q3	2017	
U.S.	1.9%	3.5%	2.3%	
REGION	2.1%	2.5%	2.5%	
INTERNATIONAL TRADE	JAN 16	JAN '16/ JAN '15	2017	
U.S. (Imports + Exports)	\$128.9B	13.4%		
NY CUSTOMS DISTRICT	\$15.3B	8.8%		
NY Imports	\$11.9B	8.8%		
NY Exports	\$3.4B	8.9%		
GASOLINE PRICE	FEB 2017	FEB 2016	2017	
New York City	\$2.58/g	\$2.21/g		
Newark, NJ	\$2.29/g	\$1.85/g		
PRICES	FEB '17/ FEB '16	FEB '16/ FEB '15	2017	
Consumer Prices - U. S.	2.8%	1.0%	2.3%	
Consumer Prices - REGION	2.6%	0.6%	2.0%	
Personal Income - U. S.	4.4%	3.6%	3.2%	
Personal Income - REGION	4.8%	3.5%	3.1%	
Construction Costs - U.S. 20-CITY	1.0%	2.2%	-	
Construction Costs - NYC	13.2%	-0.2%	-	
PRICES	JAN '15/ JAN '16	JAN '15/ JAN '16	2017	
Housing Prices - U.S. 20-CITY	5.7%	5.6%	5.7%	
Housing Prices - NYC	3.2%	2.7%	3.1%	
CLASS A OFFICE SPACE AVERAGE ASKING RENT	2016Q4	2016Q3	2017	
Manhattan Totals	\$76.76/sf	\$79.47/sf	-	
Midtown	\$81.67/sf	\$85.10/sf	-	
Downtown	\$63.17/sf	\$62.18/sf		

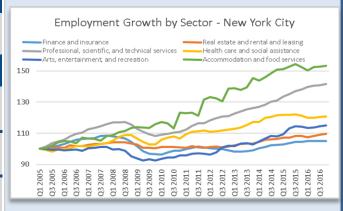
^{*} For Unemployment Rates, Employment and GDP, U.S. data are seasonally adjusted, regional data are not.

March 2017

SPECIAL **Focus**

NYC Tourism: An Economic Growth Engine under Pressure?

The Port District has seen significant growth in employment and output since the end of the Great Recession in 2009. Whereas prior to the financial crisis much of the growth occurred in industry sectors such as financial services or real estate, the post-recession economy has expanded as a result of sectors such as professional business services, healthcare, leisure and hospitality. Industry sectors associated with tourism in New York City in particular have seen tremendous expansion. The total number of visitors exceeded 60 million in 2016 according to NYC & Co. While New York is a center of interest for domestic tourists, it is international travelers that have fueled the growth. But with the election of Donald Trump in November 2016, there appears to be growing concern about the attractiveness of the United States, and New York City in particular, as a foreign tourist destination. In fact, after several years of record tourism growth, NYC & Co. now predicts for the first time that the total number of foreign tourists coming to New York City might actually fall below last year's level. The change represents an expected decline of 300,000 from 2016 not counting the lost positive growth predicted prior to the election.



The big question is how much the regional economy might be affected adversely by any declining volume of international visitors. A large share of tourism's contribution to the regional economy comes from tourist spending. In particular, estimates reported in the NY Times suggest that foreign visitors spend roughly four times more than their domestic counterparts, \$2,000 compared to \$500 per traveler per trip, respectively. And these effects are not limited to New York City alone. In fact, bookings by foreigners for travel to the United States overall appear to be down also lowering total spending. Specifically, foreign tourist expenditures may fall by 3% nationally, or roughly \$7.5 billion, in 2017 according to Tourism Economics. According to NYC & Company, applying the estimate of 300,000 lost international travelers to the Big Apple to the average expenditure estimate per capita results in a loss of tourism expenditures of roughly \$600 million in the city.

(next page)

^{*} Forecast developed by PA Planning staff using Oxford Economics' Macro Model.

MONTHLY ECONOMIC INDICATORS

THE PORT AUTHORITY OF NY & NJ

Planning and Regional Development Department

March 2017

YTD 60,725 10,958	Jan '17/'16 5.5% 8.1%	YTD '17/'16 5.5%
10,958		5.5%
10,958		5.5%
-,	0.40/	0.070
	8.1%	8.1%
43,408	10.3%	10.3%
YTD	Jan '17/'16	YTD '17/'16
9,103	5.7%	5.7%
3,951	6.2%	6.2%
1,480	4.2%	4.2%
1,172	2.4%	2.4%
137	6.2%	6.2%
1,203	7.4%	7.4%
1,160	7.4%	7.4%
8,303	5.7%	5.7%
569	4.8%	4.8%
230	5.0%	5.0%
Sep '16	Change	
101.0	-0.3%	
95.6	3.2%	
106.4	-3.5%	
Dec '16	Change	
123.5	0.2%	
123.2	0.0%	
124.1	0.6%	
	yTD 9,103 3,951 1,480 1,172 137 1,203 1,160 8,303 569 230 ep '16 101.0 95.6 106.4 ec '16 123.5 123.2	13,408 10.3% YTD 17/16 9,103 5.7% 3,951 6.2% 1,480 4.2% 1,172 2.4% 137 6.2% 1,203 7.4% 1,160 7.4% 8,303 5.7% 569 4.8% 230 5.0% ep 16 Change 101.0 -0.3% 95.6 3.2% 106.4 -3.5% ec 16 Change 123.5 0.2% 123.2 0.0%

TRANSPORTATION FOCUS

Tourism in New York City (Visitors in millions) 48 50 46.2 44.5 42.8 41.8 40 30 20 12.7 12 12.3 11.5 10.6 10.9 10 0 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 ■ Domestic ■ International Source: NYC & Company

(from page 1

In the Port District, international arrivals have seen tremendous growth in recent years and it is too early to predict if such growth is going to subside this year. PA aviation staff is still expecting total arrivals at all three airports to increase, with JFK airport carrying the lion's share of international trips. A decline in international tourism would certainly diminish economic activity and potentially reduce the amount of revenue generated via flight fees, concessions, and other variable revenue sources. But even more importantly, it would negatively impact one of the region's major industries behind its economic growth. The extent to which this occurs is still uncertain and we will follow regional trends closely in the coming months to assess any such negative impacts.

Port Authority of NY & NJ Planning & Regional Development Department 4 World Trade Center| 150 Greenwich St., 16th Floor New York, NY 10006 Alexander Heil, Ph.D., Chief Economist; aheil@panynj.gov Christopher Eshleman, Forecasting & Cost-Benefit Analysis Matthew W. Jacobs, Forecasting & Regional Economics Kevin Morris, Forecasting & Regional Economics Graciela Ramirez, Input-Output Modeling & Regional Economics Huaiing Shi, Ph.D., Transportation Statistics Ai Yamanaka, Leadership Fellow